FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Finance
Town of East Windsor, Connecticut

Report on the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of East Windsor, Connecticut, (the Town) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of East Windsor, Connecticut, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Town and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 14 and the information on pages 58 through 69 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Mahoney Sabol + Caypany, LLP

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 22, 2023, on our consideration of the Town's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Certified Public Accountants Glastonbury, Connecticut

December 22, 2023

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

The management of the Town of East Windsor, Connecticut, (the Town) offers readers of its financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Town's governmental activities exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$61,486,615 (net position). Of this amount, \$14,817,356 represents the Town's unrestricted net position.
- The Town's total net position increased by \$4,829,772 during the current fiscal year.
- The Town's total long-term debt decreased by \$325,147 or 5.3%.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$24,914,776, an increase of \$4,851,300 in comparison with the prior year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$10,858,186. Unassigned fund balance is sufficient to cover 2.9 months of and represents 24.5% of the Town's fiscal year 2024 General Fund budgetary expenditure appropriations.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the Town's assets, deferred outflows and inflows of resources and liabilities, with the residual of these elements reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the Town's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Government-wide Financial Statements (Continued)

Both of the government-wide financial statements display information about the Town's governmental activities which include general government, public safety, public works, community services and education. The Town does not have any business-type activities.

The government-wide financial statements include only the Town itself because there are no legally separate organizations for which the Town is financially accountable. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 15 and 16 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Town can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the Town's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the Town's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Town maintains several individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, the Capital and Nonrecurring Fund, the Capital Projects Fund, and the Town Grant Fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 17 through 20 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the Town government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to the Town's own programs.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 21 through 22 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 23 through 57 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also contains required supplementary information other than this management's discussion and analysis that can be found on pages 58 through 69 of this report. Individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 70 through 84 of this report and other supplementary information can be found on pages 85 and 86.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net Position

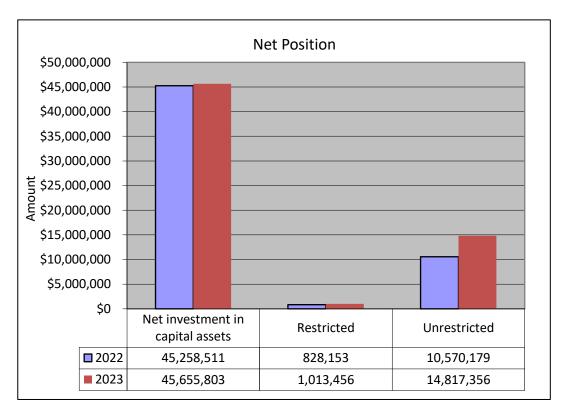
Over time, net position may serve as one measure of a government's financial position. Net position of the Town totaled \$61,486,615 and \$56,656,843 as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively, and are summarized as follows:

	2023	2022	\$ Variance	% Variance
Current and other assets	\$ 32,584,580	\$ 26,023,276	\$ 6,561,304	25.2%
Capital assets	51,034,374	50,969,223	65,151	0.1%
Total assets	83,618,954	76,992,499	6,626,455	8.6%
Deferred outflows of resources	3,170,166	3,880,229	(710,063)	-18.3%
Other liabilities	5,987,828	4,466,924	1,520,904	34.0%
Long-term liabilities	17,563,890	17,598,341	(34,451)	-0.2%
Total liabilities	23,551,718	22,065,265	1,486,453	6.7%
Deferred inflows of resources	1,750,787	2,150,620	(399,833)	-18.6%
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	45,655,803	45,258,511	397,292	0.9%
Restricted	1,013,456	828,153	185,303	22.4%
Unrestricted	14,817,356	10,570,179	4,247,177	40.2%
Total net position	\$ 61,486,615	\$ 56,656,843	\$ 4,829,772	8.5%

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Continued)

Net Position (Continued)



As of June 30, 2023, the majority of the Town's net position reflects its investment in capital assets, less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Approximately 1.65% of the Town's net position as of June 30, 2023 was subject to external restrictions on how they may be used and are therefore presented as restricted net position.

The remainder of the Town's net position is considered unrestricted.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Continued)

Changes in Net Position

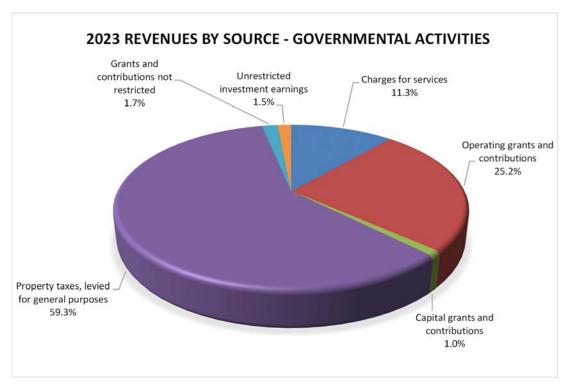
Changes in net position for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 are as follows. Amounts reported for the year ended June 30, 2022 include certain reclassifications to conform with the current year presentation.

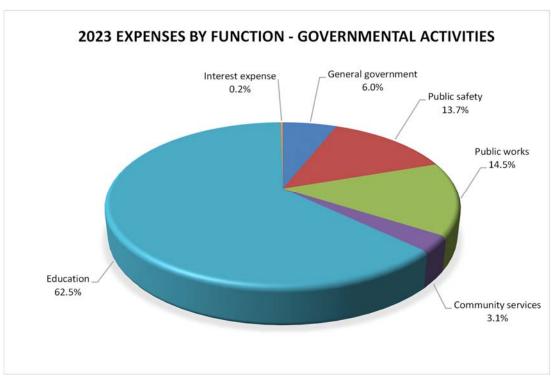
	2023	2022		\$ Variance	% Variance
Revenues	 _				
Program revenues:					
Charges for services	\$ 6,937,743	\$	4,363,241	\$ 2,574,502	59.0%
Operating grants and contributions	15,442,181		13,493,649	1,948,532	14.4%
Capital grants and contributions	590,728		-	590,728	-
General revenues:					
Property taxes, levied for general purposes	36,232,860		35,779,382	453,478	1.3%
Grants and contributions not					
restricted to specific programs	1,051,639		589,327	462,312	78.4%
Unrestricted investment earnings	 903,661		40,601	863,060	2125.7%
Total revenues	 61,158,812		54,266,200	6,892,612	12.7%
Expenses					
General government	3,361,298		3,851,142	(489,844)	-12.7%
Public safety	7,715,749		6,724,406	991,343	14.7%
Public works	8,154,498		7,794,916	359,582	4.6%
Community services	1,723,122		2,039,239	(316,117)	-15.5%
Education	35,259,114		31,680,135	3,578,979	11.3%
Interest expense	 115,259		165,635	(50,376)	-30.4%
Total expenses	56,329,040		52,255,473	4,073,567	7.8%
Change in net position	\$ 4,829,772	\$	2,010,727	\$ 2,819,045	140.2%

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Continued)

Changes in Net Position (Continued)





MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Continued)

Governmental Activities

The Town's net position increased by \$4,829,772. Total revenues increased by \$6,892,612 or 12.7% over the prior year. Total expenses increased by \$4,073,567 or 7.8% over the prior year. Significant variances over prior year consisted of the following:

- An increase in charges for services of \$2,574,502 or 59.0% over the prior year. This increase includes a \$2,004,306 increase in revenues recorded by the Building Department related to a solar project.
- An increase in operating grants of \$1,948,532 or 14.4% over the prior year. This increase includes an increase of \$2,486,401 in on-behalf pension and other post-employment benefit contributions related to the Town's participation in the Connecticut Teachers' Retirement System. Although the Town is not liable for pension and other post-employment benefits provided by the Connecticut Teachers' Retirement System, the Town recognizes both revenues and expenses for the full pension and other post-employment benefit expenses that have been attributed to employees of the Town's School District.
- An increase in investment earnings of \$863,060 driven by the historic increases in market interest rates.
- An increase in public safety expense of \$991,343 or 14.7% primarily due to an increase the amount of pension expense recognized for personnel of the police department.
- An increase in education expenses of \$3,578,979 or 11.3% primarily due to an increase of \$2,486,401 in onbehalf pension and other post-employment benefit expenses related to the Town's participation in the Connecticut Teachers' Retirement System. In addition, education expenses increased as a result of contractual and other operating cost increases.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWN'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the Town's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the Town's net resources available for in spending at the end of the fiscal year. As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Town's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$24,914,776, an increase of \$4,851,300 in comparison with the prior year.

General Fund

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Town. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$10,858,186. Unassigned fund balance is sufficient to cover 2.9 months of and represents 24.5% of the Town's fiscal year 2024 General Fund budgetary expenditure appropriations.

Capital and Nonrecurring Fund

The fund balance in the Capital and Nonrecurring Fund increased by \$2,401,531. The increase was primarily due to supplemental transfers in from the General Fund to fund authorized capital appropriations in future years.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWN'S FUNDS (Continued)

Capital Projects Fund

The fund balance in the Capital Projects Fund decreased by \$155,430.

Town Grant Fund

The fund balance in the Town Grant Fund increased by \$52,389. This fund primarily accounts for cost reimbursement grants and revenues are typically recognized to the extent of expenditures incurred.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The original budget contemplated the use of fund balance of \$750,000 in order to balance the budget. Additional appropriations of \$1,310,000 were authorized during the year. The actual change in fund balance on a budgetary basis was an increase of \$2,050,418, resulting in a favorable budgetary variance of \$4,110,418. Revenues and other financing sources exceeded budgetary estimates by \$3,503,506, while expenditures and transfers out were less than budgetary estimates by \$606,912.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The Town's capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2023 totaled \$51,034,374 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure. The carrying value of the Town's capital assets increased by \$65,151 during the year.

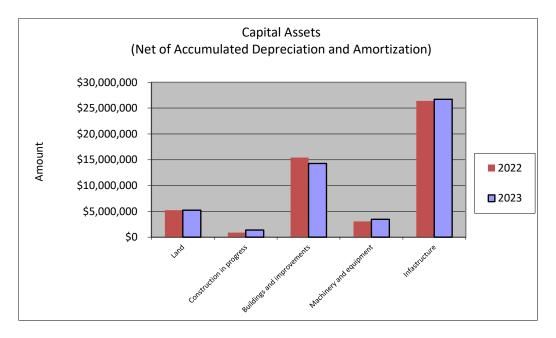
The following table is a two-year comparison of the investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:

	2023	2022	\$ Variance	% Variance
Land	\$ 5,229,174	\$ 5,229,174	\$ -	0.0%
Construction in progress	1,368,766	877,074	491,692	56.1%
Buildings and improvements	14,280,457	15,419,459	(1,139,002)	-7.4%
Machinery and equipment	3,453,935	3,058,201	395,734	12.9%
Infastructure	26,702,042	26,385,315	316,727	1.2%
Totals	\$ 51,034,374	\$ 50,969,223	\$ 65,151	0.1%

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION (Continued)

Capital Assets (Continued)



Significant capital asset additions consisted road and bridge improvements and vehicles for the Town's police, fire and public works departments.

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in Note 7 to the basic financial statements.

Debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town had long-term bonded debt outstanding of \$4,030,000 and notes payable of \$1,792,978, all of which is backed by the full faith and credit of the government.

The Town's total debt decreased by \$325,147 or 5.3% during the current fiscal year. No new long-term debt was issued during the year ended June 30, 2023.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt the Town may issue to seven times its annual receipts from taxation, as defined by the statutes. The current debt limitation for the Town is significantly in excess of the Town's outstanding general obligation debt.

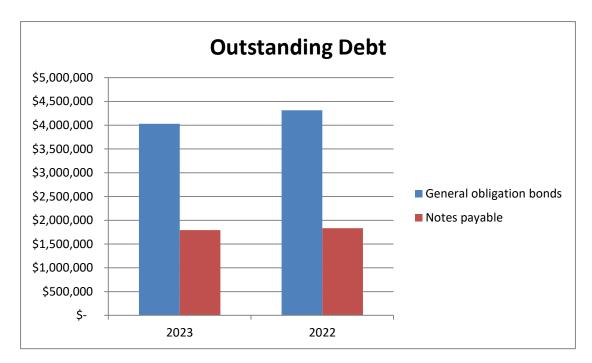
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION (Continued)

Debt (Continued)

The following is a two-year comparison of bonded and other debt:

	2023	2022	\$ Variance	<u> % Variance</u>
General obligation bonds	\$ 4,030,000	\$ 4,315,000	\$ (285,000)	-6.6%
Notes payable	1,792,978	1,833,125	(40,147)	-2.2%
Totals	\$ 5,822,978	\$ 6,148,125	\$ (325,147)	-5.3%



Additional information on the Town's long-term debt can be found in Note 8 to the basic financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

Significant estimates affecting next year's budget that are subject to change in the near term consist of the following:

- For purposes of calculating property tax revenues for fiscal year 2023, the assessor's grand list was used along with an estimated tax rate, and an estimated rate of collection, with deductions for taxes to be paid by the State on behalf of certain taxpayers.
- The Town receives intergovernmental revenues from the State of Connecticut. Connecticut's economy
 moves in the same general cycle as the national economy, which from time to time will affect the amount
 of intergovernmental revenues the Town will receive.
- The State has established a minimum budget requirement (MBR) for budgeted education expenditures. The MBR prohibits town from budgeting less for education than it did in the previous year unless, and within limits, the Town can demonstrated a decrease in school enrollment or savings through increased efficiencies. Any increases or decreases that the Town receives in its Education Cost Sharing grant will result in a corresponding increase or decrease in the Town's MBR.
- It is unknown how the weakened economy will impact real estate activity and related revenues collected by the Town Clerk, the Building Department and the amount of conveyance taxes and interest income.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the Town's budget for fiscal year 2024. The Town's fiscal year 2024 budget for the General Fund authorizes expenditure appropriations of \$44,278,939, which represents a 3.3% increase over the Town's original fiscal year 2023 budget. The Town assigned \$1,200,000 of its General Fund fund balance for use in the fiscal year 2024 budget to reduce the overall impact on the Town's mill rate.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town's finances for all those with an interest in the Town's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Finance Director/Treasurer, Town of East Windsor, 11 Rye Street, Broad Brook, Connecticut 06016.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AS OF JUNE 30, 2023

	Governmental
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 30,052,032
Investments	353,466
Receivables:	
Property taxes and interest, net	1,403,416
User charges	168,810
Grants and contracts	274,719
Lease	91,352
Other	90,630
Other assets Assessments	5,802
Assessments	144,353
Capital assets: Non-depreciable	6,597,940
Depreciable, net	44,436,434
Total assets	83,618,954
Total assets	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pension related	2,388,186
OPEB related	781,980
Total deferred outflows of resources	3,170,166
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	1,669,248
Accrued liabilities	519,684
Deposits payable	637,018
Unearned revenue	3,161,878
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Due within one year	934,170
Due in more than one year	16,629,720
Total liabilities	23,551,718
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Lease related	91,352
Pension related	146,586
OPEB related	1,512,849
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,750,787
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	45,655,803
Restricted for:	
Educational scholoarships	425,941
Housing rehabilitation loan program	39,284
Other programs	548,231
Unrestricted	14,817,356
Total net position	\$ 61,486,615

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

					Pro	gram Revenues				et (Expense) evenue and
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		_	s in Net Position - overnmental Activities
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$	3,361,298	\$	2,969,656	\$	112,211	\$	-	\$	(279,431)
Public safety		7,715,749		345,172		171,878		-		(7,198,699)
Public works		8,154,498		3,037,533		307,825		590,728		(4,218,412)
Community services		1,723,122		176,083		144,173		-		(1,402,866)
Education		35,259,114		409,299		14,706,094		-		(20,143,721)
Interest expense		115,259		-		-		-		(115,259)
Total governmental activities	\$	56,329,040	\$	6,937,743	\$	15,442,181	\$	590,728		(33,358,388)
	Ger	neral revenues:								
	F	Property taxes, l	evied f	or general purp	oses					36,232,860
	(Grants and contr	ibutio	ns not restricte	d to s	pecific programs	5			1,051,639
	ι	Jnrestricted inve	estmer	nt earnings						903,661
		Total general	revenu	ies						38,188,160
			Char	nge in net posit	ion					4,829,772
			Net	position - begin	ning				·	56,656,843
			Net	position - endin	g				\$	61,486,615

BALANCE SHEET -GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AS OF JUNE 30, 2023

	General Fund		Capital and onrecurring Fund		Capital Projects Fund	 Town Grant Fund	Nonmajor overnmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds															
ASSETS																							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 17,014,683	\$	6,229,576	\$	495,715	\$ 2,430,626	\$ 3,881,432	\$ 30,052,032															
Investments	-		-		-	-	353,466	353,466															
Receivables:																							
Property taxes and interest, net	1,403,416		-		-	-	-	1,403,416															
Assessments and user charges	-		-		-	-	313,163	313,163															
Grants and contracts	-		-		-	66,486	208,233	274,719															
Lease	91,352		-		-	-	-	91,352															
Other	30,047		-		-	-	60,583	90,630															
Due from other funds	212,963		16,490		-	317,757	1,423,233	1,970,443															
Other	1,000		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	-		-	 -	4,802	5,802
Total assets	\$ 18,753,461	\$	6,246,066	\$	495,715	\$ 2,814,869	\$ 6,244,912	\$ 34,555,023															
LIABILITIES																							
Accounts payable	\$ 1,212,312	\$	875	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 456,061	\$ 1,669,248															
Salaries and benefits payable	400,688		-		-	-	92,976	493,664															
Due to other funds	1,757,480		-		-	-	212,963	1,970,443															
Deposits payable	637,018		-		-	-	-	637,018															
Unearned revenue	-		-		-	2,710,604	451,274	3,161,878															
Total liabilities	4,007,498		875		-	2,710,604	1,213,274	7,932,251															
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES																							
Unavailable revenue	1,303,481		-		-	-	313,163	1,616,644															
Lease related	91,352		-		-	-	-	91,352															
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,394,833		-		-	-	 313,163	1,707,996															
FUND BALANCES																							
Nonspendable	1,000		-		-	-	4,802	5,802															
Restricted	-		-		493,108	104,265	909,191	1,506,564															
Committed	993,089		6,245,191		2,607	-	3,804,482	11,045,369															
Assigned	1,498,855		-		-	-	-	1,498,855															
Unassigned	10,858,186		-		-	-	-	10,858,186															
Total fund balances	13,351,130		6,245,191		495,715	 104,265	 4,718,475	24,914,776															
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of		-			-		 																
resources and fund balances	\$ 18,753,461	\$	6,246,066	\$	495,715	\$ 2,814,869	\$ 6,244,912	\$ 34,555,023															

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AS OF JUNE 30, 2023

Total fund balances for governmental funds		\$ 24,914,776
Total net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of		
net position is different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources		
and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		51,034,374
Some of the Town's taxes, sewer usage fees and sewer assessments will be		
collected after year end, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current		
period's expenditures and, therefore, are reported as deferred inflows of resources		
in the funds.		1,616,644
Long-term liabilities applicable to the Town's governmental activities are		
not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported		
as fund liabilities. All liabilities - both current and long-term - are reported		
in the statement of net position.		
Long-term debt:		
Bonds	\$ (4,030,000)	
Unamortized bond premiums	(48,701)	
Notes	(1,792,978)	
Accrued interest	(26,020)	
Other long-term liabilities:		
Net pension liability	(8,616,843)	
Net OPEB liability	(1,572,245)	
Heart and hypertension	(147,435)	
Compensated absences	(1,355,688)	
		(17,589,910)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources resulting from		·
changes in the components of the Town's net pension and OPEB		
liabilities are reported in the statement of net position.		 1,510,731
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 61,486,615

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - ${\sf GOVERNMENTAL}\ {\sf FUNDS}$

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	General Fund	apital and onrecurring Fund		Capital Projects Fund	Town Grant Fund	lonmajor vernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES		 					
Property taxes	\$ 35,147,410	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 976,518	\$ 36,123,928
Intergovernmental	11,207,443	-		-	912,761	3,698,987	15,819,191
Charges for goods and services	3,158,857	-		-	-	3,101,035	6,259,892
Investment earnings	506,048	209,160		9,890	82,747	95,816	903,661
Other	50	681,745		-	19,575	137,637	839,007
Total revenues	 50,019,808	 890,905	_	9,890	 1,015,083	 8,009,993	59,945,679
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government	2,395,076	-		-	20,854	29,385	2,445,315
Public safety	4,056,088	-		-	143,123	1,089,611	5,288,822
Public works	3,802,206	-		-	72,850	2,003,039	5,878,095
Community services	1,136,323	-		-	135,139	260,250	1,531,712
Employee benefits	3,239,212	-		-	-	-	3,239,212
Education	29,767,892	-		-	-	3,902,236	33,670,128
Capital outlays	-	1,226,124		365,320	590,728	393,645	2,575,817
Debt service	465,278	-		-	-	-	465,278
Total expenditures	 44,862,075	1,226,124	_	365,320	962,694	7,678,166	55,094,379
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over expenditures	5,157,733	(335,219)		(355,430)	52,389	331,827	4,851,300
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in	6,944	2,736,750		200,000	-	268,070	3,211,764
Transfers out	(2,804,820)	-		-	-	(406,944)	(3,211,764)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (2,797,876)	2,736,750	_	200,000	-	 (138,874)	-
Net change in fund balances	2,359,857	2,401,531		(155,430)	52,389	192,953	4,851,300
Fund balances - beginning	 10,991,273	 3,843,660		651,145	 51,876	 4,525,522	20,063,476
Fund balances - ending	\$ 13,351,130	\$ 6,245,191	\$	495,715	\$ 104,265	\$ 4,718,475	\$ 24,914,776

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	4,851,300
Total change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The amount by which depreciation expense exceeded capital outlays in the current period is as follows:		
Expenditures for capital assets \$ 2,723,29 Depreciation and amortization expense (2,525,09) Net adjustment		198,200
The statement of activities reports losses arising from the disposal of existing capital assets. Conversely, governmental funds do not report any gain or loss on a disposal of capital assets.		(133,049)
Certain revenues reported in the statement of activities do not provide current financial resources and therefore are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds.		180,675
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of principal on long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items is as follows:		
Principal repayments: Bonds 285,00 Notes 40,14 Amortization of bond premiums 6,99	7	
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. However, in the statement of activities, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. In addition, interest on long-term debt is not recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting until due, rather than as it accrues. The net effect of such items is as follows:		332,141
Compensated absences(25,40Accrued interest17,87Heart and hypertension8,83Net pension liability424,50Net OPEB liability(705,63	7 4 9	(270.912)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources resulting from changes in the components of the net pension and OPEB liabilities are amortized as a		(279,813)
component of pension and OPEB expense in the statement of activities.		(319,682)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	4,829,772

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION -FIDUCIARY FUNDS AS OF JUNE 30, 2023

	Other Po Employm Benefit	Pension and Other Post- Employment Benefits Trust Funds	
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 66	52,286	
Investments:			
Mutual funds	28,90	04,898	
Fixed income securities	7,35	54,228	
Total investments	36,25	59,126	
Interest receivable	15	54,358	
Total assets	37,07	75,770	
LIABILITIES			
Payables	4	18,574	
Total liabilities	4	18,574	
NET POSITION			
Restricted for:			
Pension benefits	35,27	75,108	
Other Post-employment benefits		52,088	
	\$ 37,02	27,196	

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	C Er	Pension and Other Post- Employment Benefits Trust Funds	
ADDITIONS			
Contributions:			
Employer	\$	1,279,333	
Plan members		430,545	
Total contributions		1,709,878	
Investment earnings: Interest and dividends Net change in the fair		827,485	
value of investments, net of fees		2,974,297	
Net investment earnings		3,801,782	
Total additions		5,511,660	
DEDUCTIONS			
Benefit payments		2,157,042	
Administrative expenses		61,790	
Total deductions		2,218,832	
Change in net position		3,292,828	
Net position - beginning		33,734,368	
Net position - ending	\$	37,027,196	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of Town of East Windsor, Connecticut, (the Town) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The Town's significant accounting policies are described below.

Financial Reporting Entity

The Town of East Windsor, Connecticut, was incorporated in 1768 and operates in accordance with the provisions of its charter, which was revised effective November 2020. The Town operates under a Board of Selectmen, Town Meeting and Board of Finance form of government and provides the following services: public safety, community maintenance, conservation and health, highway, sanitation and waste removal, culture and recreation, education and general government.

The legislative power of the Town is vested with the Board of Selectmen and Town Meeting. The Board of Selectmen may enact, amend or repeal ordinances and resolutions. The Board of Finance is responsible for financial and taxation matters as prescribed by Connecticut General Statutes, and is responsible for presenting fiscal operating budgets for Town Meeting approval.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the reporting entity include the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. A government is financially accountable for a legally separate organization if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the government. These criteria have been considered and have resulted in the inclusion of the fiduciary component units as detailed below.

Fiduciary Component Units - The Town has established a single-employer defined benefit pension plan and an other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plan to provide retirement and health care benefits to employees and their beneficiaries. The Town performs the duties of a governing board for the pension and OPEB plans and makes contributions to the plans. The financial statements of the fiduciary component units are reported as Pension and OPEB Trust Funds in the fiduciary fund financial statements. Separate financial statements have not been prepared for the fiduciary component units.

Related Organizations

The Warehouse Point Fire District (the Fire District) is responsible for the operations of the fire department within the boundaries of the Fire District, which is located within Town. The Fire District is governed by an independent Board of Commissioners. The Fire District is considered an overlapping government as the geographic area serviced by the Fire District is within the boundaries of the Town.

The Town is responsible for appointing members to the Board of Directors of the East Windsor Housing Authority (the Authority), but the Town's accountability for the Authority does not extend beyond making the appointments. During the year ended June 30, 2023, the Town paid sewer charges of \$35,360 on-behalf of the Authority. The Town made no other appropriations for the operation of this agency for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Town and include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties. The Town has no business-type activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category - governmental and fiduciary - are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This fund is the Town's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those accounted for in another fund.

Capital and Nonrecurring Fund - This fund accounts for financial revenues used for the financing of the planning, construction, reconstruction or acquisition of any specific capital improvement or the acquisition of specific equipment and capital additions.

Capital Projects Fund - This fund is used to account for appropriations related to major capital purchases and projects.

Town Grant Fund - This fund is used to account for restricted grant proceeds and related expenditures.

In addition, the Town reports the following fiduciary fund types:

Pension and Other Post-Employment Benefits Trust Funds - These funds are used to account for resources held in trust for the members and beneficiaries of the Town's defined benefit pension plan and other post-employment benefit plan.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of recognition in the financial statements of various kinds of transactions or events.

The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized when they have been earned and they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service principal and interest expenditures on general long-term debt, including lease liabilities, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, claims and judgments, and postemployment benefits are recognized later based on specific accounting rules applicate to each, generally when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions, including entering into contracts giving the Town the right to use leased assets and subscription based technology, are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and financing through leases and subscription based technology arrangements are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues in the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is either received or available to be received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of yearend). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is either received or available to be received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of yearend). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the cash is received.

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Town's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

Investments

Investments with a maturity of less than one year when purchased, non-negotiable certificates of deposit, and other nonparticipating investments are reported at cost or amortized cost. Investments in certain external investment pools that meet specific criteria for measuring its investments at amortized cost are reported at amortized cost. All other investments in external investment pools and investments with maturity greater than one year when purchased are stated at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an investment in an orderly transaction at year end.

Donor-restricted Funds

The Town allocates investment income of donor-restricted funds in accordance with donor restrictions and Connecticut law, which has adopted the provisions of the Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (UPMIFA). Under UPMIFA, investment income earned on donor-restricted endowment funds is considered to be unrestricted in the absence of explicit donor restrictions. Further, in the absence of explicit donor restrictions regarding investment appreciation, such appreciation is treated the same as the related investment income. Investment losses that reduce the value of endowment investments below the original principal amount serve to reduce restricted net position or unrestricted net position, depending on the applicable donor's stipulations regarding the treatment of investment income and appreciation.

Inventories

Inventories are reported at cost using the first-in first-out (FIFO) method, except for USDA donated commodities, which are recorded at market value. Inventories are recorded as expenses/expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Property Taxes, Sewer Assessment and Usage Charges

Property taxes are assessed as of October 1. Taxes are billed in July and due in two installments, July 1 and January 1. Personal property and motor vehicle taxes are billed in July and due in one installment, July 1. Taxes not paid within 30 days of the due date are subject to an interest charge of 1.5% per month. Liens are effective on the assessment date and are continued by filing before the end of the year following the due date. Based on historical collection experience and other factors, the Town has established an allowance for uncollectible taxes and interest of approximately \$534,000 as of June 30, 2023.

Upon completion of projects, sewer assessments are levied and assessed to the users. Usage charges are billed in advance. Assessments and user charges are due and payable within thirty days and delinquent amounts are subject to interest at prevailing rates. Liens are filed on all properties until the assessment is paid in full.

Loans Receivable

The Town administers a Rehabilitation Loan Program. The loans bear an interest rate of 0.0%. Repayment of the loans is deferred, but the loans become due and payable upon sale or transfer of the property, the owner's demise, or when the subject property is no longer the applicant's principal place of residence. The loans may be paid in full or in part by the borrower at any time without penalty. Loans receivable under this program totaled \$24,817 as of June 30, 2023.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Town as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$7,000 for machinery and equipment, \$20,000 for building improvements and \$100,000 for infrastructure and an estimated useful life in excess of 3 years. As the Town constructs or acquires capital assets each period, they are capitalized and reported at historical cost. The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs, which are amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the asset's capacity or efficiency or increase its estimated useful life. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. Acquisition value is the price that would be paid to acquire an asset with equivalent service potential on the date of the donation. Intangible assets follow the same capitalization policies as tangible capital assets and are reported with tangible assets in the appropriate capital asset class.

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. Other tangible and intangible property and equipment are depreciated/amortized using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years	
Buildings	40	
Building improvements	25	
Machinery and equipment	5	
Computer equipment	3	
Infrastructure	20 - 60	

Leases (as Lessor)

The Town recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources in the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements. At the commencement of a lease, the Town initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

Key estimates and judgments include how the Town determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease receipts. The Town uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases. The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable is composed of fixed payments from the lessee. The Town monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease, and will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue represents resources that have been received, but not yet earned.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources represent an acquisition or consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow or outflow of resources until that time.

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources consists of deferred pension and OPEB expenses reported in the government-wide statement of net position. Deferred pension and OPEB expenses resulted from changes in the components of the Town's net pension and OPEB liabilities and are being amortized as a component of pension and OPEB expenses on a systematic and rational basis. Deferred inflows of resources also include unavailable revenues from property taxes and related interest in the governmental funds balance sheet. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Long-term Obligations

Long-term Debt

The applicable accounting standards define debt as a liability that arises from a contractual obligation to pay cash, or other assets that may be used in lieu of cash, in one or more payments to settle and amount that is fixed at the date the contractual obligation is established. For disclosure purposes, debt does not include accounts payable or leases, except for contracts reported as financed purchase of the underlying assets.

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt is reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Premiums and discounts on long-term debt are deferred and amortized over the life of the related debt using the effective interest rate method and the debt is reported net of any unamortized premium or discount. In the governmental fund financial statements, premiums and discounts are recognized in the current period.

In the governmental fund financial statements, debt premiums and discounts are recognized during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Compensated Absences

Vacation time earned may be accumulated by employees until termination of their employment, at which time they are paid for this accumulated time. Vacation leave is valued using current salary costs, as well as any salary-related payments that are directly or incrementally connected with leave payments to employees. Sick leave is accrued and is contingent upon absences being caused by employee future illness or retirements. The sick leave calculation is also based on current salary costs as well as salary related payments.

All compensated absences are accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. Expenditures for compensated absences are recognized in the governmental fund financial statements in the current year to the extent they are paid during the year, or when the vested amount is expected to be paid with available resources.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

Net Position

For government-wide reporting, the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is called net position. Net position is comprised of the following three components:

Net investment in capital assets - This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization and reduced by outstanding balances for bonds, notes and other debt that are attributed to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows and inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related are also included in this component of net position.

Restricted net position - This component of net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Assets are reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of those assets either by external parties or by law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position - This component of net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that does not meet the definition of the two preceding categories.

Sometimes the Town will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the Town's practice to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

Fund Balance

The Town's governmental funds report the following fund balance categories:

Nonspendable - Amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted - Constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through enabling legislation.

Committed - Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Town (the highest level of decision making authority of the Town) and cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Town removes or changes the specified use by taking the same formal action.

Assigned - Amounts are constrained by the Town's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are not restricted or committed. Amounts may be constrained to be used for a specific purpose by a governing board or body or official that has been delegated authority to assign amounts by the Town Charter.

Unassigned - Residual classification for the General Fund or amounts necessary in other governmental funds to eliminate otherwise negative fund balance amounts in the other four categories.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

Fund Balance (Continued)

Sometimes the Town will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. In accordance with the Town's policy, the Town uses restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as needed. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Interfund Activity

During the course of operations the Town has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds or advances to/from other funds. Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 - CASH DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Cash Deposits

A reconciliation of the Town's cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2023 is as follows:

Government-wide statement of net position:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 30,052,032
Add: investments considered cash deposits	
for disclosure purposes	77,178
Less: cash equivalents considered investments for	
disclosure purposes	 (22,582,909)
	 7,546,301
Statement of fiduciary net position:	
Cash and cash equivalents	662,286
Less: cash equivalents considered investments for	
disclosure purposes	 (662,286)
	 -
	\$ 7,546,301

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 2 - CASH DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Cash Deposits (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Town will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Town does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2023, \$7,296,791 of the Town's bank balance of \$8,301,883 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and uncollateralized	\$ 6,567,112
Uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging	
bank's trust department or agent but not in the Town's name	729,679
	\$ 7,296,791

All of the Town's deposits were in qualified public institutions as defined by Connecticut General Statutes. Under Connecticut General Statutes, any bank holding public deposits must at all times maintain, segregated from its other assets, eligible collateral in an amount equal to a certain percentage of its public deposits. The applicable percentage is determined based on the bank's risk-based capital ratio. The amount of public deposits is determined based on either the public deposits reported on the most recent quarterly call report, or the average of the public deposits reported on the four most recent quarterly call reports, whichever is greater. The collateral is kept in the custody of the trust department of either the pledging bank or another bank in the name of the pledging bank.

Investments

A reconciliation of the Town's investments as of June 30, 2023 is as follows:

Government-wide statement of net position:	
Investments	\$ 353,466
Less: investments considered cash equivalents	
for disclosure purposes	(77,178)
Add: cash equivalents considered investments	
for disclosure purposes	22,582,909
	22,859,197
Statement of fiduciary net position:	
Investments	36,259,126
Add: cash equivalents considered investments	
for disclosure purposes	 662,286
	 36,921,412
	\$ 59,780,609

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The Town limits its exposure to fair value losses arising from changes in interest rates by structuring its investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity, and investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities, money market mutual funds, or similar investment pools.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 2 - CASH DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

Interest Rate Risk (Continued)

The Town's pension investment policy limits the type of fixed income securities to minimize the level of interest rate risk. All fixed income securities must have readily ascertainable market value and must be readily marketable. The investment policy emphasizes long-term rather than short-term performance. Information about the exposure of the Town's investments to this risk using the segmented time distribution model is as follows:

				t Maturities 'ears)
lance above a set to see	Valuation	Value	Less	4.4.5
Investment type	Basis	<u>Value</u>	Than 1	1 to 5
Debt Securities: Governmental Activities:				
Short Term Investment Fund (STIF)	Amortized cost	\$ 22,582,909	\$ 22,582,909	\$ -
Fiduciary Funds:				
Money market mutual funds	Amortized cost	662,286	662,286	-
U.S. Treasury securities	Fair value	4,902,448	2,680,233	2,222,215
Corporate securities	Fair value	2,451,780	494,525	1,957,255
		30,599,423	\$ 26,419,953	\$ 4,179,470
Other investments:				
Governmental Activities:				
Mutual funds	Fair value	276,288		
Fiduciary Funds:				
Mutual funds	Fair value	28,904,898		
		\$ 59,780,609		

Because the STIF and money market mutual funds have weighted average maturities of less than 90 days, they have been presented as investments with maturities less than one year.

Credit Risk

The Town has does not have an investment policy that would further limit its investment choices beyond those limited by Connecticut state statutes for its non-fiduciary investments. Connecticut state statutes permit the Town to invest in obligations of the United States, including its instrumentalities and agencies; in obligations of any state or of any political subdivision, authority or agency thereof, provided such obligations are rated within one of the top two rating categories of any recognized rating service; or in obligations of the State of Connecticut or of any political subdivision thereof, provided such obligations are rated within one of the top three rating categories of any recognized rating service. Other provisions of the statutes cover specific municipal funds with particular investment authority. The provisions of the statutes regarding the investment of municipal pension funds does not specify permitted investments. Therefore, the investment of such funds is generally controlled by the laws applicable to fiduciaries and the provisions of the applicable plan. The Town's pension investment policy limits fixed income securities to those backed by the full faith and credit of the United States Government and other bonds, not guaranteed by the United States Government, provided they are at least a "BBB" or equivalent rating by a national rating agency.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 2 - CASH DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

Credit Risk (Continued)

The Town's investment in debt securities were rated by Standard & Poor's as follows at June 30, 2023:

Investment type	Value	AAA	Α		BBB			Unrated		
Debt Securities:										
STIF	\$ 22,582,909	\$ 22,582,909	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
Money market mutual funds	662,286	-		-		-		662,286		
Corporate securities	2,451,780			494,525		1,957,255		-		
	\$ 25,696,975	\$ 22,582,909	\$	494,525	\$	1,957,255	\$	662,286		

Custodial Credit Risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a counterparty, the Town will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Town does not have a policy for custodial credit risk. The Town's investments are not exposed to custodial credit risk because they are either not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form or they are held by a reputable custodian in the name of the Town.

Concentrations of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Town's investment in a single issuer. Investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments are excluded from concentration of credit risk disclosures. The Town places no limit on the amount of investment in any one issuer. As of June 30, 2023, none of the Town's investments, in any one issuer that is subject to concentration of credit risk disclosures, exceeded 5.0% or more of the total investments reported for the Town's governmental activities or fiduciary funds.

NOTE 3 - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The Town measures and records its investments using fair value measurement guidelines established by generally accepted accounting principles. These guidelines recognize a three-tiered fair value hierarchy as follows:

- Level 1: Quoted prices for identical investments in active markets;
- Level 2: Observable inputs other than those in Level 1; and
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs.

Investments are classified in their entirety based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 3 - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

The Town's financial assets that are accounted for at fair value on a recurring basis as of June 30, 2023, by level within the fair value hierarchy are presented in the table below:

			9	Significant			
		Prices in		Other	Sign	ificant	
		Active	C	bservable	Unob	servable	
Financial Assets		Market		Inputs	In	puts	
Measured at Fair Value	(Level 1)		(Level 2)		(Le	vel 3)	 Total
U.S. Treasury securities	\$	4,902,448	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 4,902,448
Corporate securities		-		2,451,780		-	2,451,780
Mutual funds		29,181,186		-		-	 29,181,186
	\$	34,083,634	\$	2,451,780	\$	-	36,535,414
	Investments measured at amortized cost						23,245,195
							\$ 59,780,609

Mutual funds classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Fixed income securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

NOTE 4 - LEASE RECEIVABLES

Leases (as Lessor)

The Town is a lessor for a noncancellable lease of property through January 31, 2031. The Town recognized \$11,880 in lease related revenue during the current fiscal year. As of June 30, 2023, the Town's receivable for lease payments was \$91,352. In addition the Town has recognized a deferred inflow of resources associated with this lease that will be recognized as revenue over the lease term.

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2023 are as follows:

Payable Fund		Amount
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$	212,963
General Fund		16,490
General Fund		317,757
General Fund	Ś	1,423,233 1,970,443
	Nonmajor Governmental Funds General Fund General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds \$ General Fund General Fund

The above balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 6 - INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2023 consisted of the following:

Transfers In	Transfers Out	Amount			
Governmental Funds	_				
General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$ 6,944			
Capital and Nonrecurring Fund	General Fund	2,736,750			
Capital Projects Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	200,000			
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	General Fund	68,070			
	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	 200,000			
		268,070			
		\$ 3,211,764			

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2023 consisted of the following.

	Beginning				Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	Balance
Governmental Activities					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 5,229,174	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,229,174
Construction in progress	877,074	861,967		(370,275)	1,368,766
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	6,106,248	861,967		(370,275)	6,597,940
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings and improvements	39,506,767	180,238	-	130,446	39,817,451
Machinery and equipment	11,673,670	808,218	(1,266,846)	239,829	11,454,871
Infrastructure	53,730,223	872,872			54,603,095
Total capital assets, being depreciated	104,910,660	1,861,328	(1,266,846)	370,275	105,875,417
Less accumulated depreciation:					
Buildings and improvements	(24,087,308)	(1,449,686)	-	-	(25,536,994)
Machinery and equipment	(8,615,469)	(519,264)	1,133,797	-	(8,000,936)
Infrastructure	(27,344,908)	(556,145)			(27,901,053)
Total accumulated depreciation	(60,047,685)	(2,525,095)	1,133,797		(61,438,983)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	44,862,975	(663,767)	(133,049)	370,275	44,436,434
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 50,969,223	\$ 198,200	\$ (133,049)	\$ -	\$ 51,034,374

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to functions of the Town as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
Public safety	\$ 181,510
Public works	1,655,873
Community services	50,983
Education	 636,729
Total depreciation and amortization expense	\$ 2,525,095

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Changes in Long-term Liabilities

Changes in the Town's long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2023, are as follows:

	 Beginning Balance	Increases	 Decreases	Ending Balance	ue Within One Year
Governmental Activities	_				
Long-term Debt:					
Bonds payable:					
General obligation bonds	\$ 4,315,000	\$ -	\$ (285,000)	\$ 4,030,000	\$ 285,000
Unamortized premium	55,695	-	(6,994)	48,701	
Total bonds payable	4,370,695	-	(291,994)	4,078,701	285,000
Other Long-term Obligations:					
Notes payable	1,833,125	-	(40,147)	1,792,978	41,251
Compensated absences	1,330,286	35,548	(10,146)	1,355,688	607,919
Heart and hypertension obligations	156,269	-	(8,834)	147,435	-
Net pension liability (see Note 9)	9,041,352	(424,509)	-	8,616,843	-
Net OPEB liability (see Note 11)	866,614	 705,631	-	 1,572,245	 -
	\$ 17,598,341	\$ 316,670	\$ (351,121)	\$ 17,563,890	\$ 934,170

Long-term liabilities are typically liquidated in the General Fund.

General Obligation Bonds and Notes

The Town issues general obligation bonds and notes to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds and notes are uncollateralized, direct obligations and are pledged by the full faith and credit of the Town. General obligation bonds and notes outstanding at June 30, 2023, are as follows:

	Fiscal			Fiscal	
Purpose of Bonds	Date of Issue	Original Issue	Interest Rates	Maturity Date	Amount Outstanding
Governmental Activities					
Bonds payable:					
General Obligation Bonds	2016	\$ 5,740,000	2.0% - 3.0%	2037	\$ 4,030,000
Notes payable:					
Rural Development Loan	2012	2,180,000	2.375%	2052	\$ 1,792,978

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

Legal Debt Limit

Connecticut General Statutes Section 7-374(b) provides that authorized debt of the Town shall not exceed seven times base receipts, as defined in the statute. Further, the statute limits the amount of debt that may be authorized by the Town for general purposes, schools, sewers, urban renewal and pension deficit. The statute does exclude from the Town's aggregate debt calculation any debt issued (a) in anticipation of taxes; (b) for water, gas, or electricity supply, electric demand response, conservation and load management, distributed generation, renewable energy projects, cable, wire, and pipe subway construction, underground cable, wire, and pipe conduit construction, constructing and operating a municipal community antenna television system, or a combination of such projects; (c) in anticipation of public improvement benefit assessment revenue; (d) in anticipation of state or federal grant funding; (e) for water pollution control projects in order to meet the energy and environmental protection commissioner's abatement order requirements; and debt issued (f) for which funds have been placed in escrow (from the proceeds of refunding bonds, notes, or other obligations or other municipal funds) in an amount sufficient, together with investment earnings, to provide for the payment when due of the principal of and interest on such debt. The Town did not exceed this statutory debt limitation as of June 30, 2023.

Authorized, Unissued Bonds d

As of June 30, 2023, the Town had no authorized, unissued debt.

Long-term Debt Service Requirements

The debt service requirements for the Town's long-term debt are as follows:

	Governmental Activities						
Year ending	Bonds	Bonds Payable Notes Payable					
June 30:	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest			
2024	\$ 285,000	\$ 82,595	\$ 41,251	\$ 49,307			
2025	285,000	76,895	42,385	48,173			
2026	285,000	71,195	43,551	47,007			
2027	285,000	65,495	44,749	45,809			
2028	285,000	59,795	45,979	44,579			
2029-2033	1,425,000	212,549	249,573	203,217			
2034-2039	1,180,000	56,209	285,829	166,961			
2040-2044	-	-	327,353	125,437			
2045-2050	-	-	374,908	77,882			
2051-2052			337,400	23,455			
	\$ 4,030,000	\$ 624,733	\$ 1,792,978	\$ 831,827			

Heart and Hypertension Obligations

The Town's estimated liability for heart and hypertension obligations as of June 30, 2023 totaled \$147,435. Heart and hypertension obligations are based upon estimates of either the ultimate cost of claims to be incurred by eligible beneficiaries or the actual amount of settlements reached and unpaid as of year end. Because estimated future claim costs depend on a number of estimates, including inflation, life expectancy and expected claims frequency, it is reasonably possible that the Town's liability for heart and hypertension obligations as of June 30, 2023 will change in the near term.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 9 - PENSION PLANS

The Town accounts for activity relating to two defined benefit pension plans, (1) the Town of East Windsor Employees' Pension Plan (the Town Plan), and 2) the Connecticut Teachers' Retirement System. As of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, the plans had the following balances reported in the Town's government-wide financial statements:

	Net Pension Liability				Deferred Inflows of Resources		On-Behalf Revenues		Pension Expense	
Governmental Activities Town Employees' Pension Plan Connecticut Teachers' Retirement System	\$	8,616,843	\$	2,388,186	\$	146,586	\$	-	\$	2,062,426
(proportionate share)	\$	- 8,616,843	\$	2,388,186	\$	- 146,586	\$	4,541,585 4,541,585	\$	4,541,585 6,604,011

Detailed disclosures for each plan follow.

Town Employees' Pension Plan

The Town is the administrator of a single-employer Public Employee Retirement System (PERS) established and administered by the Town to provide pension benefits for its employees. The Plan does not issue stand-alone financial statements and is part of the Town's financial reporting entity. As such, balances of the Plan as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023 are accounted for in the fiduciary fund financial statements as a pension trust fund.

Plan Description

The Plan covers all full-time employees of the Town except certified employees of the Board of Education, who are covered by a plan administered by the Connecticut State Teacher's Retirement Board, police dispatch employees hired after July 1, 2007 and clerical employees hired after January 1, 2018. Employees become eligible to participate in the Plan on the eligibility date coinciding with, or next following, a specified date of hire and completion of 1,000 hours of service. Employees are generally 100% vested after five years of continuous service, except for police personnel, which are 100% vested after ten years of service. Benefits and contributions are established and may be amended by the Town.

Plan Membership

Membership of the Plan consisted of the following as of July 1, 2022, the date of the most recent actuarial valuation:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	121
Vested terminated employees	203
Active employees	188
	512

Contributions

The contribution requirements of plan members are established and may be amended by the Town Pension and Retirement Board. The Town's funding policy provides for periodic employer contributions at rates that, when expressed as a percentage of annual covered payroll, are designed to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. The contribution rates for normal costs of the Plan was determined using the projected unit credit method.

Required employee contribution rates under the Plan range from 2.0% to 7.5% of covered payroll.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 9 - PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Town Employees' Pension Plan (Continued)

Benefit Provisions

Retirement benefits range from 1.25% to 2.25% of the participant's average annual compensation for the applicable service period multiplied by years of credited service.

Normal retirement age for public works and WPCA employees is the later of age 60 or 15 years of service; for sworn police personnel it is the later of age 50 or 25 years of service; for dispatchers it is the later of age 60 and 25 years of service; and for all other employees it is the later of age 65 and 5 years of service. Early retirement age is the later of age 55 and the completion of at least ten years of credited service.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Plan is accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions to the Plan are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the Plan.

Investments - Investments are measured at fair value, except for investments money market mutual funds which are permitted to be measured at net asset value. Securities traded on national exchanges are valued at the last reported sales price. Investment income is recognized when earned and gains and losses on sales or exchanges are recognized on the transaction date. The Plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the Town. It is the policy of the Town to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. The Plan's investment policy discourages the use of cash equivalents, except for liquidity purposes, and aims to refrain from dramatically shifting asset class allocations over shirt time spans.

Rate of return - For the year ended June 30, 2023 the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expenses, was 11.16%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Investment concentrations -As of June 30, 2023, more than 5.0% of the Plan's investments were invested certain mutual funds. Disclosure of concentrations in mutual funds are not required as these investments are considered diversified by nature.

Administrative costs of the Plan are generally financed through investment earnings.

Net Pension Liability

The components of the net pension liability of the Town at June 30, 2023, were as follows:

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>	2/2 = 2/2 : 2
Town's net pension liability	\$	8,616,843
Less: Plan fiduciary net position		(35,275,108)
Total pension liability	\$	43,891,951

Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability

80.37%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 9 - PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Town Employees' Pension Plan (Continued)

Net Pension Liability (Continued)

The components of the change in the net pension liability of the Town Plan for the year ended June 30, 2023 were as follows:

	Increase (Decrease)								
	Total Pension Liability (a)			an Fiduciary et Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)				
Balance as of June 30, 2022	\$	41,180,798	\$	32,139,446	\$	9,041,352			
Changes for the year:									
Service cost		1,090,725		-		1,090,725			
Interest		2,576,646		-		2,576,646			
Actuarial (gains) losses		1,200,824		-		1,200,824			
Contributions - employer		-		1,275,264		(1,275,264)			
Contributions - employee		-		430,545		(430,545)			
Net investment income		-		3,620,985		(3,620,985)			
Changes of ssumptions		-		-		-			
Benefit payments, including refunds		(2,157,042)		(2,157,042)		-			
Administrative expense		-		(34,090)		34,090			
Net changes		2,711,153		3,135,662		(424,509)			
Balance as of June 30, 2023	\$	43,891,951	\$	35,275,108	\$	8,616,843			

Actuarial assumptions - The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2022, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Method	Projected unit credit
Inflation	2.75 percent
Salary increases	3.50 percent
Investment rate of return	6.25 percent
Discount rate	6.25 percent

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Mortality Table with generational projection per the MP-2021 Ultimate Scale.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 9 - PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Town Employees' Pension Plan (Continued)

Net Pension Liability (Continued)

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation are summarized in the following table:

		Long-term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Equities	60.00%	7.11%
Fixed Income	40.00%	4.82%

Discount rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that the Town's contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate - The following presents the net pension liability of the Town, calculated using the discount rate of 6.25%, as well as what the Town's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

				Current				
	1	1% Decrease		Discount	1% Increase			
Not populan liability	ċ	12 020 420	¢	0 616 042	ċ	4 107 F46		
Net pension liability	Ş	13,838,429	>	8,616,843	>	4,197,546		

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Pension expense for the year ended June 30, 2023 totaled \$2,062,426. At June 30, 2023, the Town reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources			rred Inflows Resources	Ne	et Deferrals
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	1,229,686	\$	31,752	\$	1,197,934
Changes of assumptions		430,070		114,834		315,236
Net difference between projected and actual						
earnings on pension plan investments		728,430		-		728,430
Total	\$	2,388,186	\$	146,586	\$	2,241,600

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 9 - PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Town Employees' Pension Plan (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources will be recognized as a component of pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30,	
2024	\$ 694,411
2025	481,230
2026	1,333,334
2027	 (267,375)
	\$ 2,241,600

Payable to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2023, the Town did not report a payable for any contributions outstanding to the pension plan.

Connecticut Teachers' Retirement System

Plan Description

The Connecticut Teachers' Retirement System (TRS or the Plan) is the public pension plan offered by the State of Connecticut (the State) to provide retirement, disability, survivorship and health insurance benefits for Connecticut public school teachers and their beneficiaries. The Plan is governed by Connecticut Statute Title 10, Chapter 167a of the Connecticut General Statutes. TRS is a multiemployer pension plan administered by the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement Board (TRB). The State Treasurer is responsible for investing TRS funds for the exclusive benefit of TRS members.

Teachers, principals, superintendents or supervisors engaged in the service of public schools are provided with pensions through the Connecticut Teachers' Retirement System - a cost sharing multi-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the TRB. Chapter 167a of the State Statutes grants authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the TRB. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ct.gov.

Benefit Provisions

The Plan provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Employees are eligible to retire at age 60 with 20 years of credited service in Connecticut, or 35 years of credited service including at least 25 years of service in Connecticut.

Normal Retirement: Retirement benefits for the employees are calculated as 2.0% of the average annual salary times the years of credited service (maximum benefit is 75.0% of average annual salary during the 3 years of highest salary). In addition, amounts derived from the accumulation of the 6.0% contributions made prior to July 1, 1989 and voluntary contributions are payable.

Early Retirement: Employees are eligible after 25 years of credited service with a minimum of 20 years of Connecticut service, or age 55 with 20 years of credited service with a minimum of 15 years of Connecticut service. Benefit amounts are reduced by 6.0% per year for the first 5 years preceding normal retirement age and 4.0% per year for the next 5 years preceding normal retirement age. Effective July 1, 1999, the reduction for individuals with 30 or more years of service is 3.0% per year by which retirement precedes normal retirement date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 9 - PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Connecticut Teachers' Retirement System (Continued)

Benefit Provisions

Minimum Benefit: Effective January 1, 1999, Public Act 98-251 provides a minimum monthly benefit of \$1,200 to teachers who retire under the normal retirement provisions and who have completed at least 25 years of full time Connecticut service at retirement.

Disability Retirement: Employees are eligible for service-related disability benefits regardless of length of service. Five years of credited service is required to be eligible for non-service related disability. Disability benefits are calculated as 2.0% per year of service times the average of the highest three years of pensionable salary, but not less than 15.0%, nor more than 50.0%. In addition, disability benefits under this Plan (without regard to cost-of-living adjustments) plus any initial award of Social Security benefits and workers' compensation cannot exceed 75.0% of average annual salary. A plan member who leaves service and has attained 10 years of service will be entitled to 100.0% of the accrued benefit as of the date of termination of covered employment. Benefits are payable at age 60, and early retirement reductions are based on the number of years of service the member would have had if they had continued work until age 60.

Pre-Retirement Death Benefit: The plan also offers a lump-sum return of contributions with interest or surviving spouse benefit depending on length of service.

Contributions

State of Connecticut - Per Connecticut General Statutes Section 10-183z (which reflects Public Act 79-436 as amended), contribution requirements of active employees and the State are amended and certified by the TRB and appropriated by the General Assembly. The contributions are actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions and investment earnings, is expected to finance the costs of the benefits earned by employees during the year, with any additional amounts to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Employers - School District employers are not required to make contributions to the Plan, as contributions are required only from employees and the State.

Employees - Effective January 1, 2018, each teacher is required to contribute 7.0% of pensionable salary for the pension benefit.

Administrative Expenses

Administrative costs of the plan are to be paid by the General Assembly per Section 10-183r of the Connecticut General Statutes.

Basis of Presentation

The components associated with pension expense and deferred outflows and inflows of resources have been determined based on fiduciary net position as audited by the State of Connecticut Auditors of Public Accounts as part of the State of Connecticut Annual Comprehensive Financial Report as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022. The net pension liability has been calculated using the audited amounts. TRS is included in the State of Connecticut audit as a pension trust fund. The State of Connecticut's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report can be obtained at www.ct.gov.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 9 - PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Connecticut Teachers' Retirement System (Continued)

Basis of Presentation (Continued)

The accounting standards require participating employers to recognize their proportional share of the collective net pension liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources and pension expense on the accrual basis of accounting. Contributions remitted by the State are recognized when legally due, based upon statutory requirements.

Allocation Methodology

The allocations for participating employers are based on the expected contribution effort for each participating employer. The employer allocations were then applied to the net pension liability and pension expense to determine the amount applicable to each employer. Based upon the employee contributions made by the employees of each employer, as compared to the total employee contributions, an employer allocation percentage is calculated to six decimal places and is used to allocate the elements noted above. The employer allocation applied to Town totaled 0.257% as of the most recent measurement date.

Collective Net Pension Liability

The following summarizes the collective net pension liability of the State for the TRS as of June 30, 2022, the measurement date, in addition to the Town's and State's proportionate shares of the collective net pension liability that is attributed to the Town:

Collective Net Pension Liability of the State for the TRS		\$	18,310,599,000
	Proportion	Propo	ortionate Share_
Town's proportionate share of the			
Collective Net Pension Liability	0.000%	\$	-
State's proportionate share of the			
Collective Net Pension Liability attributed to the Town	0.257%	\$	46,989,000

Collective Pension Expense

The Town's expected contribution effort for allocation purposes totaled \$3,704,778 or 0.257% of the total expected contribution effort. The Town has recognized this amount as an on-behalf payment into the TRS as intergovernmental revenues and related education expenditures in the General Fund for the year ended June 30, 2023.

The collective pension expense includes certain current period changes in the collective net pension liability, projected earnings on pension plan investments and the amortization of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources for the current period. The portion of the collective pension expense attributed to the Town totaled \$4,541,585 or 0.257% of the total collective pension expense and has been recognized as an operating contribution and related education expense in the statement of activities for the year ended June 30, 2023.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 9 - PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Connecticut Teachers' Retirement System (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases 3.00% - 6.50%, including inflation Investment rate of return 6.90%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

Administrative expenses \$0 assumption as expenses are paid for

by the General Assembly

Mortality rates were based on the PubT-2010 Healthy Retiree Table, adjusted 105% for males and 103% for females as ages 82 and above, projected generationally with MP-2019 for the period after service retirement.

Future cost-of-living increases for teachers who retired prior to September 1, 1992, are made in accordance with increases in the Consumer Price Index, with a minimum of 3.0% and a maximum of 5.0% per annum. For teachers who were members of the Teachers' Retirement System before July 1, 2007, and retire on or after September 1, 1992, pension benefit adjustments are made that are consistent with those provided for Social Security benefits on January 1 of the year granted, with a maximum of 6.0% per annum. If the return on assets in the previous year was less than 8.5%, the maximum increase is 1.5%. For teachers who were members of the Teachers' Retirement System after July 1, 2007, pension benefit adjustments are made that are consistent with those provided for Social Security benefits on January 1 of the year granted, with a maximum of 5.0% per annum. If the return on assets in the previous year was less than 11.5%, the maximum increase is 3.0%, and if the return on the assets in the previous year was less than 8.5%, the maximum increase is 1.0%.

Long-Term Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 9 - PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Connecticut Teachers' Retirement System (Continued)

Long-Term Rate of Return (Continued)

The current capital market assumptions and the target asset allocation as provided by the Treasurer's Office are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected		
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return		
Domestic Equity Fund	20.0%	5.4%		
Developed Market Intl. Stock Fund	11.0%	6.4%		
Emerging Market Intl. Stock Fund	9.0%	8.6%		
Core Fixed Income Fund	13.0%	0.8%		
Emerging Market Debt Fund	5.0%	3.8%		
High Yield Bond Fund	3.0%	3.4%		
Real Estate Fund	19.0%	5.2%		
Private Equity	10.0%	9.4%		
Private Credit	5.0%	6.5%		
Alternative Investments	3.0%	3.1%		
Liquidity Fund	2.0%	-0.4%		
	100.0%			

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that the State contributions will be made at the actuarially determined rates in future years. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTE 10 - OTHER RETIREMENT PLANS

The Town offers eligible employees participation in a deferred compensation plan and a defined contribution plan. All amounts contributed to the plans, all property and rights purchased with those amounts, and all income attributable to those amounts, property or rights are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of the plan participants and their beneficiaries. In addition, the Town has no liability for losses under the plans. Therefore, the plans are not reported in the basic financial statements of the Town.

Deferred Compensation Plan - The Town offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The deferred compensation is not available to participants until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

Defined Contribution Plan - The Town offers a defined contribution plan to employees that are participants in a hybrid plan or ineligible to participate in the Town's Defined Benefit Pension Plan. Plan provisions are established by and may be amended by the Board of Selectman. Under the Plan, participants are required to make contributions between 2% and 5% of their annual compensation and the Town is required to make contributions between 3% and 5% of their annual compensation. Contributions made by the Town for the year ended June 30, 2023 totaled \$114,305.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 11 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

The Town accounts for activity relating to two other post-employment benefits plans, (1) the Town of East Windsor Employees' Other Post-Employment Benefit Plan and (2) the Connecticut Teachers' Retirement System. As of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, the two plans had the following balances reported in the Town's government-wide financial statements:

	Net OPEB Liability			Deferred Inflows of Resources		On-Behalf Revenues		OPEB Expense	
Governmental Activities Town and Board of Education Other Post-employment Benefit Plan Connecticut Teachers' Retirement System	\$ 1,572,245	\$	781,980	\$	1,512,849	\$	-	\$	(3,952)
(proportionate share)	\$ - 1,572,245	\$	- 781,980	\$	- 1,512,849	\$	248,054 248,054	\$	248,054 244,102

Detailed disclosures for each plan follow.

Town and Board of Education Plan

Plan Description

The Town, in accordance with various collective bargaining agreements, is committed to providing medical benefits to certain eligible retirees and their spouses. The Post-Retirement Medical Program (the Plan), is accounted for as a single-employer defined benefit plan. The Plan provides healthcare insurance benefits for eligible retirees and their spouses through the Town's group health insurance plan, which covers both active and retired members. Benefit provisions are established by the Town and the General Statutes of the State of Connecticut. The Plan is considered to be part of the Town's financial reporting entity. The Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report and is not included in the financial statements of another entity.

Plan Provisions

Teachers and administrators: Teachers or administrators retiring under the Connecticut State Teachers Retirement System are eligible to receive health benefits for self and spouse with 100% contribution of premiums.

Police and dispatchers: Police who retire with at least 20 years of service are eligible for coverage to the extent the retiree is not eligible to receive health insurance benefits from another employer and those benefits are either substantially equivalent or better than those currently in effect. Dispatchers hired before June 30, 2018 and who retire with at least 20 years of service are eligible for coverage. Police and dispatchers contribute 25% or 50% of their premiums and 50% or 75% of premiums for eligible family members based on years of experience.

Town hall, public works, Board of Education non-certified and unaffiliated personnel: Eligible to receive health benefits with 100% contribution of premiums.

Plan Membership

Membership of the Plan consisted of the following as of July 1, 2022, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	16
Active employees	301
	317

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 11 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

Town and Board of Education Plan (Continued)

Funding Policy

Contribution requirements of the plan members and the Town are established under the provisions of various collective bargaining agreements and in accordance with the General Statutes of the State of Connecticut. The Town began funding the benefits in a trust fund during the year ended June 30, 2012. Town contributions totaled \$180,166 for the year ended June 30, 2023 and included \$4,069 contributed directly into the Trust.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The OPEB Plan is accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Employer contributions to the OPEB Plan are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the OPEB Plan.

Investments - Investments are measured at fair value, except for investments money market mutual funds which are permitted to be measured at net asset value. Securities traded on national exchanges are valued at the last reported sales price. Investment income is recognized when earned and gains and losses on sales or exchanges are recognized on the transaction date. The OPEB Plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the Town. It is the policy of the Town to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. The OPEB Plan's investment policy discourages the use of cash equivalents, except for liquidity purposes, and aims to refrain from dramatically shifting asset class allocations over shirt time spans.

Rate of return - For the year ended June 30, 2023 the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expenses, was 11.42%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Investment concentrations - As of June 30, 2023, more than 5.0% of the OPEB Plan's investments were invested certain mutual funds. Disclosure of concentrations in mutual funds are not required as these investments are considered diversified by nature.

Administrative costs of the Plan are generally financed through investment earnings.

Net OPEB Liability

The components of the Town's net OPEB liability related to its OPEB Plan as of June 30, 2023, was as follows:

Total OPEB liability	\$ 3,324,333
Less: Plan fiduciary net position	 (1,752,088)
Town's net OPEB liability	\$ 1,572,245
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage	
of the total OPEB liability	52.70%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 11 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

Town and Board of Education Plan (Continued)

Net OPEB Liability (Continued)

Projections of benefits are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the Town and plan members) and include the types of benefits in force at the valuation date and the pattern of sharing benefit costs between the Town and the plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations on the pattern of cost sharing between the Town and plan members in the future. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective and employ methods and assumptions that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation date as of July 1, 2022, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Method	Entry age normal
Inflation	2.30 percent
Salary increases	3.50 percent or graded by service for
	Teachers and Administrators
Investment rate of return	6.25 percent
Discount rate	6.25 percent
Healthcare cost trend rates	6.4 percent to 4.0 percent over 51 years

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 mortality tables with general projection of future improvements per the MP-2021 Ultimate Table.

The long-term expected rate of returns on OPEB Plan investments were determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the OPEB Plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2023 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Equities	60.00%	7.11%
Fixed Income	40.00%	4.82%

Discount rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 6.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that the Town's contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 11 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

Town and Board of Education Plan (Continued)

Changes in Net OPEB Liability

The components of the change in the net OPEB liability of the Town Plan for the year ended June 30, 2023 were as follows:

	Increase (Decrease)										
		otal OPEB Liability (a)		an Fiduciary et Position (b)	Net OPEB Liability (a) - (b)						
Balance as of June 30, 2022	\$	2,461,536	\$	1,594,922	\$	866,614					
Changes for the year:											
Service cost		69,113		-		69,113					
Interest		152,745		-		152,745					
Changes of assumptions		104,826		-		104,826					
Actuarial (gains) losses		712,210		-		712,210					
Contributions - employer		-		180,166		(180,166)					
Net investment income		-		180,797		(180,797)					
Benefit payments, including refunds		(176,097)		(176,097)		-					
Administrative expense		_		(27,700)		27,700					
Net changes		862,797		157,166		705,631					
Balance as of June 30, 2023	\$	3,324,333	\$	1,752,088	\$	1,572,245					

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate - The following presents the Town's net OPEB liability for the OPEB Plan, calculated using the discount rate disclosed above, as well as what the Town's net OPEB liability would be for the OPEB Plan if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

			Current			
	19	% Decrease	 Discount	1% Increase		
Net OPEB liability	\$	1,856,877	\$ 1,572,245	\$	1,314,772	

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates - The following presents the Town's net OPEB liability for the OPEB Plan, calculated using the discount rate disclosed above, as well as what the Town's net OPEB liability would be for the OPEB Plan if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	Current										
	19	% Decrease	T	rend Rate	1% Increase						
Net OPEB liability	Ś	1,251,187	\$	1,572,245	\$	1,942,386					
rect of LD madring	Y	1,231,107	Y	1,512,275	Y	1,572,500					

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 11 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

Town and Board of Education Plan (Continued)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Town recognized an OPEB benefit of \$3,952. As of June 30, 2023, the Town reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferi	red Outflows	Def	erred Inflows		
	of	Resources	01	Resources	Ne	t Deferrals
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	659,474	\$	1,376,653	\$	(717,179)
Changes of assumptions		90,660		136,196		(45,536)
Net difference between projected and actual						
earnings on pension plan investments		31,846		-		31,846
Total	\$	781,980	\$	1,512,849	\$	(730,869)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as a component of OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30,	
2024	\$ (211,759)
2025	(228,342)
2026	(177,520)
2027	(243,369)
2028	(24,449)
Thereafter	 154,570
	\$ (730,869)

Connecticut Teachers' Retirement System

Plan Description

The Connecticut Teachers' Retirement System (TRS or the Plan) is the public pension plan offered by the State of Connecticut (the State) to provide retirement, disability, survivorship and health insurance benefits for Connecticut public school teachers and their beneficiaries. The Plan is governed by Connecticut Statute Title 10, Chapter 167a of the Connecticut General Statutes. TRS is a multi-employer pension plan administered by the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement Board (TRB). The State Treasurer is responsible for investing TRS funds for the exclusive benefit of TRS members.

Teachers, principals, superintendents or supervisors engaged in service of public schools are provided with benefits, including retiree health insurance, through the Connecticut Teachers' Retirement System - a cost sharing multi-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the TRB. Chapter 167a of the State Statutes grants authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the TRB. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ct.gov.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 11 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

<u>Connecticut Teachers' Retirement System (Continued)</u>

Benefit Provisions

The Plan covers retired teachers and administrators of public schools in the State who are receiving benefits from the Plan. The Plan provides healthcare insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. Any member that is currently receiving a retirement or disability benefit through the Plan is eligible to participate in the healthcare portion of the Plan. Subsidized Local School District Coverage provides a subsidy paid to members still receiving coverage through their former employer and the TRB Sponsored Medicare Supplemental Plans provide coverage for those participating in Medicare, but not receiving Subsidized Local School District Coverage.

Any member that is not currently participating in Medicare Parts A & B is eligible to continue health care coverage with their former employer. A subsidy of up to \$220 per month for a retired member plus an additional \$220 per month for a spouse enrolled in a local school district plan is provided to the school district to first offset the retiree's share of the cost of coverage, with any remaining portion used to offset the school district's costs. The subsidy amount is set by statute. A subsidy amount of \$440 per month may be paid for a retired member, spouse or the surviving spouse of a member who has attained the normal retirement age to participate in Medicare, is not eligible for Part A of Medicare without cost, and contributes at least \$440 per month towards coverage under a local school district plan.

Any member that is currently participating in Medicare Parts A & B is eligible to either continue health care coverage with their former employer, if offered, or enroll in the plan sponsored by the System. If they elect to remain in the Plan with their former employer, the same subsidies as above will be paid to offset the cost of coverage. If a member participating in Medicare Parts A & B so elects, they may enroll in one of the CTRB Sponsored Medicare Supplemental Plans. Active members, retirees, and the State pay equally toward the cost of the basic coverage (medical and prescription drug benefits).

Employees are eligible to retire at age 60 with 20 years of credited service in Connecticut, or 35 years of credited service including at least 25 years of service in Connecticut.

Contributions

State of Connecticut - Per Connecticut General Statutes Section 10-183z (which reflects Public Act 79-436 as amended), contribution requirements of active employees and the State of Connecticut are amended and certified by the TRB and appropriated by the General Assembly. The State pays for one third of plan costs through an annual appropriation in the General Fund.

Employers - School District employers are not required to make contributions to the Plan.

Employees/Retirees - The cost of providing plan benefits is financed on a pay-as-you-go basis as follows: active teachers' pay for one third of the Plan costs through a contribution of 1.25% of their pensionable salaries, and retired teachers pay for one third of the Plan costs through monthly premiums, which helps reduce the cost of health insurance for eligible retired members and dependents.

Administrative Expenses

Administrative costs of the Plan are to be paid by the General Assembly per Section 10-183r of the Connecticut General Statutes.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 11 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

Connecticut Teachers' Retirement System (Continued)

Basis of Presentation

The components associated with the other postemployment benefits (OPEB) expense and deferred outflows and inflows of resources have been determined using the unrecognized portions of each year's experience and assumption changes as audited by the State of Connecticut Auditors of Public Accounts as part of the State of Connecticut Annual Comprehensive Financial Report as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022. The net OPEB liability has been calculated using the audited amounts. TRS is included in the State of Connecticut audit as a pension trust fund. The State of Connecticut's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report can be obtained at www.ct.gov.

The accounting standards require participating employers to recognize their proportional share of the collective net OPEB liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources and OPEB expense on the accrual basis of accounting. Contributions remitted by the State are recognized when legally due, based upon statutory requirements.

Allocation Methodology

The allocations for participating employers are based on the expected contribution for each participating employer. The employer allocations were then applied to the net OPEB liability and OPEB expense to determine the amount applicable to each employer. Based upon the employee contributions made by the employees of each employer, as compared to the total employee contributions, an employer allocation percentage is calculated to six decimal places and is used to allocate the elements noted above. The employer allocation applied to the District totaled 0.257% as of the most recent measurement date.

Collective Net OPEB Liability

The following summarizes the collective net OPEB liability of the State for the TRS as of June 30, 2022, the measurement date, in addition to the Town's and State's proportionate shares of the collective net OPEB liability that is attributed to the Town:

\$ 1,603,585,0	00
Proportionate Sha	re
\$ -	
\$ 4.115.0	000
	\$ 4,115,0

Collective OPEB Expense

The Town's expected contribution effort for allocation purposes totaled \$52,400 or 0.257% of the total expected contribution effort. The Town has recognized this amount as an on-behalf payment into the TRS as intergovernmental revenues and related education expenditures in the General Fund for the year ended June 30, 2023.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 11 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

Connecticut Teachers' Retirement System (Continued)

Collective OPEB Expense (Continued)

The collective OPEB expense includes certain current period changes in the collective net OPEB liability, projected earnings on OPEB plan investments and the amortization of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources for the current period. The portion of the collective OPEB expense attributed to the Town totaled \$248,054 or 0.257% of the total collective OPEB expense and has been recognized as an operating contribution and related education expense in the statement of activities for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurements:

Inflation 2.50% Real Wage Growth 0.50% Wage Inflation 3.00%

Salary increases 3.00% - 6.50%, including inflation Investment rate of return 3.00%, net of OPEB plan investment

expense, including inflation

Discount rate 3.53%, net of OPEB plan investment

expense, including inflation

Healthcare cost trend rates:

Medicare Known increases until calendar year

2024, then general trend decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.5% by 2031

Mortality rates were based on the PubT-2010 Healthy Retiree Table, adjusted 105% for males and 103% for females as ages 82 and above, projected generationally with MP-2019 for the period after service retirement.

Long-Term Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial valuation process. Several factors are considered in evaluation the long-term rate of return assumption, including the Plan's current asset allocations and a log-normal distribution analysis using the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class. The long-term expected rate of return was determined by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The assumption is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected		
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return		
U.S. Treasuries (Cash Equivalents)	100.0%	-0.98%		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 11 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

<u>Connecticut Teachers' Retirement System (Continued)</u>

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.53%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with the applicable standards. The projection's basis was an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022. In addition to the actuarial methods and assumptions of the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation, the following actuarial methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Total payroll for the initial projection year consists of the payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date. In subsequent projection years, total payroll was assumed to increase annual at a rate of 3.00%.
- Employee contributions were assumed to be made at the current member contribution rate.
 Employee contributions for future plan members were used to reduce the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members.
- Annual State contributions were assumed to be equal to the most recent five-year average of state contributions toward the fund.

Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be depleted in 2023 and, as a result, the Municipal Bond Index Rate of 3.54% was used in the determination of the single equivalent rate of 3.53%.

NOTE 12 - FUND BALANCE

Fund Balance Policy

It is the Town's policy to maintain a fund balance in the General Fund between 10% and 20% of operating expenditures. A gradual increase of 1% per year is required under this policy to restore the General Fund unassigned balance should it fall below the minimum level. As of June 30, 2023, unassigned fund balance in the General Fund represented 24.5% of the Town's approved budgeted operating revenues for the fiscal year 2023-2024 General Fund budget.

The various components of fund balance as of June 30, 2023 are as follows:

	_	eneral Fund	Non	oital and recurring Fund	Pro	pital jects und	G	own rant und	Gov	onmajor ernmental Funds	Gov	Total vernmental Funds
Nonspendable:												
Prepaid and inventories	\$	1,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,802	\$	5,802
Restricted for:												
Small Cities grant program		-		-		-		-		39,284		39,284
Town programs		-		-		-	1	04,265		253,410		357,675
Maintenance of cemeteries		-		-		-		-		5,439		5,439
Educational activities		-		-		-		-		611,058		611,058
Roads and dams		-		-	49	3,108		-		-		493,108
		-		-	49	3,108	1	04,265		909,191		1,506,564
												(Continued)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 12 - FUND BALANCE (Continued)

	General Fund	Capital and Nonrecurring Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Town Grant Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Committed for:						
Capital purposes	\$ -	\$ 6,245,191	\$ 2,607	\$ -	\$ 94,096	\$ 6,341,894
Other purposes:						
Heart & hypertension	350,727	-	-	-	-	350,727
Storm emergencies	163,982	-	-	-	-	163,982
BOE Nonlapsing	478,380	-	-	-	-	478,380
Parks and recreation programs	-	-	-	-	19,847	19,847
Police	-	-	-	-	109,017	109,017
Sewer operations	-	-	-	-	1,969,050	1,969,050
Assessments - debt service	-	-	-	-	898,119	898,119
Pre-K	-	-	-	-	24,552	24,552
School cafeteria	-	-	-	-	276,873	276,873
Family resource center	-	-	-	-	72,162	72,162
Youth services	-	-	-	-	105,857	105,857
Broad Brook Fire Department	-	-	-	-	180,527	180,527
Other purposes	-				54,382	54,382
	993,089	-	-	-	3,710,386	4,703,475
Assigned to:						
Use in fiscal year 2023 budget	1,200,000	-	-	-	-	1,200,000
Encumbrances - public works	35,975	-	-	-	-	35,975
Encumbrances - education	262,880					262,880
	1,498,855	-	-	-	-	1,498,855
Unassigned	10,858,186					10,858,186
	\$ 13,351,130	\$ 6,245,191	\$ 495,715	\$ 104,265	\$ 4,718,475	\$ 24,914,776
					<u> </u>	

NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees or acts of God. The Town purchases commercial insurance for all risks of loss except workers' compensation and liability-automobile-property insurance for which it participates in risk sharing pools. During the year ended June 30, 2023 deductibles paid by the Town were insignificant. Neither the Town nor its insurers have settled any claims which exceeded the Town's insurance coverage during the past three years. In addition, there have been no significant reductions in pooled or insured liability coverage from coverage in the prior year.

The Town is a member of the Connecticut Interlocal Risk Management Agency (CIRMA), an unincorporated association of Connecticut local public agencies that was formed in 1980 by the Connecticut Conference of Municipalities for the purpose of establishing and administering an interlocal risk management program.

Workers' Compensation Pool

The Town is a member of CIRMA's Workers' Compensation Pool, a risk-sharing pool. The Workers' Compensation Pool provides statutory benefits pursuant to the provisions of the Connecticut Workers' Compensation Act. The coverage is subject to an incurred loss retrospective rating plan, and losses incurred in the coverage period will be evaluated at 18, 30 and 42 months after the effective date of coverage. The premium is subject to payroll audit at the close of the coverage period. CIRMA's Workers' Compensation Pool retains \$1,000,000 per occurrence.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

Liability-Automobile-Property Pool

The Town is a member of CIRMA's Liability-Automobile-Property Pool, a risk-sharing pool. The Liability-Automobile-Property Pool provides general liability, automobile liability, employee benefit liability, law enforcement liability, public officials and property coverage. The premium is subject to these coverages, and claims and expense payments falling within the deductible amounts are the responsibility of the Town. CIRMA's Liability-Automobile-Property Pool retains \$1,000,000 per occurrence for each line of liability coverage.

NOTE 14 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance

The Town has received state and federal funding for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursement to the grantor agency for any expenditure disallowed under terms of the grant. Based on prior experience, Town management believes such disallowances, if any, will not be material.

Legal Contingencies

The Town, in the normal course of operations, is named as defendants in lawsuits, tax appeals, administrative proceedings and other miscellaneous claims. The outcome and eventual liability to the Town, if any, for such matters are not known at this time. The Town's management, based upon consultation with legal counsel, estimates that potential claims against the Town, not covered by insurance, resulting from such matters would not materially affect the financial position of the Town.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS - GENERAL FUND (UNAUDITED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Budgeted	Amo	unts			riance With nal Budget
		Original		Final	Actual	٥١	ver (Under)
REVENUES	<u></u>				_		_
Property taxes	\$	34,960,697	\$	34,960,697	\$ 35,147,410	\$	186,713
Intergovernmental		6,546,050		6,546,050	6,832,722		286,672
Local revenues		579,220		579,220	3,121,349		2,542,129
Revenues from use of money		25,000		25,000	 506,048		481,048
Total revenues		42,110,967		42,110,967	45,607,529		3,496,562
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government		2,360,280		2,459,734	2,368,102		(91,632)
Public safety		4,076,811		4,110,026	3,984,415		(125,611)
Public works		3,846,774		3,924,961	3,838,181		(86,780)
Community services		1,065,337		1,194,508	1,136,323		(58,185)
Employee benefits		3,460,562		3,425,562	3,239,212		(186,350)
Contingency		180,000		73,223	71,673		(1,550)
Debt service		1,128,133		483,133	465,278		(17,855)
Total Town	<u></u>	16,117,897		15,671,147	15,103,184		(567,963)
Current:							
Education		25,725,000		25,725,000	 25,686,051		(38,949)
Total expenditures		41,842,897		41,396,147	40,789,235		(606,912)
Excess of revenues over							
expenditures		268,070		714,820	4,818,294		4,103,474
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Appropriation of fund balance		750,000		2,060,000	-		(2,060,000)
Transfers in		-		-	6,944		6,944
Transfers out		(1,018,070)		(2,774,820)	(2,774,820)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		(268,070)		(714,820)	(2,767,876)		(2,053,056)
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 2,050,418	\$	2,050,418

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY PENSION PLAN (UNAUDITED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Rounded to Nearest Thousand)

	2023		2022	2021	2020	2019	2018		2017	2016	2015		2014
Total pension liability				 							 		
Service cost	\$ 1,091,000	\$	1,064,000	\$ 797,000	\$ 1,049,000	\$ 875,000	\$ 901,000	\$	801,000	\$ 778,000	\$ 668,000	\$	667,000
Interest	2,576,000		2,463,000	2,373,000	2,289,000	2,112,000	2,019,000		1,916,000	1,817,000	1,681,000		1,602,000
Changes in benefit terms	3,000		(107,000)	122,000	-	-	-		-	-	-		-
Differences between expected and actual experience	1,349,000		394,000	(71,000)	(31,000)	319,000	270,000		(62,000)	561,000	-		-
Changes of assumptions	(151,000)		-	545,000	1,042,000	-	-		2,301,000	-	-		-
Benefit payments, including refunds	 (2,157,000)	((1,936,000)	 (1,772,000)	(1,591,000)	(1,498,000)	 (1,337,000)		(1,258,000)	(1,126,000)	(1,159,000)		(1,007,000)
Net change in total pension liability	2,711,000		1,878,000	1,994,000	2,758,000	1,808,000	 1,853,000		3,698,000	2,030,000	1,190,000		1,262,000
Total pension liability - beginning	 41,181,000	3	39,303,000	37,309,000	34,551,000	32,743,000	 30,890,000		27,192,000	25,162,000	23,972,000		22,710,000
Total pension liability - ending	43,892,000	4	1,181,000	39,303,000	37,309,000	34,551,000	32,743,000		30,890,000	27,192,000	25,162,000		23,972,000
	·												
Plan fiduciary net position													
Contributions - employer	1,275,000		1,497,000	1,414,000	1,345,000	1,307,000	1,229,000		967,000	913,000	959,000		939,000
Contributions - members	431,000		397,000	314,000	302,000	298,000	295,000		290,000	300,000	252,000		272,000
Net investment income	3,621,000		(4,516,000)	7,084,000	1,739,000	1,572,000	2,281,000		2,194,000	524,000	917,000		2,776,000
Benefit payments, including refunds	(2,157,000)	((1,936,000)	(1,772,000)	(1,591,000)	(1,498,000)	(1,337,000)		(1,258,000)	(1,126,000)	(1,042,000)		(1,007,000)
Administrative expense	 (35,000)		(31,000)	 (39,000)	(31,000)	 (22,000)	 (26,000)	_	(24,000)	 (38,000)	 (40,000)	_	(30,000)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	3,135,000	((4,589,000)	7,001,000	1,764,000	1,657,000	2,442,000		2,169,000	573,000	1,046,000		2,950,000
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	 32,140,000	3	36,729,000	29,728,000	27,964,000	 26,307,000	 23,865,000		21,696,000	21,123,000	 20,077,000		17,127,000
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	 35,275,000	3	32,140,000	 36,729,000	29,728,000	 27,964,000	 26,307,000		23,865,000	 21,696,000	 21,123,000	_	20,077,000
Town's net pension liability	\$ 8,617,000	\$	9,041,000	\$ 2,574,000	\$ 7,581,000	\$ 6,587,000	\$ 6,436,000	\$	7,025,000	\$ 5,496,000	\$ 4,039,000	\$	3,895,000
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	80.37%		78.05%	93.45%	79.68%	80.94%	80.34%		77.26%	79.79%	83.95%		83.75%
Covered payroll	\$ 8,946,515	\$	9,609,334	\$ 10,028,745	\$ 8,330,913	\$ 8,385,439	\$ 7,839,918	\$	7,520,064	\$ 6,477,145	\$ 6,617,466	\$	6,035,101
Town's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	96.32%		94.09%	25.67%	91.00%	78.55%	82.09%		93.42%	84.85%	61.04%		64.54%

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS AND INVESTMENT RETURNS PENSION PLAN (UNAUDITED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	 2023	 2022	 2021	 2020	 2019	 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 1,275,264	\$ 1,496,613	\$ 1,413,241	\$ 1,344,995	\$ 1,306,989	\$ 1,228,568	\$ 946,526	\$ 862,350	\$ 959,089	\$ 938,840
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	 1,275,264	 1,496,613	 1,413,241	 1,344,995	 1,306,989	 1,228,568	 966,582	 912,750	 959,089	 938,840
Contribution (excess) deficiency	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 	\$ 	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (20,056)	\$ (50,400)	\$ -	\$
Covered payroll	\$ 8,946,515	\$ 9,609,334	\$ 10,028,745	\$ 8,330,913	\$ 8,385,439	\$ 7,839,918	\$ 7,520,064	\$ 6,477,145	\$ 6,617,466	\$ 6,035,101
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	14.25%	15.57%	14.09%	16.14%	15.59%	15.67%	12.85%	14.09%	14.49%	15.56%
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	11.16%	-12.10%	24.12%	6.29%	6.05%	9.68%	10.16%	2.50%	4.54%	16.12%

SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE COLLECTIVE NET PENSION LIABILITY - CONNECTICUT TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (UNAUDITED)

LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS*

(Rounded to nearest thousand)

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Town's proportion of the collective net pension liability	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Town's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
State's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability									
attributed to the Town	46,989,000	38,052,000	48,045,000	44,910,000	34,629,000	34,283,000	36,169,000	26,839,000	24,807,000
Total	\$ 46,989,000	\$ 38,052,000	\$ 48,045,000	\$ 44,910,000	\$ 34,629,000	\$ 34,283,000	\$ 36,169,000	\$ 26,839,000	\$ 24,807,000
Town's covered payroll	\$ 11,731,000	\$ 11,474,000	\$ 11,097,000	\$ 11,547,000	\$ 11,368,000	\$ 10,871,000	\$ 10,478,000	\$ 9,992,000	\$ 9,631,000
Town's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total collective pension liability	54.06%	60.77%	49.24%	52.00%	57.69%	55.93%	52.26%	59.50%	61.51%

^{*} This schedule is intended to show information for ten years and additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN (UNAUDITED) LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS*

(Rounded to Nearest Thousand)

	2023 2022		2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	
Total OPEB liability	 							
Service cost	\$ 69,000	\$	58,000	\$ 69,000	\$ 114,000	\$ 159,000	\$ 121,000	\$ 113,000
Interest	153,000		150,000	309,000	306,000	276,000	268,000	260,000
Changes in benefit terms	-		-	(1,000)	-	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	712,000		-	(2,315,000)	-	1,131,000	-	-
Changes of assumptions	105,000		-	(180,000)	-	(763,000)	-	-
Benefit payments, including refunds	 (177,000)		(159,000)	(311,000)	(320,000)	(306,000)	(284,000)	 (230,000)
Net change in total OPEB liability	862,000		49,000	(2,429,000)	100,000	497,000	105,000	143,000
Total OPEB liability - beginning	 2,462,000		2,413,000	4,842,000	4,742,000	4,245,000	4,140,000	 3,997,000
Total OPEB liability - ending	3,324,000		2,462,000	2,413,000	4,842,000	4,742,000	4,245,000	4,140,000
Plan fiduciary net position								
Contributions	180,000		179,000	391,000	445,000	436,000	349,000	351,000
Net investment income	181,000		(216,000)	347,000	73,000	69,000	78,000	73,000
Benefit payments, including refunds	(177,000)		(159,000)	(311,000)	(320,000)	(306,000)	(284,000)	(230,000)
Administrative expense	 (28,000)		(25,000)	 (3,000)	 (27,000)	 (5,000)	 (23,000)	 (4,000)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	156,000		(221,000)	424,000	171,000	194,000	120,000	190,000
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	 1,595,000		1,816,000	1,392,000	1,221,000	1,027,000	907,000	 717,000
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	 1,751,000		1,595,000	 1,816,000	 1,392,000	 1,221,000	 1,027,000	 907,000
Town's net OPEB liability	\$ 1,573,000	\$	867,000	\$ 597,000	\$ 3,450,000	\$ 3,521,000	\$ 3,218,000	\$ 3,233,000
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage								
of total OPEB liability	52.68%		64.78%	75.26%	28.75%	25.75%	24.19%	21.91%
Covered payroll	\$ 20,622,629	\$	19,500,635	\$ 19,500,635	\$ 19,526,175	\$ 19,526,175	\$ 19,046,175	\$ 19,046,175
Town's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	7.63%		4.45%	3.06%	17.67%	18.03%	16.90%	16.97%

^{*} This schedule is intended to show information for ten years and additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS AND INVESTMENT RETURNS OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN (UNAUDITED) LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS*

	 2023	_	2022	 2021	 2020	 2019	2018	 2017
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 148,592	\$	166,855	\$ 405,936	\$ 399,903	\$ 350,117	\$ 337,621	\$ 297,826
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution:	180,166		179,419	390,886	444,902	436,469	348,860	351,387
Contribution (excess) deficiency	\$ (31,574)	\$	(12,564)	\$ 15,050	\$ (44,999)	\$ (86,352)	\$ (11,239)	\$ (53,561)
Covered payroll	\$ 20,622,629	\$	19,500,635	\$ 19,500,635	\$ 19,526,175	\$ 19,526,175	\$ 19,046,175	\$ 19,046,175
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.87%		0.92%	2.00%	2.28%	2.24%	1.83%	1.84%
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	11.42%		-11.93%	24.62%	5.72%	6.65%	8.55%	9.41%

^{*} This schedule is intended to show information for ten years and additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE COLLECTIVE NET OPEB LIABILITY -

CONNECTICUT TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (UNAUDITED)

LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS*

(Rounded to Nearest Thousand)

		2023	2022			2021	2020			2019		2018
Town's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%
Town's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
State's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability												
attributed to the Town	_	4,115,000	_	4,146,000		7,166,000	_	7,004,039		6,922,000	_	8,824,000
Total	<u>\$</u>	4,115,000	<u>></u>	4,146,000	<u> </u>	7,166,000	<u>\$</u>	7,004,039	<u> </u>	6,922,000	<u> </u>	8,824,000
Town's covered employee payroll	\$	11,731,000	\$	11,474,000	\$	11,097,000	\$	11,547,000	\$	11,368,000	\$	10,871,000
Town's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability												
as a percentage of its covered payroll		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total collective OPEB liability		9.46%		6.11%		2.50%		2.08%		1.49%		1.79%

^{*} This schedule is intended to show information for ten years and additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - BUDGETARY INFORMATION

The Town adheres to the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data included in the General Fund financial statements.

- The Board of Finance prepares the budget from information furnished by various Town departments and Board of Selectmen recommendations. The operating budgets include proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- The budget is presented at a public hearing before being formally voted on at a Town Referendum.
- The legal level of budgetary control, the level at which expenditures may not exceed appropriations, is established at the department, office, board or commission level.
- Additional appropriations may be made during the year based upon recommendations of the Board of Finance and subject to Town meeting approval.
- Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year.
- The Board of Education, which is not a separate legal entity but a function of the Town, is authorized under state law to make any transfers within their budget at their discretion. Any additional appropriations must have Board of Education, Board of Finance and, if necessary, Town Meeting approval.
- The budget is prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. "On-behalf" payments made by the State of Connecticut into the State Teacher's Retirement System are not recorded for budgetary purposes.
- Encumbrances are recognized as a valid and proper charge against a budget appropriation in the year in which the purchase order, contract or other commitment is issued and, accordingly, encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported in budgetary reports as expenditures of the current year.
- Generally, all unexpended appropriations lapse at year-end, except those for the Capital Projects Funds. Appropriations for capital projects are continued until completion of applicable projects, even when projects extend more than one fiscal year.

As described above, accounting principles applied for purposes of developing data on a budgetary basis differ from those used to present financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP basis).

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 2 - BUDGETARY INFORMATION (Continued)

A reconciliation of General Fund amounts presented on the budgetary basis to amounts presented on the GAAP basis is as follows for the year ended June 30, 2023:

	Total Revenues	E	Total kpenditures	Fin	Other ancing Uses	t Change in nd Balance
Budgetary basis "On-behalf" payments - State Teachers Retirement	\$ 45,607,529	\$	40,789,235	\$	(2,767,876)	\$ 2,050,418
Fund	3,757,178		3,757,178		-	-
Change in encumbrances	-		(298,855)		-	298,855
Reimbursement for certain grant costs recorded as a reduction to expenditures for budgetary purposes	617,543		617,543		-	-
Budgetary perspective differences funds combined for GAAP financial reporting purposes: Warehouse Point Fire Fund	37,558		26,974		-	10,584
Reclassification of transfers	 		(30,000)		(30,000)	
GAAP basis	\$ 50,019,808	\$	44,862,075	\$	(2,797,876)	\$ 2,359,857

NOTE 2 - SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY - TOWN EMPLOYEE PENSION PLAN

The Town began to report the schedule of net pension liability when it implemented GASB Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans - An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 25, in fiscal year 2014. GASB Statement No. 67 requires the information within this schedule to be presented for the ten most recent fiscal years.

Actuarial valuations are prepared every two years with the most recent available actuarial valuation performed as of July 1, 2022.

Benefit Changes - There were no changes in benefit terms that had a significant effect on the measurement of the total pension liability.

Assumption Changes - There were no changes in benefit terms that had a significant effect on the measurement of the total pension liability.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 3 - SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS AND INVESTMENT RETURNS - TOWN EMPLOYEE PENSION PLAN

The Town began to report the schedule of net pension liability when it implemented GASB Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans - An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 25, in fiscal year 2014. GASB Statement No. 67 requires the information within this schedule to be presented for the ten most recent fiscal years.

Actuarial determined contribution rates are calculated as of July 1, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates for 2023 are as follows:

Actuarial cost method: Projected Unit Credit

Amortization method:

Remaining amortization period:

Asset valuation method:

Level percent
Closed 12 years
Market value

Investment rate of return: 6.25% Salary increases: 3.50%

Mortality PubG-2010 Combined Healthy Mortality with generational projection per MP-2019 Ultimate Scale.

NOTE 4 - SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE COLLECTIVE NET PENSION LIABILITY - CONNECTICUT TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

The Town began to report this schedule when it implemented GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, in fiscal year 2015. GASB Statement No. 68 requires the information within this schedule to be presented for the ten most recent fiscal years.

Actuarial valuations are prepared every two years with the most recent available actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022. The liabilities were estimated based on a measurement date of June 30, 2022. The employer allocations were then applied to the net pension liability and pension expense to determine the amount applicable to each employer. This information is utilized by the Town for reporting as of June 30, 2023.

Benefit Changes - There were no benefit term changes that had a significant effect on the measurement of the collective net pension liability reported as of June 30, 2023.

Assumption Changes - There were no changes in assumptions that had a significant effect on the measurement of the collective net pension liability reported as of June 30, 2023.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 5 - SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENFEITS PLAN

The Town began to report this schedule when it implemented GASB Statement No. 74, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension, in fiscal year 2017. GASB Statement No. 74 requires the information within this schedule to be presented for the ten most recent fiscal years.

Actuarial valuations are prepared every two years with the most recent available actuarial valuation performed as of July 1, 2021.

Benefit Changes - There were no changes in benefit terms that had a significant effect on the measurement of the total pension liability.

Assumption Changes - There were no changes in benefit terms that had a significant effect on the measurement of the total pension liability.

NOTE 6 - SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS AND INVESTMENT RETURNS - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN

The Town began to report this schedule when it implemented GASB Statement No. 74, *Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans*, in fiscal year 2017. GASB Statement No. 74 requires the information within this schedule to be presented for the ten most recent fiscal years.

Actuarially determined contributions rates are calculated as of July 1, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates for 2023 are as follows:

Actuarial cost method: Entry Age Normal Amortization method: Level Percentage Remaining amortization period: 18 years, closed Asset valuation method: Market value

Actuarial assumptions:

Investment rate of return 6.25%
Discount rate 6.25%
Inflation rate 2.60%
Healthcare cost trend rate: Initial 5.30%
Ultimate 4.10%

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 7 - SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS LIABILITY - CONNECTICUT TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

The Town began to report this schedule when it implemented GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension*, in fiscal year 2018. GASB Statement No. 75 requires the information within this schedule to be presented for the ten most recent fiscal years.

Actuarial valuations are prepared every two years with the most recent available actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022. The liabilities were estimated based on a measurement date of June 30, 2022. The employer allocations were then applied to the net OPEB liability and OPEB expense to determine the amount applicable to each employer. This information is utilized by the Town for reporting as of June 30, 2023.

Benefit Changes - There were no benefit term changes that had a significant effect on the measurement of the collective net OPEB liability reported as of June 30, 2023.

Assumption Changes - The following assumption changes had a significant effect on the measurement of the collective net OPEB liability reported as of June 30, 2023.

- The discount rate was increased from 2.17% to 3.53% to reflect the change in the Municipal Bond Index rate.
- The expected annual per capita claims costs were updated to better reflect anticipated medical and prescription drug claim experience both before and after the plan change that became effective on January 1, 2019.
- o The expected rate of inflation was decreased and the Real Wage Growth assumption was increased.



GENERAL FUND

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - GENERAL FUND AS OF JUNE 30, 2023

		General Fund	Heart & pertension Fund	Er	Storm nergency Fund	arehouse oint Fire Fund	No	BOE onlapsing Fund	El	liminations	Combined eneral Fund
ASSETS											
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	17,014,683	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 17,014,683
Receivables:											
Property taxes and interest, net		1,403,416	-		-	-		-		-	1,403,416
Lease		91,352	-		-	-		-		-	91,352
Other		29,157	-		-	890		-		-	30,047
Due from other funds		212,963	350,727		163,982	29,289		478,380		(1,022,378)	212,963
Other		1,000	 -		-	 -		-			 1,000
Total assets	\$	18,752,571	\$ 350,727	\$	163,982	\$ 30,179	\$	478,380	\$	(1,022,378)	\$ 18,753,461
LIABILITIES											
Accounts payable	\$	1,212,312	\$ -	\$	_	\$ -	\$	_	\$	-	\$ 1,212,312
Salaries and benefits payable		400,688	-		-	-		_		-	400,688
Due to other funds		2,779,858	-		-	-		_		(1,022,378)	1,757,480
Deposits payable		637,018	-		-	-		-		-	637,018
Total liabilities		5,029,876	-		-	-		-		(1,022,378)	4,007,498
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES											
Unavailable revenue		1,303,481	-		_	-		_		-	1,303,481
Lease related		91,352	_		_	_		_		-	91,352
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,394,833	-		-	-		-		-	1,394,833
FUND BALANCES											
Nonspendable		1,000	_		_	_		_		_	1,000
Committed		-,	350,727		163,982	_		478,380		_	993,089
Assigned		1,498,855	-		-	_		-		_	1,498,855
Unassigned		10,828,007	_		_	30,179		_		_	10,858,186
Total fund balances	_	12,327,862	 350,727		163,982	 30,179	_	478,380			 13,351,130
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	_	,0,,00_	 300,.27			 50,2.5	_	,			
resources, and fund balances	\$	18,752,571	\$ 350,727	\$	163,982	\$ 30,179	\$	478,380	\$	(1,022,378)	\$ 18,753,461

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	General Fund	Heart & Dertension Fund	Storm Emergency Fund	1	Warehouse Point Fire Fund	No	BOE onlapsing Fund	Elim	inations	Combined General Fund
REVENUES										
Property taxes	\$ 35,147,410	\$ -	\$ -		\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 35,147,410
Intergovernmental	11,207,443	-	-		-		-		-	11,207,443
Charges for services	3,121,299	-	-		37,558		-		-	3,158,857
Investment earnings	506,048	-	-		-		-		-	506,048
Other	50	-	-		-		-		-	50
Total revenues	49,982,250	 -			37,558		-		-	50,019,808
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
General government	2,368,102	-	-		26,974		-		-	2,395,076
Public safety	4,056,088	-	-		-		-		-	4,056,088
Public works	3,802,206	-	-		-		-		-	3,802,206
Community services	1,136,323	-	-		-		-		-	1,136,323
Employee benefits	3,239,212	-	-		-		-		-	3,239,212
Education	29,767,892	-	-		-		-		-	29,767,892
Debt service	465,278	-	-		-		-		-	465,278
Total expenditures	44,835,101	-	-		26,974		-		-	44,862,075
Excess of revenues										
over expenditures	5,147,149	-	-		10,584		-		-	5,157,733
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers in	6,944	-	-		-		-		-	6,944
Transfers out	(2,804,820)	-	-		-		-		-	(2,804,820)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (2,797,876)	-	-		-		-		-	(2,797,876)
Net change in fund balances	2,349,273	-	-		10,584		-		-	2,359,857
Fund balances - beginning	9,978,589	350,727	163,982	<u>. </u>	19,595		478,380			10,991,273
Fund balances - ending	\$ 12,327,862	\$ 350,727	\$ 163,982	<u>?</u> ===	\$ 30,179	\$	478,380	\$	-	\$ 13,351,130

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budgeted	l Amounts		Variance With Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Over (Under)
PROPERTY TAXES				
Current and prior year levies	\$ 34,860,697	\$ 34,860,697	\$ 34,880,849	\$ 20,152
Interest and lien fees	100,000	100,000	266,561	166,561
Total property taxes	34,960,697	34,960,697	35,147,410	186,713
INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUES				
Educational cost sharing grant	5,669,122	5,669,122	5,490,926	(178,196)
Adult education	15,045	15,045	15,583	538
Tax exempt property - totally disabled persons	1,650	1,650	1,937	287
Tax relief - veterans	5,850	5,850	6,256	406
Town aid road grant	270,518	270,518	265,336	(5,182)
Mashantucket Pequot and Mohegan Fund grant	15,432	15,432	15,432	-
Payment in lieu of taxes on State owned property	548,433	548,433	548,433	_
Telephone access grant	15,000	15,000	17,980	2,980
Pro-rata share of CT fines	5,000	5,000	9,238	4,238
Motor vehicle tax cap reimbursement	-	-	236,724	236,724
Revenue sharing	_	_	224,877	224,877
Total intergovernmental revenues	6,546,050	6,546,050	6,832,722	286,672
LOCAL REVENUES				
Assessor	300	300	90	(210)
Building Department	250,000	250,000	2,435,454	2,185,454
Town Clerk	220,100	220,100	344,429	124,329
Land use permits	13,800	13,800	19,635	5,835
Dial-A-Ride	3,000	3,000	2,202	(798)
Police Department	10,500	10,500	11,715	1,215
Public Works	2,500	2,500	5,720	3,220
Treasurer	35,200	35,200	249,070	213,870
Greater Hartford Transit District	7,000	7,000	7,420	420
Parks and Recreation	32,500	32,500	41,754	9,254
Aircraft miscellaneous	4,300	4,300	3,810	(490)
Other	20	20	50	30
Total licenses, fees and charges				
for goods and services	579,220	579,220	3,121,349	2,542,129
REVENUES FROM THE USE OF MONEY				
Interest on deposits	25,000	25,000	506,048	481,048
Total revenues from the use of money	25,000	25,000	506,048	481,048
Total revenues from the use of money	23,000	23,000	300,048	401,040
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Appropriation of Fund Balance	750,000	2,060,000	-	(2,060,000)
Transfers in:				
Sewer Assessment Fund			6,944	6,944
Total other financing sources	750,000	2,060,000	6,944	(2,053,056)
Total revenues and other financing sources	\$ 42,860,967	\$ 44,170,967	\$ 45,614,473	\$ 1,443,506

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Budgeted	Amoi				Fir	iance With nal Budget
		Original		Final		Actual	Ov	er (Under)
GENERAL GOVERNMENT Selectmen	\$	288,939	\$	316,200	ć	306,001	\$	(10 100)
Ethic's Commission	Ş	200,939 750	Ş	750	\$	300,001	Ş	(10,199) (750)
		900		900		- 375		(525)
Diversity Council Arts & Culture Council		4,900		4,900		4,731		(169)
Board of Finance		54,225		54,225		50,057		(4,168)
Assessor		211,903		217,007		206,326		(10,681)
Board of Assessment Appeals		3,300		3,300		200,326 786		(2,514)
Tax Collector		142,314		145,258		140,031		(5,227)
Treasurer		261,653		268,907		261,194		(7,713)
Capital improvement planning		750		750		750		(7,713)
Legal		280,000		325,000		309,805		(15,195)
Activities, Agency Fees & Associations		120,514		120,514		119,593		(921)
Information Technology		283,092		286,341		283,328		(3,013)
Town Clerk		151,873		154,835		149,080		(5,755)
Registrar of Voters		72,889		72,888		70,786		(2,102)
Planning		284,253		287,434		271,144		(16,290)
Planning & Zoning Commission		5,250		5,250		4,621		(629)
Zoning Appeals Board		2,150		2,150		450		(1,700)
Property Insurance		185,000		187,500		186,044		(1,456)
Inlands, Wetlands & Watercourse Agency		2,325		2,325		925		(1,400)
Veterans Commission		900		900		675		(225)
Agricultural Commission		750		750		700		(50)
Conservation Commission		750 750		750		550		(200)
Economic Development Commission		900		900		150		(750)
Total General Government		2,360,280		2,459,734		2,368,102		(91,632)
PUBLIC SAFETY								
Police Department		3,835,585		3,842,056		3,743,034		(99,022)
Police Commission		1,725		1,725		1,500		(225)
Emergency management		41,048		41,048		35,552		(5,496)
Building Department		176,471		188,215		173,321		(14,894)
Communications		21,982		36,982		31,008		(5,974)
Total Public Safety		4,076,811		4,110,026		3,984,415		(125,611)
PUBLIC WORKS								
Public Works		1,157,386		1,150,574		1,096,888		(53,686)
Town property		1,194,443		1,194,442		1,180,109		(14,333)
Road improvements		430,000		430,000		422,960		(7,040)
Building Commission		1,500		1,500		375		(1,125)
Sanitation		1,063,445		1,148,445		1,137,849		(10,596)
Total Public Works		3,846,774		3,924,961		3,838,181		(86,780)
COMMUNITY SERVICES								
Senior Services		256,042		264,179		216,753		(47,426)
Elderly Commission		750		750		-		(750)
Social Services		149,466		266,009		257,208		(8,801)
Libraries		324,750		324,750		324,750		-
Park and Recreation		333,579		338,070		337,612		(458)
Historical Commission		750		750				(750)
Total Community Services		1,065,337		1,194,508		1,136,323		(58,185)
							(Continued)

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS - GENERAL FUND *(Continued)* FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	 Budgeted Original	Amo	unts Final	Actual	Fi	riance With nal Budget ver (Under)
EDUCATION	\$ 25,725,000	\$	25,725,000	\$ 25,686,051	\$	(38,949)
DEBT SERVICE	1,128,133		483,133	465,278		(17,855)
EMPLOYEE BENEFITS	3,460,562		3,425,562	3,239,212		(186,350)
CONTINGENCY	 180,000		73,223	 71,673		(1,550)
Total expenditures	41,842,897		41,396,147	40,789,235		(606,912)
OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers out:						
Dog Fund	39,230		39,230	39,230		-
Youth Service Bureau Fund	28,840		28,840	28,840		-
Capital Nonrecurring Fund	950,000		2,506,750	2,506,750		-
Capital Projects Fund	-		200,000	200,000		-
Total other financing uses	1,018,070		2,774,820	2,774,820		-
Total expenditures and other financing uses	\$ 42,860,967	\$	44,170,967	\$ 43,564,055	\$	(606,912) (Concluded)

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES

BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS - EDUCATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budgete	d Amounts		Variance With Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Over (Under)
EDUCATION				
Teachers	\$ 12,009,950	\$ 12,009,950	\$ 12,012,765	\$ 2,815
Instructional aid/assistant	1,845,331	1,845,331	1,844,116	(1,215)
Substitutes	144,088	144,088	144,088	-
Regular employees	2,086,499	2,086,499	2,099,571	13,072
Overtime	6,525	6,525	6,525	-
Comp bonuses/incentives	260,657	260,657	264,257	3,600
Other	392,032	392,032	396,771	4,739
Group insurance	1,395,294	1,395,294	1,357,549	(37,745)
Dental	110,276	110,276	110,217	(59)
Employer share social security	644,968	644,968	648,023	3,055
Retirement contributions	528,803	528,803	528,803	-
Unemployment compensation	48,000	48,000	35,683	(12,317)
Workers' compensation	125,266	125,266	125,266	-
Purchased professional services	705,705	705,705	703,877	(1,828)
Nursing services	4,969	4,969	4,969	-
Curriculum development	4,316	4,316	4,580	264
Testing/Scoring	21,394	21,394	17,194	(4,200)
Professional educational services	24,185	24,185	36,357	12,172
Technology services	768,260	768,260	766,761	(1,499)
Sports officials	45,282	45,282	44,662	(620)
Utility Services	644,148	644,148	644,395	247
Snow plowing/Sanding	15,200	15,200	15,200	-
Cleaning services	1,764	1,764	1,764	-
Repairs and maintenance	360,404	360,404	360,091	(313)
Building maintenance	160,492	160,492	162,162	1,670
Water/Sewer	38,570	38,570	35,090	(3,480)
Other purchased property services	71,105	71,105	68,976	(2,129)
Student transportation	1,388,751	1,388,751	1,378,431	(10,320)
Postage	12,690	12,690	12,459	(231)
Tuition	1,340,850	1,340,850	1,338,020	(2,830)
Travel reimbursement	15,061	15,061	14,984	(77)
Other purchased services	1,325	1,325	1,325	-
Supplies	8,361	8,361	8,586	225
General supplies	253,990	253,990	254,620	630
Instructional supplies	102,235	102,235	99,893	(2,342)
Admin supplies	5,404	5,404	5,404	-
Textbooks	4,908	4,908	4,908	-
Other supplies	56,655	56,655	55,418	(1,237)
Technology related hardware	2,179	2,179	1,879	(300)
Instructional equipment	1,000	1,000	1,000	-
Technology software	26,705	26,705	26,280	(425)
Other equipment	1,000	1,000	1,000	-
Dues and fees	40,403	40,403	42,132	1,729
Total education	\$ 25,725,000	\$ 25,725,000	\$ 25,686,051	\$ (38,949)

SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAXES LEVIED, COLLECTED AND OUTSTANDING FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

TOWN

Grand List		Balance collected	Current		Lawful Co	rrecti	ons		nsfers To	Balance To Be	_			Collections erest and		- U	Balance ncollected
Year	Jun	e 30, 2022	 Levy	Α	dditions	De	ductions	Sus	pense	 Collected		Taxes	L	ien Fees	 Total	Ju	ne 30, 2023
2021	\$	_	\$ 35,160,435	\$	182,988	\$	99,251	\$	-	\$ 35,244,172	\$	34,490,433	\$	134,109	\$ 34,624,542	\$	753,739
2020		461,570	-		13,767		7,956		-	467,381		281,653		78,632	360,285		185,728
2019		122,091	-		8,654		1,398		-	129,347		53,934		26,789	80,723		75,413
2018		63,566	-		-		74		-	63,492		6,607		-	6,607		56,885
2017		57,069	-		4		-		-	57,073		3,001		3,406	6,407		54,072
2016		47,124	-		190		-		-	47,314		2,160		2,600	4,760		45,154
2015		37,597	-		-		-		-	37,597		952		1,311	2,263		36,645
2014		19,632	-		-		-		-	19,632		237		382	619		19,395
2013		14,867	-		-		-		-	14,867		446		978	1,424		14,421
2012		32,020	-		-		-		-	32,020		591		1,167	1,758		31,429
2011		6,427	-		-		-		-	6,427		303		532	835		6,124
2010		26	 -		-				-	26		-		-	 -		26
	\$	861,989	\$ 35,160,435	\$	205,603	\$	108,679	\$	-	\$ 36,119,348	\$	34,840,317	\$	249,906	\$ 35,090,223	\$	1,279,031

BROAD BROOK FIRE DISTRICT

Grand List		alance collected	Current				Tra	ansfers To	Balance To Be			ollections erest and		_	alance collected	
Year	June	30, 2022	 Levy	Add	ditions	De	ductions	Su	spense	 Collected	 Taxes	Li	en Fees	 Total	June	30, 2023
2021 2020	\$	- 2,460	\$ 974,344 -	\$	244 37	\$	86 68	\$	-	\$ 974,502 2,429	\$ 971,418 2,144	\$	2,068 888	\$ 973,486 3,032	\$	3,084 285
	\$	2,460	\$ 974,344	\$	281	\$	154	\$	-	\$ 976,931	\$ 973,562	\$	2,956	\$ 976,518	\$	3,369

SCHEDULE OF DEBT LIMITATION -

CONNECTICUT GENERAL STATUTES, SECTION 7-374(b)

AS OF JUNE 30, 2023

Total cash collections for the year ended							
June 30, 2023:							
Taxes	\$ 34,840,317	7					
Interest and lien fees	249,906	ò					
Broad Brook Fire District							
(taxes, interest and liens)	976,518	3					
Wharehouse Point Fire District							
(taxes, interest and liens)	987,149	}					
Total	37,053,890)					
Reimbursement for revenue loss:							
Tax relief (CGS 12-129d)	8,193	3					
Base	\$ 37,062,083	3					
	General					Urban	Pension
	Purposes		Schools		Sewers	Renewal	Deficit
Debt limitation:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
2-1/4 times base	\$ 83,389,687	7	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
4-1/2 times base	-		166,779,374		-	-	-
3-3/4 times base	-		-		138,982,811	-	-
3-1/4 times base	-		-		-	120,451,770	-
3 times base						 	 111,186,249
Total debt limitation	83,389,687	<u>'</u> _	166,779,374		138,982,811	120,451,770	 111,186,249
Indebtedness:							
Direct debt:							
Bonds payable	1,930,000)	2,100,000		-	-	-
Notes payable	-		-		1,792,978	-	-
Authorized but unissued debt						 	-
	1,930,000)	2,100,000		1,792,978	-	-
Less: grant reimbursements			(674,866)	*	_	 	-
Total direct debt	1,930,000)	1,425,134		1,792,978	-	-
Overlapping debt:							
Bonds payable - Wharehouse Point Fire District	1,733,333	<u> </u>				 -	
Total indebtedness	3,663,333	<u> </u>	1,425,134		1,792,978	 	 -
Debt limitation in excess of outstanding							
and authorized debt	\$ 79,726,354	<u> </u>	\$ 165,354,240	\$	137,189,833	\$ 120,451,770	\$ 111,186,249
Total capacity of borrowing (7 times base)	\$ 259,434,581	L					
Total present indebtedness	6,881,445						
Margin for additional borrowing	\$ 252,553,136	5					

^{*} Includes State of Connecticut school construction progress payments estimated to be 57.86% of eligible project costs.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET -NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AS OF JUNE 30, 2023

								Nonmajo	or S	pecial Reven	ue F	unds						
		ark and ecreation		Police vate Duty		Dog	(Sewer Operating	4	Sewer ssessment		Sewer Capital	F	Drug orfeiture	Sm	nall Cities	You	th Services
	Pi	rograms		Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund
ASSETS																		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,210,332	\$	1,105,063	\$	100,115	\$	38,193	\$	14,467	\$	-
Investments		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Receivables:																		
Assessments and user charges		-		-		-		168,810		144,353		-		-		-		-
Grants and contracts		-		-		-		9,042		-		-		-		-		-
Other		-		35,766		-		-		-		-		-		24,817		-
Due from other funds		62,948		57,963		44,959		39,805		-		-		2,903		-		130,381
Other		1,341		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total assets	\$	64,289	\$	93,729	\$	44,959	\$	2,427,989	\$	1,249,416	\$	100,115	\$	41,096	\$	39,284	\$	130,381
LIABILITIES																		
Accounts payable	\$	4,334	Ś	_	\$	6,704	\$	38,334	\$	-	\$	_	\$	5,003	\$	_	Ś	24,524
Salaries and benefits payable	•	2,195		18,569	•	1,024		29,174		-	•	_	•	-	•	_	•	-
Due to other funds		-,				-,				206,944		6,019		_		_		_
Unearned revenue		36,572		2,236		_		222,621		-		-		_		_		_
Total liabilities		43,101		20,805	_	7,728	_	290,129		206,944		6,019		5,003		-		24,524
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES																		
Unavailable revenue		-	-	-		-		168,810		144,353		-	-	-		-		-
FUND BALANCES																		
Nonspendable		1,341		_		_		_		-		_		_		_		_
Restricted		-		_		_		_		-		_		_		39,284		_
Committed to:																, ,		
Capital purposes		_		_		_		_		-		94,096		_		_		_
Other purposes		19,847		72,924		37,231		1,969,050		898,119		- ,		36,093		_		105,857
Total fund balances		21,188		72,924		37,231		1,969,050		898,119		94,096		36,093		39,284		105,857
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of		,_50		. –,- – .		,	_	,,		,		,		,		,		,
resources and fund balances	\$	64,289	\$	93,729	\$	44,959	\$	2,427,989	\$	1,249,416	\$	100,115	\$	41,096	\$	39,284	\$	130,381
	<u> </u>		<u></u>		÷		÷		÷		÷		<u> </u>		<u> </u>			Continued)

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET -NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued) AS OF JUNE 30, 2023

					Non	major Specia	l Rev	venue Funds					
	Town onations Fund	В	Broad rook Fire Fund	Senior Center Fund		ducational Program Fund	(School Cafeteria Fund	F	Family Resource nter Fund	Student Activity Fund		Subtotal
ASSETS													
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	63,616	\$	102,825	\$	46,935	\$ 127,661	\$	3,809,207
Investments	-		-	-		-		-		-	-		-
Receivables:													
Assessments and user charges	-		-	-		-		-		-	-		313,163
Grants and contracts	-		-	-		97,007		102,184		-	-		208,233
Other	-		-	-		-		-		-	-		60,583
Due from other funds	255,978		245,649	17,151		460,605		76,182		28,459	-		1,422,983
Other	 -		-	 -		-		3,461		-	 -		4,802
Total assets	\$ 255,978	\$	245,649	\$ 17,151	\$	621,228	\$	284,652	\$	75,394	\$ 127,661	_	5,818,971
LIABILITIES													
Accounts payable	\$ 2,568	\$	23,108	\$ -	\$	343,936	\$	4,318	\$	3,232	\$ -	\$	456,061
Salaries and benefits payable	-		42,014	-		-		-		-	-		92,976
Due to other funds	-		-	-		-		-		-	-		212,963
Unearned revenue	-		-	-		189,845		-		-	-		451,274
Total liabilities	2,568		65,122	 -		533,781		4,318		3,232	-	_	1,213,274
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES													
Unavailable revenue	 -		-	 -		-				-	 		313,163
FUND BALANCES													
Nonspendable	_		_	_		-		3,461		_	_		4,802
Restricted	253,410		-	-		62,895		-		_	127,661		483,250
Committed to:	•					,					•		ŕ
Capital purposes	-		-	_		-		-		-	-		94,096
Other purposes	-		180,527	17,151		24,552		276,873		72,162	-		3,710,386
Total fund balances	 253,410		180,527	 17,151		87,447		280,334		72,162	127,661		4,292,534
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	 •					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		•	 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
resources and fund balances	\$ 255,978	\$	245,649	\$ 17,151	\$	621,228	\$	284,652	\$	75,394	\$ 127,661	\$	5,818,971

(Continued)

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET -NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Concluded) AS OF JUNE 30, 2023

	Nonmajor Permanent Fund								
	Cemetery Trust			holarship Trust			Total Nonmajor Governmental		
		Fund		Fund	9	Subtotal	-	Funds	
ASSETS					-		-		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,439	\$	66,786	\$	72,225	\$	3,881,432	
Investments		-		353,466		353,466		353,466	
Receivables:									
Assessments and user charges		-		-		-		313,163	
Grants and contracts		-		-		-		208,233	
Other		-		-		-		60,583	
Due from other funds		-		250		250		1,423,233	
Other		-		-		-		4,802	
Total assets	\$	5,439	\$	420,502	\$	425,941	\$	6,244,912	
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	456,061	
Salaries and benefits payable	•	-		_	•	_		92,976	
Due to other funds		_		_		_		212,963	
Unearned revenue		-		_		_		451,274	
Total liabilities		-		-		-		1,213,274	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Unavailable revenue		-						313,163	
FUND BALANCES									
Nonspendable		-		-		-		4,802	
Restricted		5,439		420,502		425,941		909,191	
Committed to:									
Capital purposes		-		-		-		94,096	
Other purposes		-		-		-		3,710,386	
Total fund balances		5,439		420,502		425,941		4,718,475	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of									
resources and fund balances	\$	5,439	\$	420,502	\$	425,941	\$	6,244,912	
								(Concluded)	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Park and Police Sewer Sewer Sewer Drug Recreation **Private Duty** Dog Operating Assessment Capital **Forfeiture Small Cities Youth Services Programs** Fund Fund Fund Fund Fund Fund Fund Fund **REVENUES** \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ Property taxes 45,461 19,517 40,250 5,849 Intergovernmental Charges for goods and services 117,110 324,354 8,833 2,074,414 156,543 Investment earnings 66,535 27,843 600 241 257 Other 1,907 Total revenues 117,110 324,354 8,833 2,188,317 184,386 241 20,117 40,507 5,849 **EXPENDITURES** Current: General government Public safety 324,819 31,799 12,877 Public works 2,003,039 Community services 191,720 40,338 11,698 Education Capital outlays 393.645 -Total expenditures 191,720 324,819 31,799 2,396,684 12,877 40,338 11,698 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (74,610)(465)(22,966)(208, 367)184,386 241 7,240 169 (5,849)OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 28,840 39,230 200,000 Transfers out (206,944)Total other financing sources (uses) 39,230 200,000 (206,944) 28,840 Net change in fund balances (74,610)(465)16,264 (8,367)(22,558)241 7,240 169 22,991 Fund balances - beginning 95,798 73,389 20,967 920,677 93,855 28,853 39,115 82,866 1,977,417 Fund balances - ending 21,188 \$ 72,924 \$ 37,231 \$ 1,969,050 \$ 898,119 \$ 94,096 \$ 36,093 \$ 39,284 105,857

(Continued)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds															
	T	own		Broad		Senior	Ec	ducational		School	F	amily	;	Student		
		ations	В	rook Fire		Center		Program	C	afeteria		esource		Activity		
	F	und		Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund	Cen	ter Fund		Fund		Subtotal
REVENUES																
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	976,518	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	976,518
Intergovernmental		-		-		-		2,808,516		652,322		127,072		-		3,698,987
Charges for goods and services		2,885		-		7,597		66,047		3,666		225,385		114,201		3,101,035
Investment earnings		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		95,476
Other		91,357		-		300		-		31,288		-		-		124,852
Total revenues		94,242		976,518		7,897		2,874,563		687,276		352,457		114,201		7,996,868
EXPENDITURES																
Current:																
General government		29,385		-		-		-		-		-		-		29,385
Public safety		24,888		695,228		-		-		-		-		-		1,089,611
Public works		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		2,003,039
Community services		10,287		-		6,207		-		-		-		-		260,250
Education		476		-		-		2,787,116		640,716		335,370		115,471		3,879,149
Capital outlays		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		393,645
Total expenditures		65,036		695,228		6,207		2,787,116		640,716		335,370		115,471		7,655,079
Excess (deficiency) of revenues																
over expenditures		29,206		281,290		1,690		87,447		46,560		17,087		(1,270)		341,789
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)																
Transfers in		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		268,070
Transfers out		-		(200,000)		-		-		-		-		-		(406,944)
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		(200,000)		-	_	-		-		-		-		(138,874)
Net change in fund balances		29,206		81,290		1,690		87,447		46,560		17,087		(1,270)		202,915
Fund balances - beginning		224,204		99,237		15,461				233,774		55,075		128,931		4,089,619
Fund balances - ending	\$	253,410	\$	180,527	\$	17,151	\$	87,447	\$	280,334	\$	72,162	\$	127,661	\$	4,292,534

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Concluded) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Nonmajor Permanent Funds						
Cometery	Scholarshin					

	Nonmajor Permanent Funds							
	Ce	Cemetery		nolarship			To	tal Nonmajor
		Trust		Trust			Go	vernmental
		Fund		Fund		Subtotal		Funds
REVENUES								_
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	976,518
Intergovernmental		-		-		-		3,698,987
Charges for goods and services		-		-		-		3,101,035
Investment earnings		206		134		340		95,816
Other		-		12,785		12,785		137,637
Total revenues		206		12,919		13,125		8,009,993
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government		-		-		-		29,385
Public safety		-		-		-		1,089,611
Public works		-		-		-		2,003,039
Community services		-		-		-		260,250
Education		-		23,087		23,087		3,902,236
Capital outlays		-		-		-		393,645
Total expenditures		-		23,087		23,087		7,678,166
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures		206		(10,168)		(9,962)		331,827
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		-		-		-		268,070
Transfers out		-		-		-		(406,944)
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-		-		(138,874)
Net change in fund balances		206		(10,168)		(9,962)		192,953
Fund balances - beginning		5,233		430,670		435,903		4,525,522
Fund balances - ending	\$	5,439	\$	420,502	\$	425,941	\$	4,718,475
								(Concluded)

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION AND OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS TRUST FUNDS AS OF JUNE 30, 2023

		Pension Trust Fund	Benefits		Total		
ASSETS	<u>-</u>						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	607,783	\$	54,503	\$	662,286	
Investments:							
Mutual funds		27,210,309		1,694,589		28,904,898	
Fixed income securities		7,354,228		-		7,354,228	
Total investments	<u>-</u>	34,564,537		1,694,589		36,259,126	
Interest receivable		150,139		4,219		154,358	
Total assets		35,322,459		1,753,311		37,075,770	
LIABILITIES							
Payables		47,351		1,223		48,574	
Total liabilities		47,351		1,223		48,574	
NET POSITION Restricted for pension and other							
post-employment benefits	\$	35,275,108	\$	1,752,088	\$	37,027,196	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - PENSION AND OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS TRUST FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

ADDITIONS	Pension Trust Fund		Eı	Other Post- mployment Benefits Frust Fund	Total		
ADDITIONS							
Contributions:		4 275 264		4.050	.	4 270 222	
Employer	\$	1,275,264	\$	4,069	\$	1,279,333	
Plan members		430,545				430,545	
Total contributions		1,705,809		4,069		1,709,878	
Investment earnings:							
Interest and dividends		790,344		37,141		827,485	
Net change in the fair							
value of investments, net of fees		2,830,641		143,656		2,974,297	
Total investment earnings		3,620,985		180,797		3,801,782	
Total additions		5,326,794		184,866		5,511,660	
DEDUCTIONS							
Benefit payments		2,157,042		-		2,157,042	
Administrative expenses		34,090		27,700		61,790	
Total deductions	2,191,132		27,700			2,218,832	
Change in net position	3,135,662			157,166		3,292,828	
Net position - beginning		32,139,446		1,594,922		33,734,368	
Net position - ending	\$	35,275,108	\$	1,752,088	\$	37,027,196	

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED) JUNE 30, 2023

I. Amounts of the gross and the net taxable Grand List (October 1, 2022):

1. Gross Taxable Grand List	1,193,478,001
2. Net Taxable Grand List	1,045,318,250

II. Ten largest taxpayers on the October 1, 2022 Grand List, with taxable valuation:

		% of Net Taxable
	Net Assessment	Grand List
1 Eversource	\$ 25,278,890	2.4%
2 The Mansions at Canyon Ridge	21,792,490	2.1%
3 Walmart Stores East, LP	17,427,670	1.7%
4 Southern Auto Sales, Inc.	15,404,570	1.5%
5 Millpond Limited Partnership	14,707,390	1.4%
6 Connecticut Water Company	10,280,710	1.0%
7 East Windsor Properties Ltd Partnership	9,772,210	0.9%
8 Wynwood Apartments Connecticut LP	8,640,270	0.8%
9 RM18 Holdings LLC	8,421,240	0.8%
10 SL 12 South Main Street LLC	7,947,890	0.8%
	\$ 139,673,330	13.4%

III. Percentage of the annual property tax levy uncollected as of the close of the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023:

	Adjusted		llected Taxes	%	
	Levy		e 30, 2023	Uncollecte	
October 1, 2021 Grand List	\$ 35,244,172	\$	753,739	2.1%	

IV. Calculation of debt as of the close of the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023:

Long-Term Debt:	
General obligation bonds payable	\$ 4,030,000
Notes payable	1,792,980
Total Direct Debt	5,822,980
Less:	
Grant reimbursements	(674,866)
Net Direct Debt	5,148,114
Overlapping and Underlying Debt	1,733,333
Total Overall Net Debt	\$ 6,881,447