TOWN OF EAST WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

JUNE 30, 2017

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Independent Auditor's Report

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Finance
Town of East Windsor, Connecticut

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of East Windsor, Connecticut (the "Town") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of East Windsor, Connecticut, as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 12 and the schedules on the Town's pension plan and other post-employment benefit plan on page 52 through 57 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and other supplementary information are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules on pages 58 through 72 are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other supplementary information on pages 73 through 81 have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 27, 2017, on our consideration of the Town's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Mahoney Sabol + Conpany, LLP Glastonbury, Connecticut

December 27, 2017

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The management of the Town of East Windsor, Connecticut (the "Town"), offers readers of its financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Town's governmental activities exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$58,972,399 (net position). Of this amount, \$8,717,637 is considered to be unrestricted. The Town's total net position increased by \$1,094,041.
- The Town's total long-term debt consisting of general obligation bonds, notes payable and capital leases increased by \$5,283,548 or 83.1% during the current fiscal year due to the issuance of \$5,740,000 in general obligation bonds, offset by scheduled principal repayments.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$16,364,818, an increase of \$2,911,582 in comparison with the prior year. Of this amount, \$7,805,063 constitutes unassigned fund balance and is available for new spending.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$8,140,327. Unassigned fund balance is sufficient to cover 2.6 months of and represents 21.6% of total General Fund GAAP basis expenditures.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the Town's assets, deferred outflows and inflows of resources and liabilities, with the residual of these elements reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the Town's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Government-wide Financial Statements (Continued)

Both of the government-wide financial statements display information about the Town's governmental activities which include general government, public safety, conservation and health, highways, sanitation and waste removal, culture and recreation, and education. The Town does not have any business-type activities.

The government-wide financial statements include only the Town itself because there are no legally separate organizations for which the Town is financially accountable. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 13 and 14 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Town can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the Town's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the Town's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Town maintains several individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, the Capital and Nonrecurring Fund, the Capital Projects Fund and the Educational Grants Fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 15 through 19 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the Town government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to the Town's own programs.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 20 through 21 of this report.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 22 through 51 of this report.

Other Information

Required supplementary information and combining and individual fund statements and schedules and other supplementary information can be found on pages 52 through 81 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net Position

Over time, net position may serve as one measure of a government's financial position. Total net position of the Town totaled \$58,972,399 and \$57,878,358 as of June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively. The decrease in other liabilities reflects the retirement of bond anticipation notes payable in the amount of \$4,900,000, which was retired through the issuance of \$3,000,000 in general obligation bonds with the remaining balance paid from reimbursements received from the State of Connecticut. In addition, the Town issued \$2,740,000 in general obligation bonds during the current fiscal year to fund road improvements. The decrease in unrestricted net position reflects an increase in the Town's net pension liability of approximately \$1.5 million, which is primarily due to the Town decreasing the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability from 7.0% to 6.5%.

	2017	2016
Current and other assets	\$ 20,784,649	\$ 21,381,463
Capital assets	59,313,345	57,717,740
Total assets	80,097,994	79,099,203
Deferred outflows of resources	2,475,425	1,547,289
Other liabilities	2,760,284	9,067,631
Long-term liabilities	20,736,415	13,625,561
Total liabilities	23,496,699	22,693,192
Deferred inflows of resources	104,321	74,942
Net position:		
Net investment in capital assets	50,159,825	47,177,997
Restricted	94,937	69,877
Unrestricted	8,717,637	10,630,484
Total net position	\$ 58,972,399	\$ 57,878,358

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Continued)

Net Position (Continued)

As of June 30, 2017 and 2016, 85.1% and 81.5%, respectively, of the Town's net position reflects its investment in capital assets, less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Less than 1% of the Town's net position as of June 30, 2017 and 2016 were subject to external restrictions on how they may be used and are therefore presented as restricted net position.

The remainder of the Town's net position is considered unrestricted.

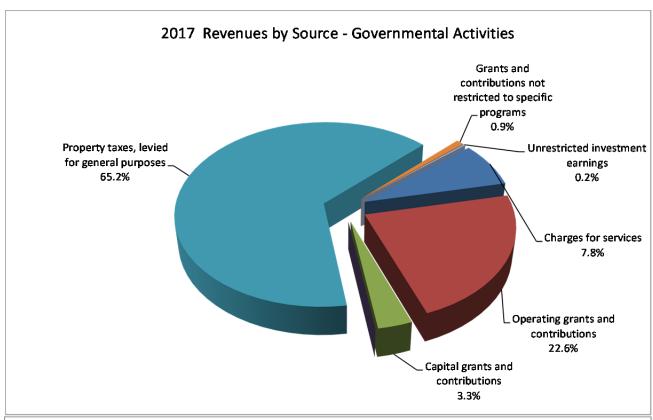
Changes in Net Position

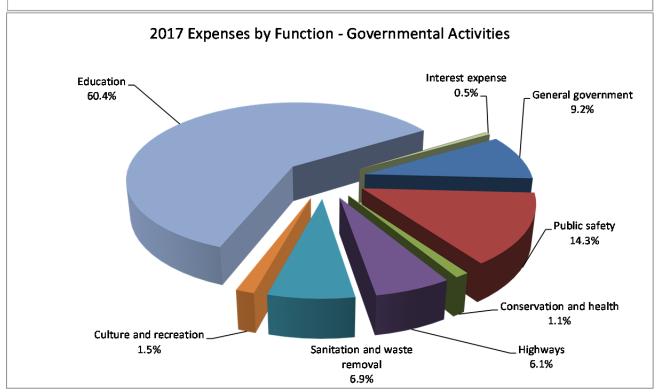
Changes in net position for the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 are as follows.

	2017	2016
Revenues		·
Program revenues:		
Charges for services	\$ 3,586,163	\$ 3,897,607
Operating grants and contributions	10,448,754	10,869,596
Capital grants and contributions	1,520,575	2,818,717
General revenues:		
Property taxes, levied for general purposes	30,134,213	29,433,906
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs	440,938	216,587
Unrestricted investment earnings	114,942	53,993
Total revenues	46,245,585	47,290,406
Expenses		
General government	4,145,796	3,756,741
Public safety	6,457,877	6,787,084
Conservation and health	508,810	400,892
Highways	2,757,613	2,477,084
Sanitation and waste removal	3,105,202	3,277,211
Culture and recreation	674,425	608,579
Education	27,255,067	27,346,163
Interest expense	246,754	229,984
Total expenses	45,151,544	44,883,738
Change in net position	\$ 1,094,041	\$ 2,406,668
Change in net position	\$ 1,094,041	\$ 2,406,668

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Continued)

Changes in Net Position (Continued)





GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Continued)

Governmental Activities

Overall, the net position of the Town increased by \$1,094,041 during the current fiscal year compared to an increase of \$2,406,668 during the prior year.

Total revenues decreased by \$1,044,821 or 2.2% over prior year revenues. The main driver in the decrease was a decrease in capital grants of \$1,298,142. Revenues from capital grants fluctuate year over year based on the timing of capital projects. In the current year, the Town incurred less costs in connection with the construction of the modular classrooms at the Broad Brook Elementary School, resulting in a corresponding decrease in grant revenue recognized from the State of Connecticut.

Total expenses increased by \$267,806 or 0.6% over prior year expenses.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWN'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the Town's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the Town's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Town's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$16,364,818, an increase of \$2,911,582 in comparison with the prior year. Of this amount, \$7,805,063 constitutes unassigned fund balance. The remainder of fund balance is not available for new spending because it has already been restricted, assigned or committed to specific purposes.

General Fund

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Town. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$8,140,327. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 21.6% of total General Fund GAAP basis expenditures. Expressed another way, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was sufficient to cover 2.6 months of General Fund expenditures.

Capital and Nonrecurring Fund

The fund balance in the Capital and Nonrecurring Fund increased by \$818,405 from \$735,721 to \$1,554,126. The increase in fund balance was primarily due to additional appropriations of \$896,200 being transferred from the General Fund to fund future capital improvements and purchases.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWN'S FUNDS (Continued)

Governmental Funds (Continued)

Capital Projects Fund

The fund balance in the Capital Projects Fund increased by \$1,514,633 from \$1,139,560 to \$2,654,193. The increase in fund balance was primarily due to the issuance of general obligation bonds in the amount of \$2,740,000 to fund road improvements for which the majority of costs will be incurred in the subsequent fiscal year.

Educational Grants Fund

The Educational Grants Fund has no fund balance because the fund primarily records activity related to cost reimbursement grants and contracts. Consequently, grant and contract revenues equal expenditures.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The original budget contemplated the use of fund balance of \$250,000. During the year, additional appropriations of \$906,200 were authorized to be transferred to other funds for the purpose of funding capital improvements and purchases. The actual increase in fund balance totaled \$369,345, resulting in a favorable budgetary variance of \$1,525,545. Revenues and transfers in exceeded budgetary estimates by \$549,860, while expenditures and transfers out were less than budgetary estimates by \$975,685.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The Town's capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2017 totaled \$59,313,345 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure. The carrying value of the Town's capital assets increased by \$1,595,605 during the year. The following is a summary of current year significant capital events:

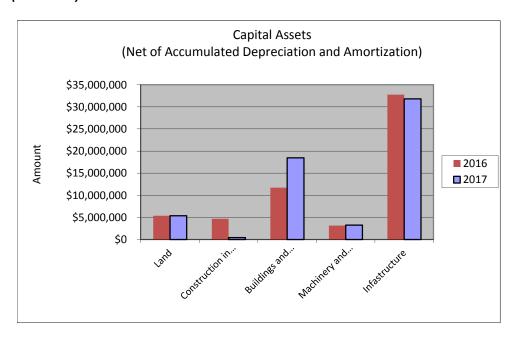
- Continued construction in progress of \$1,122,085 relating to the construction of modular classrooms for the Broad Brook Elementary School. This project was substantially completed during the year and \$5,809,208 was transferred from construction in progress to building and improvements.
- Minor school construction improvements at the Town's educational facilities including window replacements, plumbing and lavatory renovations totaling \$1,040,672.

The following table is a two year comparison of the investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:

	2017	2016
Land	\$ 5,384,759	\$ 5,384,759
Construction in progress	432,858	4,687,123
Buildings and improvements	18,486,045	11,743,914
Machinery and equipment	3,240,444	3,144,612
Infastructure	31,769,239	32,757,332
Totals	\$ 59,313,345	\$ 57,717,740

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION (Continued)

Capital Assets (Continued)



Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in Note 5 to the basic financial statements.

Long-term Debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town had long-term bonded debt outstanding of \$7,565,000 and notes payable of \$3,412,458, all of which is backed by the full faith and credit of the government. In addition, the Town had capital leases payable of \$663,757.

The Town's total long-term debt consisting of general obligation bonds, notes payable and capital leases increased by \$5,283,548 or 83.1% during the current fiscal year due to the issuance of \$5,740,000 in general obligation bonds, offset by scheduled principal repayments.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION (Continued)

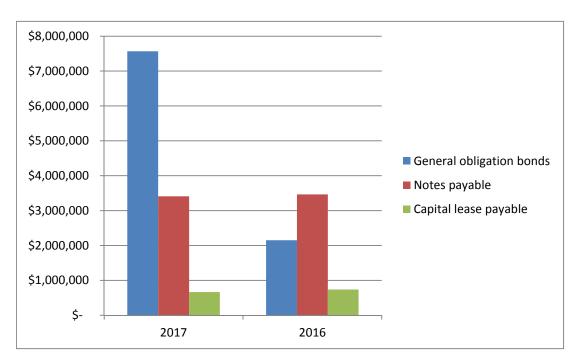
Long-term Debt (Continued)

The Town maintains an "Aa2" rating from Moody's Investor Service for general obligation debt.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt the Town may issue to seven times its annual receipts from taxation, as defined by the statutes. The current debt limitation for the Town is significantly in excess of the Town's outstanding general obligation debt.

The following is a two year comparison of long-term bonded debt:

	2017	2016
General obligation bonds	\$ 7,565,000	\$ 2,150,000
Notes payable	3,412,458	3,467,276
Capital lease payable	663,757	740,391
Totals	\$ 11,641,215	\$ 6,357,667



Additional information on the Town's long-term debt can be found in Note 9 to the basic financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

A summary of key economic factors affecting the Town are as follows:

- The Town receives intergovernmental revenues from the State of Connecticut. There is uncertainty in the allocation of funds for the next budget year. Connecticut's economy moves in the same general cycle as the national economy.
- The unemployment rate for the Town is comparable to the state's average unemployment rate and the national unemployment rate.
- Inflationary trends in the region compare favorably to national indices.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the Town's budget for fiscal year 2018.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town's finances for all those with an interest in the Town's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Treasurer, Town of East Windsor, 11 Rye Street, Broad Brook, Connecticut 06016.

Basic Financial Statements

TOWN OF EAST WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2017

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 18,672,298
Receivables:	
Property taxes and interest, net	1,587,501
Assessments and user charges	65,000
Grants and contracts	53,731
Other	197,997
Other assets	7,538
Assessments, long-term portion	200,584
Capital assets:	
Non-depreciable	5,817,617
Depreciable, net	53,495,728
Total assets	80,097,994
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred charge on refunding	10,749
Deferred charges on pension	2,464,676
Total deferred outflows of resources	2,475,425
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	1,250,717
Accrued liabilities	244,404
Unearned revenue	1,265,163
Noncurrent liabilities:	1,200,200
Due within one year	1,306,900
Due in more than one year	19,429,515
Total liabilities	23,496,699
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
	104,321
Deferred charges on pension	
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	50,159,825
Restricted for:	
Endowments - expendable	4,950
Housing rehabilitation loan program	89,987
Unrestricted	8,717,637
Total net position	\$ 58,972,399

TOWN OF EAST WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

					Prog	ram Revenues				Net (Expense) Revenue and
Functions/Programs	Expenses				Charges for Grants and Grants		Capital Grants and Ontributions	Chai	nges in Net Position - Governmental Actvities	
Governmental activities:	_									
General government	\$	4,145,796	\$	739,528	\$	225,684	\$	-	\$	(3,180,584)
Public safety		6,457,877		215,232		44,536		-		(6,198,109)
Conservation and health		508,810		7,260		3,665		-		(497,885)
Highways		2,757,613		-		363,295		43,701		(2,350,617)
Sanitation and waste removal		3,105,202		2,081,001		15,350		-		(1,008,851)
Culture and recreation		674,425		113,674		98,360		-		(462,391)
Education		27,255,067		429,468		9,697,864		1,476,874		(15,650,861)
Interest expense		246,754		-		-		-		(246,754)
Total governmental activities	\$	45,151,544	\$	3,586,163	\$	10,448,754	\$	1,520,575	\$	(29,596,052)
		neral revenues:								
		roperty taxes, le								30,134,213
		Grants and contr			d to sp	ecific programs	;			440,938
	ι	Inrestricted inve		J						114,942
		Total general	revenu	ies						30,690,093
			Char	nge in net posit	ion					1,094,041
			Net	position - begir	ning o	f year				57,878,358
			Net	position - endir	ng of ye	ear			\$	58,972,399

TOWN OF EAST WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

	General Fund		apital and Inrecurring Fund		Capital Projects Fund		ucational Grants Fund	Nonmajor vernmental Funds	Gover	otal nmental unds
ASSETS						-	-			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 9,857,936	\$	1,564,529	\$	4,423,823	\$	-	\$ 2,826,010	\$ 18,	,672,298
Receivables:										
Property taxes and interest, net	1,587,501		-		-		-	-	1,	,587,501
Assessments and user charges	-		-		-		-	265,584		265,584
Grants and contracts	-		-		-		-	53,731		53,731
Other	89,819		-		-		-	108,178		197,997
Due from other funds	1,767,594		-		-		428,047	1,111,675	3,	,307,316
Inventories	-		-		-		-	7,538		7,538
Total assets	\$ 13,302,850	\$	1,564,529	\$	4,423,823	\$	428,047	\$ 4,372,716	\$ 24,	,091,965
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable	\$ 442,415	\$	4,016	\$	286,486	\$	92,106	\$ 77,310	\$	902,333
Salaries and benefits payable	179,568		_		-		-	21,788		201,356
Due to other funds	1,539,722		6,387		1,483,144		-	278,063	3,	,307,316
Other liabilities	348,384		_		-		-	-		348,384
Unearned revenue	-		-		-		335,941	929,222	1,	,265,163
Total liabilities	2,510,089		10,403		1,769,630		428,047	 1,306,383	6,	,024,552
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Unavailable revenue	1,437,011		-		-		-	265,584	1,	,702,595
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,437,011		-		-		-	 265,584	1,	,702,595
FUND BALANCES										
Nonspendable:										
Inventories	-		-		-		-	7,538		7,538
Loans receivable	-		_		-		-	37,817		37,817
Restricted	-		-		2,656,560		-	57,120	2,	,713,680
Committed to:									•	
Capital purposes	-		1,554,126		323,817		-	158,918	2,	,036,861
Other purposes	345,441		-		-		-	2,548,436	2,	,893,877
Assigned	869,982		-		-		-	-	•	869,982
Unassigned	8,140,327		-		(326,184)		-	(9,080)	7,	,805,063
Total fund balances	9,355,750	-	1,554,126	-	2,654,193	-	-	 2,800,749		,364,818
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of			· · ·					 		
resources and fund balances	\$ 13,302,850	\$	1,564,529	\$	4,423,823	Ś	428.047	\$ 4,372,716	\$ 24.	.091,965

TOWN OF EAST WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2017

Total fund balances for governmental funds		\$ 16,364,818
Total net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources		
and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		59,313,345
Some of the Town's taxes, sewer usage fees and sewer assessments will be		
collected after year end, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current		
period's expenditures and, therefore, are reported as deferred inflows of resources		
in the funds.		1,702,595
Deferred amounts on refunding are not susceptible to accrual and, therefore,		
are not reported in the governmental funds.		10,749
Long-term liabilities applicable to the Town's governmental activities are		
not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported		
as fund liabilities. All liabilities - both current and long-term - are reported		
in the statement of net position.		
Long-term debt:		
Bonds payable, net	\$ (7,744,614)	
Notes payable	(3,412,458)	
Capital leases	(663,757)	
Accrued interest payable	(43,048)	
Other long-term liabilities:		
Net pension liability	(7,025,153)	
Net OPEB obligation	(494,310)	
Heart and hypertension obligations	(355,000)	
Compensated absences	 (1,041,123)	
		(20,779,463)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources resulting from changes in the components		
of the Town's net pension liability are reported in the statement of net position.		2,360,355
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 58,972,399

TOWN OF EAST WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	General Fund	Capital and Nonrecurring Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Educational Grants Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES						
Property taxes	\$ 30,248,423	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 30,248,423
Intergovernmental	8,696,498	-	310,608	2,471,151	784,913	12,263,170
Charges for goods and services	626,723	-	-	-	2,901,603	3,528,326
Interest income	68,950	10,164	21,740	-	14,088	114,942
Other		43,701			265,673	309,374
Total revenues	39,640,594	53,865	332,348	2,471,151	3,966,277	46,464,235
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government	2,460,995	-	-	-	503,345	2,964,340
Public safety	3,763,185	-	-	-	249,719	4,012,904
Conservation and health	297,524	-	-	-	-	297,524
Highways	1,424,969	-	-	-	-	1,424,969
Sanitation and waste removal	856,119	-	-	-	1,675,707	2,531,826
Culture and recreation	451,997	-	-	-	86,996	538,993
Education	24,647,004	-	-	1,304,885	949,573	26,901,462
Insurance and benefits	2,882,018	-	-	-	-	2,882,018
Other	242,176	-	-	-	-	242,176
Capital outlays	-	957,160	1,621,318	1,040,672	242,405	3,861,555
Debt service	698,489	-	36,614	-	-	735,103
Total expenditures	37,724,476	957,160	1,657,932	2,345,557	3,707,745	46,392,870
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures	1,916,118	(903,295)	(1,325,584)	125,594	258,532	71,365
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Proceeds from bonds	-	-	5,740,000	-	-	5,740,000
Premium on bonds	-	-	100,217	-	-	100,217
Repayment of bond anticipation note	-	-	(3,000,000)	-	-	(3,000,000)
Transfers in	153,385	1,721,700	-	-	472,623	2,347,708
Transfers out	(1,908,393)	-	-	(125,594)	(313,721)	(2,347,708)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,755,008)	1,721,700	2,840,217	(125,594)	158,902	2,840,217
Net change in fund balances	161,110	818,405	1,514,633	-	417,434	2,911,582
Fund balances - beginning of year	9,194,640	735,721	1,139,560		2,383,315	13,453,236
Fund balances - ending	\$ 9,355,750	\$ 1,554,126	\$ 2,654,193	\$ -	\$ 2,800,749	\$ 16,364,818

TOWN OF EAST WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

The statement of activities reports losses arising from the disposal of existing capital assets. Conversely, governmental funds do not report any gain or loss on a disposal of capital assets. Certain revenues reported in the statement of activities do not provide current financial resources and therefore are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds. The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of principal on long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items is as follows: Debt issued or incurred: Bonds payable Premium on bonds Premium on bonds Obligations under capital lease Amortization of deferred charge on refunding Amortization of beferred charge on refunding Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. However, in the statement of activities, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources. However, in the statement of activities, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources. However, in the statement of activities, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources. However, in the statement of activities, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources. However, in the statement of activities, which is prese	Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	2,911,582
statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation expense in the current period is as follows: Expenditures for capital assets Depreciation and amortization expense Net adjustment The statement of activities reports losses arising from the disposal of existing capital assets. Conversely, governmental funds do not report any gain or loss on a disposal of capital assets. Certain revenues reported in the statement of activities do not provide current financial resources and therefore are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds. The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of principal on long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds, while the repayment of principal on long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items is as follows: Debt issued or incurred: Bonds payable Principal repayments: Bonds payable Notes payable Notes payable Notes payable Notes payable Notes payable Notes payable Obligations under capital lease Amortization of deferred charge on refunding Amortization of deferred charge on refunding Amortization of bond premiums Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources are available. In addition, interest on long-term debt is not recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting until due, rather than as it accrues. The net effect of such items is as follows: Compensated absences Accrued interest Compensated absences Accrued interest Lipsonal in addition, in				
Depreciation and amortization expense Net adjustment The statement of activities reports losses arising from the disposal of existing capital assets. Conversely, governmental funds do not report any gain or loss on a disposal of capital assets. Certain revenues reported in the statement of activities do not provide current financial resources and therefore are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds. The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of principal on long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items is as follows: Debt issued or incurred: Bonds payable Premium on bonds Principal repayments: Bonds payable Notes payable Obligations under capital lease Amortization of deferred charge on refunding Amortization of bond premiums Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. However, in the statement of activities, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. In addition, interest on long-term debt is not recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting until due, rather than as it accrues. The net effect of such items is as follows: Compensated absences Accrued interest Accrued interest Longers and inflows of resources resulting from changes in the components of the net pension liability are amortized as a component of pension expense in the	statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The amount by which			
capital assets. Conversely, governmental funds do not report any gain or loss on a disposal of capital assets. Cartain revenues reported in the statement of activities do not provide current financial resources and therefore are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds. The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of principal on long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items is as follows: Debt issued or incurred: Bonds payable (5,740,000) Premium on bonds (100,217) Principal repayments: Bonds payable 325,000 Notes payable 325,000 Notes payable 54,818 Bond anticipation notes payable 33,000,000 Obligations under capital lease 76,634 Amortization of deferred charge on refunding (13,922) Amortization of bond premiums 28,118 Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. However, in the statement of activities, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. In addition, interest on long-term debt is not recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting until due, rather than as it accrues. The net effect of such items is as follows: Compensated absences (346,364) Accrued interest 1,7601 Heart and hypertension obligations 70,000 Net pension liability are amortized as a component of pension expense in the components of the	Depreciation and amortization expense			1,601,756
Certain revenues reported in the statement of activities do not provide current financial resources and therefore are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds. The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of principal on long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items is as follows: Debt issued or incurred: Bonds payable (5,740,000) Premium on bonds (100,217) Principal repayments: Bonds payable 325,000 Notes payable 325,000 Notes payable 3,000,000 Obligations under capital lease 76,634 Amortization of deferred charge on refunding (13,922) Amortization of deferred charge on refunding (13,922) Amortization of bond premiums (2,369,465) Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. However, in the statement of activities, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. In addition, interest on long-term debt is not recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting until due, rather than as it accrues. The net effect of such items is as follows: Compensated absences (346,364) Accrued interest 17,601 Heart and hypertension obligations 70,000 Net pension liability (1,529,510) Net OPEB obligation (1,737,706)	capital assets. Conversely, governmental funds do not report any gain or loss			(6.151)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of principal on long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items is as follows: Debt issued or incurred: Bonds payable (5,740,000) Premium on bonds (100,217) Principal repayments: Bonds payable 325,000 Notes payable 325,000 Notes payable 54,818 Bond anticipation notes payable 33,000,000 Obligations under capital lease 76,634 Amortization of deferred charge on refunding 113,922) Amortization of bond premiums 28,218 Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. However, in the statement of activities, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. In addition, interest on long-term debt is not recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting until due, rather than as it accrues. The net effect of such items is as follows: Compensated absences (346,364) Accrued interest 17,601 Heart and hypertension obligations 70,000 Net pension liability (1,529,510) Net OPEB obligation 50,567	Certain revenues reported in the statement of activities do not provide current financial resources and therefore are reported as deferred inflows of resources in			
Bonds payable (5,740,000) Premium on bonds (100,217) Principal repayments: Bonds payable 325,000 Notes payable 54,818 Bond anticipation notes payable 3,000,000 Obligations under capital lease 76,634 Amortization of deferred charge on refunding (13,922) Amortization of bond premiums 28,218 Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. However, in the statement of activities, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. In addition, interest on long-term debt is not recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting until due, rather than as it accrues. The net effect of such items is as follows: Compensated absences (346,364) Accrued interest 17,601 Heart and hypertension obligations 70,000 Net pension liability (1,529,510) Net OPEB obligation 50,567 Deferred outflows and inflows of resources resulting from changes in the components of the net pension liability are amortized as a component of pension expense in the	The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of principal on long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The net effect of these			
Bonds payable 325,000 Notes payable 54,818 Bond anticipation notes payable 3,000,000 Obligations under capital lease 76,634 Amortization of deferred charge on refunding (13,922) Amortization of bond premiums 28,218 Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. However, in the statement of activities, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. In addition, interest on long-term debt is not recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting until due, rather than as it accrues. The net effect of such items is as follows: Compensated absences (346,364) Accrued interest 17,601 Heart and hypertension obligations 70,000 Net pension liability (1,529,510) Net OPEB obligation 50,567 Deferred outflows and inflows of resources resulting from changes in the components of the net pension liability are amortized as a component of pension expense in the	Bonds payable Premium on bonds			
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. However, in the statement of activities, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. In addition, interest on long-term debt is not recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting until due, rather than as it accrues. The net effect of such items is as follows: Compensated absences Compensated absences Accrued interest Heart and hypertension obligations 70,000 Net pension liability (1,529,510) Net OPEB obligation Deferred outflows and inflows of resources resulting from changes in the components of the net pension liability are amortized as a component of pension expense in the	Bonds payable Notes payable Bond anticipation notes payable Obligations under capital lease	54,81 3,000,00 76,63	18 00 34	
Compensated absences (346,364) Accrued interest 17,601 Heart and hypertension obligations 70,000 Net pension liability (1,529,510) Net OPEB obligation 50,567 Deferred outflows and inflows of resources resulting from changes in the components of the net pension liability are amortized as a component of pension expense in the	Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. However, in the statement of activities, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. In addition, interest on	28,21	1.8	(2,369,469)
Net pension liability (1,529,510) Net OPEB obligation 50,567 (1,737,706) Deferred outflows and inflows of resources resulting from changes in the components of the net pension liability are amortized as a component of pension expense in the	Compensated absences Accrued interest	17,60)1	
net pension liability are amortized as a component of pension expense in the	Net pension liability	(1,529,51	LO)	(1,737,706)
	net pension liability are amortized as a component of pension expense in the	s of the		912.679
Change in net position of governmental activities \$ 1,094,041				1,094,041

TOWN OF EAST WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL BUDGETARY BASIS - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Budgeted	l Amo	unts			riance With
	Original		Final	Actual	O۱	er (Under)
REVENUES	 					
Property taxes	\$ 29,977,930	\$	29,977,930	\$ 30,248,423	\$	270,493
Intergovernmental	6,296,101		6,296,101	6,219,470		(76,631)
Licenses, fees and charges for goods and services	482,060		482,060	626,723		144,663
Revenues from use of money	11,000		11,000	68,950		57,950
Total revenues	 36,767,091		36,767,091	37,163,566		396,475
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government	2,564,735		2,603,744	2,460,995		(142,749)
Public safety	3,851,070		3,840,574	3,763,185		(77,389)
Conservation and health	294,487		301,537	297,524		(4,013)
Highways	1,416,521		1,420,972	1,419,397		(1,575)
Sanitation and waste removal	903,230		903,230	856,119		(47,111)
Insurance and benefits	2,954,099		2,842,688	2,812,018		(30,670)
Culture and recreation	484,237		479,237	451,997		(27,240)
Other	329,897		306,308	242,176		(64,132)
Education	22,129,135		22,129,135	22,078,795		(50,340)
Debt service	 1,288,680		1,228,954	 698,489		(530,465)
Total expenditures	 36,216,091		36,056,379	 35,080,695		(975,684)
Excess of revenues over						
expenditures	551,000		710,712	2,082,871		1,372,159
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Appropriation of fund balance	250,000		1,156,200	-		(1,156,200)
Transfers in	-		-	153,385		153,385
Transfers out	(801,000)		(1,866,912)	(1,866,911)		1
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (551,000)		(710,712)	(1,713,526)		(1,002,814)
Net change in fund balances	\$ 	\$		369,345	\$	369,345
Fund balance - beginning, as adjusted				 8,245,982		
Fund balance - ending				\$ 8,615,327		

TOWN OF EAST WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

	Pension and Other Post Employment Benefits Trust Funds		Private Purpose Trust Fund - School Scholarhips		Agency Funds	
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables Total assets	\$	840,745 23,950,731 20,031 24,811,507	\$	103,714 368,376 - 472,090	\$	121,315 - 348,384 469,699
LIABILITIES Payables Due to student groups Due to others Total liabilities		18,500 - - - 18,500		- - - -	\$	- 121,315 348,384 469,699
NET POSITION Restricted for pension and other benefits	\$	24,793,007	\$	472,090		

TOWN OF EAST WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Pension and Other Post Employment Benefits Trust Funds		Private Purpose Trust Fund - School Scholarhips	
ADDITIONS				
Contributions:				
Employer	\$	1,088,105	\$	-
Plan members	289,571		-	
Total contributions	1,377,676		-	
Investment earnings:				
Interest and dividends		474,630		7,534
Net change in the fair				
value of investments, net of fees		1,795,037		2,370
Net investment earnings		2,269,667		9,904
Total additions		3,647,343 9,90		9,904
DEDUCTIONS				
Benefit payments		1,257,934		-
Awards expense		-		9,900
Administrative expenses	27,851		67	
Total deductions		1,285,785		9,967
Change in net position		2,361,558		(63)
Net position - beginning		22,431,449		472,153
Net position - ending	\$	24,793,007	\$	472,090

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Town of East Windsor, Connecticut (the "Town") conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as applicable to governmental organizations. The following is a summary of significant accounting policies:

FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

The Town of East Windsor, Connecticut was incorporated in 1768 and operates in accordance with the provisions of its charter, which was revised effective November 1998. The Town operates under a Board of Selectmen, Town Meeting and Board of Finance form of government and provides the following services: public safety, community maintenance, conservation and health, highway, sanitation and waste removal, culture and recreation, education and general government.

The legislative power of the Town is vested with the Board of Selectmen and Town Meeting. The Board of Selectmen may enact, amend or repeal ordinances and resolutions. The Board of Finance is responsible for financial and taxation matters as prescribed by Connecticut General Statutes, and is responsible for presenting fiscal operating budgets for Town Meeting approval.

The Town is the administrator of a single-employer defined benefit pension plan (the "Plan"). The Plan does not issue stand-alone financial statements and is part of the Town's financial reporting entity. As such, balances of the Plan are accounted for in the fiduciary fund financial statements as a pension trust fund.

The Town is the administrator of an Other Post-Employment Benefits Program (the "OPEB Plan"), which is a single-employer defined benefit other post-employment benefits plan. The OPEB Plan does not issue stand-alone financial statements and is a part of the Town's financial reporting entity. As such, balances of the OPEB Plan are accounted for in the fiduciary fund financial statements as an other post-employment benefits trust fund.

The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only the funds of the Town as no component units exist based on operational or financial relationships with the Town.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Government-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Town and include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. The statements are intended to distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed, in whole or in part, by fees charged to external parties. The Town has no business-type activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category - governmental and fiduciary - are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This fund is the Town's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those accounted for in another fund.

Capital and Nonrecurring Fund - This fund accounts for financial revenues used for the financing of the planning, construction, reconstruction or acquisition of any specific capital improvement or the acquisition of specific equipment and capital additions.

Capital Projects Fund - This fund is used to account for appropriations related to major capital purchases and projects.

Educational Grants Fund - This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures of State and Federal education grants.

In addition, the Town reports the following fiduciary fund types:

Pension and Other Post-Employment Benefits Trust Funds - These funds are used to account for resources held in trust for the members and beneficiaries of the Town's defined benefit pension plan and other post-employment benefit plan.

Private Purpose Trust Fund - This fund type is used to account for trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit individuals. There is no requirement that any portion of the resources be preserved as capital. The Town utilizes a private purpose trust fund to account for activities of student scholarships.

Agency Funds - These funds are used to account for resources held by the Town in a purely custodial capacity. The Town utilizes these funds to account for assets of the student activities funds and the performance bonds fund. The student activities funds account for monies generated by student activities in the Town's school system for use by students and for student awards. The performance bonds fund accounts for monies received to ensure that driveways are installed to correct specifications for new construction.

MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (Continued)

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measureable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital lease are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues in the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received or is available to be received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the cash is received.

The pension and other post-employment benefits trust funds and private purpose trust fund are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Agency funds have no measurement focus, but utilizes the accrual basis of accounting for reporting assets and liabilities.

IMPLEMENTATION OF NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

Effective July 1, 2016, the Town adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans other than Pension Plans, GASB Statement No. 77, Tax Abatement Disclosures, GASB Statement No. 78, Pensions Provided through Certain Multiple Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans, GASB Statement No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants, GASB Statement No. 80, Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14, and GASB Statement No. 82, Pension Issues—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 74 resulted in changes to the disclosures and required supplementary information relating to the Town's other post-employment benefit plan. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 74 had no impact on the Town's financial position or on the financial position of the Town's other post-employment benefit trust fund. The adoption of the other statements did not have a material effect on the Town's financial statements.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION/FUND EQUITY

Cash Equivalents

The Town's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments

Investments are measured by the Town at fair value (generally based on quoted market prices), except for investments in certain external investment pools as described below.

Investments in certain external investment pools consist of money market mutual funds and the Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF), which is managed by the State of Connecticut Treasurer's Office. Investments in these types of funds, which are permitted to measure their investment holdings at amortized costs, are measured by the Town at the net asset value per share as determined by the pool.

Inventories

Inventories are reported at cost using the first-in first-out (FIFO) method, except for USDA donated commodities, which are recorded at market value. Inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Property Taxes, Sewer Assessment and Usage Charges

Property taxes are assessed as of October 1. Taxes are billed in July and due in two installments, July 1 and January 1. Personal property and motor vehicle taxes are billed in July and due in one installment, July 1. Taxes not paid within 30 days of the due date are subject to an interest charge of 1.5% per month. Liens are effective on the assessment date and are continued by filing before the end of the year following the due date. Based on historical collection experience and other factors, the Town has established an allowance for uncollectible taxes and interest of \$205,000 as of June 30, 2017.

Upon completion of projects, sewer assessments are levied and assessed to the users. Usage charges are billed in advance. Assessments and user charges are due and payable within thirty days and delinquent amounts are subject to interest at prevailing rates. Liens are filed on all properties until the assessment is paid in full.

Loans Receivable

The Town administers a Rehabilitation Loan Program. The loans bear an interest rate of 0.0%. Repayment of the loans is deferred, but the loans become due and payable upon sale or transfer of the property, the owner's demise, or when the subject property is no longer the applicant's principal place of residence. The loans may be paid in full or in part by the borrower at any time without penalty. Loans receivable under this program totaled \$37,817 as of June 30, 2017.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION/FUND EQUITY (Continued)

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Town as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$7,000 for machinery and equipment, \$20,000 for building improvements and \$100,000 for infrastructure and an estimated useful life in excess of 3 years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost, or estimated historical cost, if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of a capital asset or materially extend capital asset lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Capital assets of the Town are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	40
Building improvements	25
Machinery and equipment	5
Computer equipment	3
Infrastructure	20 - 60

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue represents resources that have been received, but not yet earned.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow or outflow of resources until that time.

Deferred outflows of resources consists of deferred charges on refundings and deferred pension expenses reported in the government-wide statement of net position. Deferred charges on refundings are amortized to interest expense using the effective-interest method over the life of the related bonds. Deferred pension expenses are amortized as a component of pension expense on a systematic and rational basis.

Deferred inflows of resources consist of revenue that is considered unavailable under the modified accrual basis of accounting and deferred pension benefits. Unavailable revenue is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet and is recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. Deferred pension benefits are reported in the government-wide statement of net position and are amortized as a component of pension expense on a systematic and rational basis.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION/FUND EQUITY (Continued)

Compensated Absences

Vacation time earned may be accumulated by employees until termination of their employment, at which time they are paid for this accumulated time. Vacation leave is valued using current salary costs, as well as any salary-related payments that are directly or incrementally connected with leave payments to employees. Sick leave is accrued and is contingent upon absences being caused by employee future illness or retirements. The sick leave calculation is also based on current salary costs as well as salary related payments.

All compensated absences are accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. Expenditures for compensated absences are recognized in the governmental fund financial statements in the current year to the extent they are paid during the year, or when the vested amount is expected to be paid with available resources.

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed when incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Net Position and Fund Balance

The government-wide statement of net position presents the Town's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows and inflows of resources and liabilities, with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

Net investment in capital assets - This category consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization and reduced by outstanding balances for bonds, notes and other debt that are attributed to the acquisition, construction or improvement of capital assets.

Restricted - This category of net position consists of amounts whose use is restricted either through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, and the like, or through restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted - This category consists of net position which does not meet the definition of the two preceding categories.

The Town's governmental funds report the following fund balance categories:

Nonspendable - Amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION/FUND EQUITY (Continued)

Net Position and Fund Balance (Continued)

Restricted - Constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through enabling legislation.

Committed - Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board of Finance (the highest level of decision making authority of the Town) and cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Town removes or changes the specified use by taking the same formal action.

Assigned - Amounts are constrained by the Town's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are not restricted or committed. Amounts may be constrained to be used for a specific purpose by a governing board or body or official that has been delegated authority to assign amounts by the Town Charter.

Unassigned - Residual classification for the General Fund or amounts necessary in other governmental funds to eliminate otherwise negative fund balance amounts in the other four categories.

The Town does not have a formal policy over the use of fund balance. In accordance with the applicable accounting guidance, the Town uses restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as needed. Unrestricted resources are used in the following order: committed; assigned; then unassigned. It is the Town's policy to maintain a fund balance in the General Fund between 5% and 17% of operating expenditures. A gradual increase of 1% per year is required under this policy to restore the General Fund unassigned balance should it fall below the minimum level.

INTERFUND ACTIVITIES

Interfund activities are reported as follows:

Interfund Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds".

Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers represent flows of assets without equivalent flows of assets in return and without a requirement for repayment. In governmental funds, transfers are reported as other financing uses in the funds making transfers and other financing sources in the funds receiving transfers.

Interfund Reimbursements

Interfund reimbursements represent repayments from the funds responsible for particular expenditures or expenses to the funds that initially paid for them.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 - BUDGETARY INFORMATION

The Town adheres to the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data included in the General Fund financial statements.

- O The Board of Finance prepares the budget from information furnished by various Town departments and Board of Selectmen recommendations. The operating budgets include proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- The budget is presented at a public hearing before being formally voted on at a Town Referendum.
- O The legal level of budgetary control, the level at which expenditures may not exceed appropriations, is established at the department, office, board or commission level.
- Additional appropriations may be made during the year based upon recommendations of the Board of Finance and subject to Town meeting approval.
- O Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year.
- The Board of Education, which is not a separate legal entity but a function of the Town, is authorized under state law to make any transfers within their budget at their discretion. Any additional appropriations must have Board of Education, Board of Finance and, if necessary, Town Meeting approval.
- O The budget is prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. "On-behalf" payments made by the State of Connecticut into the State Teacher's Retirement System are not recorded for budgetary purposes.
- O Encumbrances are recognized as a valid and proper charge against a budget appropriation in the year in which the purchase order, contract or other commitment is issued and, accordingly, encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported in budgetary reports as expenditures of the current year.
- Generally, all unexpended appropriations lapse at year-end, except those for the Capital Projects Funds. Appropriations for capital projects are continued until completion of applicable projects, even when projects extend more than one fiscal year.

As described above, accounting principles applied for purposes of developing data on a budgetary basis differ from those used to present financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP basis").

NOTE 2 - BUDGETARY INFORMATION (Continued)

A reconciliation of General Fund amounts presented on the budgetary basis to amounts presented on the GAAP basis is as follows for the year ended June 30, 2017:

				Net Change	
	Total	Total	Other Financing	In Fund	Fund
	Revenues	Expenditures	Uses, net	Balance	Balance
Budgetary basis	\$ 37,163,566	\$ 35,080,695	\$ (1,713,526)	\$ 369,345	\$ 8,615,327
"On-behalf" payments -					
State Teachers' Retirement					
Fund	2,477,028	2,477,028	-	-	-
Change in encumbrances	-	250,275	-	(250,275)	394,982
Transfers recorded as an expenditure					
for budgetary purposes	-	(159,094)	(159,094)	-	-
Budgetary perspective differences -					
funds combined for GAAP financial					
reporting purposes:					
Heart & Hypertension Fund	-	70,000	104,940	34,940	237,034
Storm Emergency Fund		5,572	12,672	7,100	108,407
GAAP basis	\$ 39,640,594	\$ 37,724,476	\$ (1,755,008)	\$ 161,110	\$ 9,355,750

NOTE 3 - CASH DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

CASH DEPOSITS

The carrying value of the Town's cash deposits as of June 30, 2017 totaled \$15,293,610. A reconciliation of the Town's cash deposits as of June 30, 2017 is as follows:

Government-wide statement of net position:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 18,672,298
Less: cash equivalents considered investments for	
disclosure purposes	(3,678,369)
	14,993,929
Statement of fiduciary net position:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,065,774
Add: investments considered cash deposits	
for disclosure purposes	74,652
Less: cash equivalents considered investments for	
disclosure purposes	(840,745)
	299,681
	\$ 15,293,610

NOTE 3 - CASH DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

CASH DEPOSITS (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Town will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Town does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2017, \$15,401,118 of the Town's bank balance of \$16,179,494 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and uncollateralized	\$ 13,861,006
Uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging	
bank's trust department or agent but not in the Town's name	1,540,112
	\$ 15,401,118

All of the Town's deposits were in qualified public institutions as defined by Connecticut General Statutes. Under Connecticut General Statutes, any bank holding public deposits must at all times maintain, segregated from its other assets, eligible collateral in an amount equal to a certain percentage of its public deposits. The applicable percentage is determined based on the bank's risk-based capital ratio. The amount of public deposits is determined based on either the public deposits reported on the most recent quarterly call report, or the average of the public deposits reported on the four most recent quarterly call reports, whichever is greater. The collateral is kept in the custody of the trust department of either the pledging bank or another bank in the name of the pledging bank.

INVESTMENTS

A reconciliation of the Town's investments as of June 30, 2017 is as follows:

Government-wide statement of net position:		
Investments	\$	-
Add: cash equivalents considered investments		
for disclosure purposes	3,6	78,369
	3,6	78,369
Statement of fiduciary net position:		
Investments	24,3	19,107
Less: investments considered cash equivalents		
for disclosure purposes	(74,652)
Add: cash equivalents considered investments		
for disclosure purposes	8	40,745
	25,0	85,200
	\$ 28,7	63,569

NOTE 3 - CASH DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

INVESTMENTS (Continued)

As of June 30, 2017, the Town's investments consisted of the following:

		Investment Maturities					
		(In Years)					
Valuation		Less					
Basis	Value	Than 1	1 to 5	6 to 10			
				_			
Net asset value	\$ 3,678,369	\$ 3,678,369	\$ -	\$ -			
Net asset value	840,745	840,745	-	-			
Fair value	3,921,678	754,698	2,866,557	300,423			
	8,440,792	\$ 5,273,812	\$ 2,866,557	\$ 300,423			
				_			
Fair value	20,322,777						
	\$ 28,763,569						
	Net asset value Net asset value Fair value	Basis Value Net asset value \$ 3,678,369 Net asset value 840,745 Fair value 3,921,678 8,440,792 Fair value 20,322,777	Valuation Basis Less Than 1 Net asset value \$ 3,678,369 \$ 3,678,369 Net asset value Fair value 840,745 3,921,678 8,440,792 840,745 754,698 \$ 5,273,812 Fair value 20,322,777	Valuation Basis Value Less Than 1 1 to 5 Net asset value \$ 3,678,369 \$ 3,678,369 \$ - Net asset value 840,745 840,745 - Fair value 3,921,678 754,698 2,866,557 8,440,792 \$ 5,273,812 \$ 2,866,557 Fair value 20,322,777 \$ 5,273,812 \$ 2,866,557			

Because the STIF and money market mutual funds have weighted average maturities of less than 90 days, they have been presented as investments with maturities less than one year.

Interest Rate Risk

The Town's pension investment policy limits the type of fixed income securities to minimize the level of interest rate risk. All fixed income securities must have readily ascertainable market value and must be readily marketable. The investment policy emphasizes long-term rather than short-term performance.

Credit Risk

The Town has does not have an investment policy that would further limit its investment choices beyond those limited by Connecticut state statutes for its non-fiduciary investments. Connecticut state statutes permit the Town to invest in obligations of the United States, including its instrumentalities and agencies; in obligations of any state or of any political subdivision, authority or agency thereof, provided such obligations are rated within one of the top two rating categories of any recognized rating service; or in obligations of the State of Connecticut or of any political subdivision thereof, provided such obligations are rated within one of the top three rating categories of any recognized rating service. Other provisions of the statutes cover specific municipal funds with particular investment authority. The provisions of the statutes regarding the investment of municipal pension funds does not specify permitted investments. Therefore, the investment of such funds is generally controlled by the laws applicable to fiduciaries and the provisions of the applicable plan. The Town's pension investment policy limits fixed income securities to those backed by the full faith and credit of the United States Government and other bonds, not guaranteed by the United States Government, provided they are at least a "BBB" or equivalent rating by a national rating agency.

NOTE 3 - CASH DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Credit Risk (Continued)

The Town's investment in debt securities were rated by Standard & Poor's as follows at June 30, 2017:

Investment type	 Value	 AAA A		 BBB	
Debt Securities:	 _	 _		_	
STIF	\$ 3,678,369	\$ 3,678,369	\$	-	\$ -
Fixed income securities	3,921,678	-		3,159,819	1,456,529

Investments in money market mutual funds were unrated as of June 30, 2017.

Custodial Credit Risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a counterparty, the Town will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Town does not have a policy for custodial credit risk. The Town's investments are not exposed to custodial credit risk because they are either not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form or they are held by a reputable custodian in the name of the Town.

Concentrations of Credit Risk

The Town places no limit on the amount of investment in any one issuer. As of June 30, 2017, 100% of the Town's investments within its governmental activities were invested in the Short-term Investment Fund. As of June 30, 2017, more than 10% of the Town's investments within its fiduciary funds were invested in the following:

			% of Fiduciary
Investment	Value	Issuer	Investments
S&P 500 ETF TRUST	\$ 10,713,125	SPDR State Street Global Advisors	42.7%
Fidelity Contra fund	2,296,208	Fidelity	9.2%

NOTE 4 - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants, as of the measurement date. Authoritative guidance establishes a hierarchy of valuation techniques based upon whether the inputs to those valuation techniques reflect assumptions other market participants would use based upon market data obtained from independent sources (also referred to as observable inputs). The Town classifies its assets and liabilities measured at fair value into Level 1 (securities valued using quoted prices from active markets for identical assets), Level 2 (securities not traded on an active market for which market inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly), and Level 3 (securities valued based on unobservable inputs). Investments are classified in their entirety based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

NOTE 4 - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

The Town's financial assets that are accounted for at fair value on a recurring basis as of June 30, 2017, by level within the fair value hierarchy are presented in the table below.

		Sigr	nificant			
	Prices in	0	ther	Sign	ificant	
	Active	Obs	ervable	Unob	servable	
Financial Assets	Market	In	puts	In	puts	
Measured at Fair Value	(Level 1)	(Level 2)		(Le	evel 3)	Total
Mutual funds	\$ 20,322,777	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 20,322,777
Fixed income securities	-	3	,921,678		-	3,921,678

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2017 consisted of the following:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Governmental Activities				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 5,384,759	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,384,759
Construction in progress	4,687,123	2,595,615	(6,849,880)	432,858
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	5,718,677	2,595,615	(6,849,880)	5,817,617
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	27,615,863	7,357,197	-	34,973,060
Machinery and equipment	8,615,893	434,686	(308,666)	8,741,913
Infrastructure	48,645,892			48,645,892
Total capital assets, being depreciated	82,904,249	7,791,883	(308,666)	92,360,865
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	15,871,949	615,066	-	16,487,015
Machinery and equipment	5,471,281	332,703	(302,515)	5,501,469
Infrastructure	15,888,560	988,093		16,876,653
Total accumulated depreciation	35,379,136	1,935,862	(302,515)	38,865,137
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	47,525,113	5,856,021	(6,151)	53,495,728
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 53,243,790	\$ 8,451,636	\$ (6,856,031)	\$ 59,313,345

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to functions of the Town as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General government	\$ 105,440
Public safety	274,466
Highway	627,279
Sanitation and waste removal	513,170
Culture and recreation	43,033
Education	372,474
Total depreciation and amortization expense	\$ 1,935,862

NOTE 6 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2017 are as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount	
Governmental Funds			
General Fund	Capital and Nonrecurring Fund	\$ 6,387	
	Capital Projects Fund	1,483,144	
	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	 278,063	
		 1,767,594	
Educational Grants Fund	General Fund	 428,047	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	General Fund	 1,111,675	
		\$ 3,307,316	

The above balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

NOTE 7 - INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2017 consisted of the following:

Governmental Funds

Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$	153,385
General Fund Nonmajor Governmental Funds		1,711,200 10,500
		1,721,700
General Fund Educational Grants Fund		197,193 125,594
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		149,836 472,623
	\$	2,347,708
	General Fund Nonmajor Governmental Funds General Fund	General Fund Nonmajor Governmental Funds General Fund Educational Grants Fund

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

NOTE 8 - SHORT-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of changes in short-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2017:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance Increases		Decreases	Balance
Governmental Activities				
Bond anticipation notes payable	\$ 4,900,000	\$ -	\$ (4,900,000)	\$ -

During the year ended June 30, 2017, the Town retired \$4,900,000 of bond anticipation notes (the "2016 Notes") through the issuance of \$3,000,000 in general obligation bonds (see Note 9) and the repayment of \$1,900,000 from grant reimbursements received from the State of Connecticut. The 2016 Notes bore an interest rate of 1.0% and matured in October 2016.

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2017:

	I	Beginning Balance	Increases	ses Decreases		Ending Balance		Due Within One Year	
Governmental Activities									
Bonds payable:									
General obligation bonds	\$	2,150,000	\$ 5,740,000	\$	(325,000)	\$	7,565,000	\$	615,000
Unamortized amounts:									
Premium on bonds issued		107,615	100,217		(28,218)		179,614		-
Total bonds payable		2,257,615	5,840,217		(353,218)		7,744,614		615,000
Other liabilities:									
Notes payable		3,467,276	-		(54,818)		3,412,458		56,326
Capital leases		740,391	-		(76,634)		663,757		77,574
Compensated absences		694,759	346,364		-		1,041,123		488,000
Heart and hypertension obligations		425,000	-		(70,000)		355,000		70,000
Net pension liability		5,495,643	1,529,510		-		7,025,153		-
Net OPEB obligation		544,877			(50,567)		494,310		-
	\$	13,625,561	\$ 7,716,091	\$	(605,237)	\$	20,736,415	\$	1,306,900

The Town issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are secured by the full faith and credit of the Town but are substantially liquidated by the General Fund via taxes collected from the levy on all taxable properties located within the Town. The remaining liabilities above typically have been liquidated in the General Fund and other governmental funds.

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS AND NOTES PAYABLE

A summary of general obligation bonds and note payable outstanding at June 30, 2017 is as follows:

	Fiscal			Fiscal	
	Date of	Original	Interest	Maturity	Amount
Purpose of Bonds	Issue	Issue	Rates	Date	Outstanding
Governmental Activities					
General Obligation Refunding Bonds	2014	\$ 2,640,000	2.0% - 4.0%	2025	\$ 1,825,000
General Obligation Bonds	2016	5,740,000	2.0% - 3.0%	2037	5,740,000
					\$ 7,565,000
Notes payable					
Rural Development Loan	2012	2,180,000	2.375%	2052	\$ 2,018,308
Rural Development Loan	2015	1,435,000	2.75%	2055	1,394,150
					\$ 3,412,458

Annual debt service requirements to maturity on general obligation bonds and the note payables are as follows as of June 30, 2017:

	Governmental Activities								
Year ending	Bonds	Payable	Notes I	Payable	Tot	Total			
June 30:	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest			
2018	\$ 615,000	\$ 184,220	\$ 56,326	\$ 104,452	\$ 671,326	\$ 288,672			
2019	620,000	165,220	57,875	102,825	677,875	268,045			
2020	480,000	147,495	59,466	101,149	539,466	248,644			
2021	485,000	131,045	61,101	99,421	546,101	230,466			
2022	485,000	114,495	62,782	97,640	547,782	212,135			
2023 - 2027	1,990,000	404,500	340,773	459,506	2,330,773	864,006			
2028 - 2032	1,425,000	241,761	390,280	406,010	1,815,280	647,771			
2033 - 2037	1,465,000	86,791	446,978	343,762	1,911,978	430,553			
2038- 2042	-	-	511,909	271,324	511,909	271,324			
2043 - 2047	-	-	586,276	187,013	586,276	187,013			
2048 - 2052	-	-	670,073	88,872	670,073	88,872			
2053 - 2056			168,619	9,336	168,619	9,336			
	\$ 7,565,000	\$ 1,475,527	\$ 3,412,458	\$ 2,271,310	\$ 10,977,458	\$ 3,746,837			

Statutory Debt Limitations

Connecticut General Statutes Section 7-374(b) provides that authorized debt of the Town shall not exceed seven times base receipts, as defined in the Statute. Further, the Statute limits the amount of debt that may be authorized by the Town for general purposes, schools, sewers, urban renewal and pension deficit. The Town did not exceed any of the statutory debt limitations at June 30, 2017.

Authorized, Unissued Debt

As of June 30, 2017, the Town has authorized, unissued debt in the amount \$2,740,000 for the Middle School Roof Project.

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

CAPITAL LEASES

Future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of the minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2017 are as follows:

	Governmental	
Year ending June 30:		Activites
2018	\$	94,668
2019		94,668
2020		94,668
2021		94,668
2022		94,668
Thereafter		261,059
Total minimum lease payments		734,399
Less: amount representing interest		70,642
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$	663,757

HEART AND HYPERTENSION OBLIGATIONS

The Town's estimated liability for heart and hypertension obligations as of June 30, 2017 totaled \$355,000. Heart and hypertension obligations are based upon estimates of either the ultimate cost of claims to be incurred by eligible beneficiaries or the actual amount of settlements reached and unpaid as of year end. Because estimated future claim costs depend on a number of estimates, including inflation, life expectancy and expected claims frequency, it is reasonably possible that the Town's liability for heart and hypertension obligations as of June 30, 2017 will change in the near term.

NOTE 10 - PENSION PLANS

DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN

The Town is the administrator of a single-employer Public Employee Retirement System (PERS) established and administered by the Town to provide pension benefits for its employees. The Plan does not issue stand-alone financial statements and is part of the Town's financial reporting entity. As such, balances of the Plan as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017 are accounted for in the fiduciary fund financial statements as a pension trust fund.

Plan Description

The Plan covers all full-time employees of the Town except certified employees of the Board of Education, who are covered by a plan administered by the Connecticut State Teacher's Retirement Board. Employees become eligible to participate in the Plan on the eligibility date coinciding with, or next following, a specified date of hire and completion of 1,000 hours of service. Employees are generally 100% vested after five years of continuous service, except for police personnel hired after July 1, 2007, which are 100% vested after seven years of service. Benefits and contributions are established and may be amended by the Town.

NOTE 10 - PENSION PLANS (Continued)

DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN (Continued)

Plan Membership

Membership of the Plan consisted of the following as of the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	74
Vested terminated employees	107
Active employees	168
	349

Contributions

The contribution requirements of plan members are established and may be amended by the Town Pension and Retirement Board. The Town's funding policy provides for periodic employer contributions at rates that, when expressed as a percentage of annual covered payroll, are designed to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. The contribution rates for normal costs of the Plan was determined using the projected unit credit method.

Required employee contribution rates under the Plan range from 2.0% to 7.0% of covered payroll based on the applicable bargaining unit.

Benefit Provisions

Retirement benefits range from 1.25% to 2.25% of the participant's average annual compensation for the applicable service period multiplied by years of credited service.

Normal retirement age for public works and WPCA employees is the later of age 60 or 15 years of service; for sworn police personnel it is the later of age 50 or 25 years of service; for dispatchers it is the later of age 60 and 25 years of service; and for all other employees it is the later of age 65 and 5 years of service. Early retirement age is the later of age 55 and the completion of at least ten years of credited service.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Plan is accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions to the Plan are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the Plan.

Investments - Investments are measured at fair value, except for investments money market mutual funds which are permitted to be measured at net asset value. Securities traded on national exchanges are valued at the last reported sales price. Investment income is recognized when earned and gains and losses on sales or exchanges are recognized on the transaction date. The Plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the Town. It is the policy of the Town to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. The Plan's investment policy discourages the use of cash equivalents, except for liquidity purposes, and aims to refrain from dramatically shifting asset class allocations over shirt time spans.

Rate of return - For the year ended June 30, 2017 the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expenses, was 10.16%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Administrative costs of the Plan are generally financed through investment earnings.

NOTE 10 - PENSION PLANS (Continued)

DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN (Continued)

Concentrations

As of June 30, 2017, more than 10% of the Plan's investments were invested in the following:

			% of Plan
Investment	Value	Issuer	Investments
S&P 500 ETF TRUST	\$ 10,359,585	SPDR State Street Global Advisors	43.4%

Net Pension Liability

The components of the net pension liability of the Town at June 30, 2017, were as follows:

Total pension liability	\$ 30,890,480
Plan fiduciary net position	(23,865,327)
Town's net pension liability	\$ 7,025,153
·	

Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability

77.26%

The components of the change in the net pension liability of the Town Plan for the year ended June 30, 2017 were as follows:

	Increase (Decrease)					
	Total Pension Liability			an Fiduciary et Position	Net Pension Liability	
		(a)		(b)		(a) - (b)
Balance as of June 30, 2016	\$	27,191,862	\$	21,696,219	\$	5,495,643
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		800,764		-		800,764
Interest		1,916,200		-		1,916,200
Actuarial (gains) losses		(61,792)		-		(61,792)
Contributions - employer		-		966,582		(966,582)
Contributions - employee		-		289,571		(289,571)
Net investment income		-		2,196,111		(2,196,111)
Changes of ssumptions		2,301,380		-		2,301,380
Benefit payments, including refunds		(1,257,934)		(1,257,934)		-
Administrative expense		<u>-</u> _		(25,222)		25,222
Net changes		3,698,618		2,169,108		1,529,510
Balance as of June 30, 2017	\$	30,890,480	\$	23,865,327	\$	7,025,153

Actuarial assumptions - The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2016, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.75 percent

Salary increases 3.50 percent, average, including inflation

Investment rate of return 6.50 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

NOTE 10 - PENSION PLANS (Continued)

DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN (Continued)

Net Pension Liability (Continued)

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Unisex Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, with adjustments to the valuation year for mortality improvements based on Scale AA.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2017 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Equities	60.00%	3.81%
Fixed Income	40.00%	2.52%

Discount rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that the Town's contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate - The following presents the net pension liability of the Town, calculated using the discount rate of 6.5%, as well as what the Town's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.5%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.5%) than the current rate:

	Current							
	1	% Decrease (5.5%)	Discount (6.5%)		1% Increase (7.5%)			
Town Plan's net pension liability	\$	10,941,372	\$	7,025,153	\$	3,744,079		

NOTE 10 - PENSION PLANS (Continued)

DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

At June 30, 2017, the Town reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	rred Outflows Resources	red (Inflows) Resources	Outf	et Deferred lows (Inflows) f Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$ 360,911	\$ (104,321)	\$	256,590
Net difference between projected and actual	1,875,199	-		1,875,199
earnings on pension plan investments	 228,566	 		228,566
Total	\$ 2,464,676	\$ (104,321)	\$	2,360,355

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources will be recognized as a component of pension (benefit) expense as follows:

Year ended June 30,		
2017		\$ 648,535
2018		648,535
2019		558,162
2020		339,212
2021	_	165,911
	_	\$ 2,360,355

Payable to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2017, the Town did not report a payable for any contributions outstanding to the pension plan.

CONNECTICUT STATE TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

The faculty and professional personnel of the Town's Board of Education participate in the Teachers' Retirement System ("TRS"), which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established under Chapter 167a of the Connecticut General Statutes. The TRS is administered by the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement Board (the "Board") and is included as a fiduciary pension trust fund in the State of Connecticut's basic financial statements.

Plan benefits, cost-of-living allowances, required contributions of plan members and the State, and other plan provisions are described in Sections 10-183b to 10-183ss of the Connecticut General Statutes. The plan provides retirement, disability, death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to plan members and their beneficiaries.

The contribution requirements of plan members and the State are established and may be amended by the State legislature. In accordance with Section 10-183z of the General Statues, the Town does not and is not legally responsible to contribute to the plan as a special funding situation exists that requires the State to contribute one hundred percent of employer's contributions on-behalf of its participating municipalities at an actuarially determined rate. Plan members are currently required to contribute 7.25% of their annual earnings to the plan. After five years of service, teachers are fully vested in their own contributions. After ten years of service, teachers are fully vested in the monthly pension benefit which is payable at the age of sixty.

NOTE 10 - PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System (Continued)

The Town has recognized on-behalf payments of \$2,477,028 made by the State of Connecticut into the plan as intergovernmental revenues, and related expenditures of the General Fund in the accompanying statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances of the governmental funds.

Administrative costs of the plan are funded by the State.

The total estimated net pension liability of the TRS as of June 30, 2016 was \$14.245 billion, the most recent available reporting provided by the Board. The portion that was associated with the Town totaled approximately \$36.169 million or approximately 0.254% of the total estimated net pension liability. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016. The portion of the net pension liability associated with the Town was based on a projection of the long-term share of contributions to the plan related to the Town relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined.

The total pension liability as of June 30, 2016, was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement:

Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases	3.25% - 6.50% (includes inflation)
Investment rate of return	8.00% (includes inflation)
Cost of living adjustments:	
Retirements prior to 9/1/1992	3.00%
Retirements on or after 9/1/1992	2.00%

For healthy retirees and beneficiaries, mortality rates were based on the RPH-2014 White Collar table with employee and annuitant rates blended from ages 50 to 80, projected to the year 2020 using the BB improvement scale.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Large Cap U.S. Equities	21.0%	5.80%
Developed Non-U.S. Equities	18.0%	6.60%
Fixed Income (Core)	7.0%	1.30%
Private Equity	11.0%	7.60%
Emerging Markets (Non-U.S.)	9.0%	8.30%
Alternative Investments	8.0%	4.10%
Inflation Linked Bonds	3.0%	1.00%
Cash	6.0%	0.40%
Real Estate	7.0%	5.10%
Emerging Market Bonds	5.0%	3.70%
High Yield Bonds	5.0%	3.90%
	100.0%	

NOTE 10 - PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System (Continued)

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that State contributions will be made at the actuarially determined rates in future years. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 8.00%, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (7.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (9.00%) than the current rate:

		Current			
	1% Decrease (7.0%)	Discount (8.0%)	1	1% Increase (9.0%)	
Proportion of the net pension					
liability attributed to the Town	\$ 44,622,030	\$ 36,168,696	\$	29,022,732	

Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is included in the State of Connecticut's basic financial statements.

NOTE 11 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

Plan Description

The Town, in accordance with various collective bargaining agreements, is committed to providing medical benefits to certain eligible retirees and their spouses. The Post-Retirement Medical Program (the "Plan"), is accounted for as a single-employer defined benefit plan. The Plan provides healthcare insurance benefits for eligible retirees and their spouses through the Town's group health insurance plan, which covers both active and retired members. Benefit provisions are established by the Town and the General Statutes of the State of Connecticut. The Plan is considered to be part of the Town's financial reporting entity. The Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report and is not included in the financial statements of another entity.

Plan Provisions

Teachers and administrators: Teachers or administrators retiring under the Connecticut State Teachers Retirement System are eligible to receive health benefits for self and spouse with 100% contribution of premiums.

Police and dispatchers: Police and dispatchers who retire with at least 20 years of service are eligible for coverage. Police and dispatchers contribute 50% of premiums with 20 to 24 years of experience and 25% of premiums with 25 years of service or over.

Town hall, public works, Board of Education non-certified and unaffiliated personnel: Eligible to health receive benefits with 100% contribution of premiums.

NOTE 11 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

Plan Membership

Membership of the Plan consisted of the following as of July 1, 2016, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	25
Active employees	162
	187

Funding Policy

Contribution requirements of the plan members and the Town are established under the provisions of various collective bargaining agreements and in accordance with the General Statutes of the State of Connecticut. The Town began funding the benefits in a trust fund during the year ended June 30, 2012. Town contributions totaled \$351,387 for the year ended June 30, 2017 and represented 3.2% of covered payroll.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The OPEB Plan is accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Employer contributions to the OPEB Plan are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the OPEB Plan.

Investments - Investments are measured at fair value, except for investments money market mutual funds which are permitted to be measured at net asset value. Securities traded on national exchanges are valued at the last reported sales price. Investment income is recognized when earned and gains and losses on sales or exchanges are recognized on the transaction date. The OPEB Plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the Town. It is the policy of the Town to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. The OPEB Plan's investment policy discourages the use of cash equivalents, except for liquidity purposes, and aims to refrain from dramatically shifting asset class allocations over shirt time spans.

Rate of return - For the year ended June 30, 2017 the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expenses, was 9.41%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Administrative costs of the Plan are generally financed through investment earnings.

Concentrations

As of June 30, 2017, more than 10% of the OPEB Plan's investments were invested in the following:

			% of OPEB Plan
Investment	Value	Issuer	Investments
S&P 500 ETF TRUST	\$ 353,540	SPDR State Street Global Advisors	38.2%
Dreyfus Treasury Securities			
Cash Management Fund	112,882	Dreyfus Corporation	12.2%
iShares Core U.S. Aggregate			
Bond ETF	110,715	BlackRock Investments, LLC	12.0%
iShares Intermediate Credit			
Bond ETF	96,227	BlackRock Investments, LLC	10.4%

NOTE 11 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The Town's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution ("ARC"), an amount actuarially determined. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the Town's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the Town's net OPEB obligation.

Annual required contribution	\$ 297,826
Interest on net OPEB obligation	38,141
Adjustment to annual required contribution	 (35,147)
Annual OPEB cost	300,820
Contributions made	 351,387
Increase in Net OPEB obligation	(50,567)
Net OPEB obligation, beginning of the year	 544,877
Net OPEB obligation, end of the year	\$ 494,310

The Town's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the Plan, and the net OPEB obligation as of and for the years ended June 30, 2017, 2016 and 2015 are as follows:

			Percentage of						
Year Ended		Annual		Actual	Annual OPEB	ı	let OPEB		
June 30:	0	PEB Cost	Contribution		Cost Contributed	Obligation			
2017	\$	300,820	\$	351,387	116.8%	\$	494,310		
2016		289,894		359,104	123.9%		544,877		
2015		431,398		319,984	78.9%		614,087		

Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the plan as of July 1, 2016 (the date of the most recent actuarial valuation) was as follows:

						UAAL as a
Actuarial			Unfunded			Percentage of
Value of		Actuarial	AAL	Funded	Covered	Covered
Assets		Accrued	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
(A)	Liab	ility (AAL) (B)	(B-A)	(A/B)	(C)	((B-A)/C)
		_				
\$ 716.730	\$	3.997.019	\$ 3.280.289	17.9%	\$ 9.602.776	34.2%

NOTE 11 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

Funded Status and Funding Progress (Continued)

The projection of future benefit payments for an ongoing plan involves estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events in the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the Town are subject to continual revision, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedules of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information (RSI) following the notes to the financial statements, present multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Net OPEB Liability

The components of the Town's net OPEB liability related to its OPEB Plan as of June 30, 2017, was as follows:

Total OPEB liability	\$ 4,140,361
Plan fiduciary net position	 (907,649)
Town's net OPEB liability	\$ 3,232,712

Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability

21.92%

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the Town and plan members) and include the types of benefits in force at the valuation date and the pattern of sharing benefit costs between the Town and the plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations on the pattern of cost sharing between the Town and plan members in the future. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective and employ methods and assumptions that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation date as of July 1, 2016, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.75 percent

Investment rate of return 6.50 percent, net of plan investment expense, including inflation

Healthcare cost trend rate 5.34% - 4.40% over 67 years

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Mortality Table for Males and Females, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale BB.

NOTE 11 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of returns on OPEB Plan investments were determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the OPEB Plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2017 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Equities	60.00%	3.81%
Fixed Income	40.00%	2.52%

Sensitivity of the net OPEB asset to changes in the discount rate - The following presents the Town's net OPEB liability for the OPEB Plan, calculated using the discount rate disclosed above, as well as what the Town's net OPEB liability would be for the OPEB Plan if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

			Current		
	1	% Decrease (5.5%)	Discount (6.5%)	1% Increase (7.5%)	
Town Plan's net OPEB liability	\$	3,639,782	\$ 3,232,712	\$	2,848,946

Sensitivity of the net OPEB asset to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates - The following presents the Town's net OPEB liability for the OPEB Plan, calculated using the discount rate disclosed above, as well as what the Town's net OPEB liability would be for the OPEB Plan if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

			Current		
	19	% Decrease	 Discount	19	% Increase
		_	 		
Town Plan's net OPEB liability	\$	2,766,831	\$ 3,232,712	\$	3,754,416

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees or natural disasters. The Town purchases commercial insurance for all risks of loss except workers' compensation and liability-automobile-property insurance for which it participates in risk sharing pools. Settled claims from these risks did not exceed commercial insurance coverage during the three years ended June 30, 2017. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from amounts held in the prior year.

The Town is a member of the Connecticut Interlocal Risk Management Agency (CIRMA), an unincorporated association of Connecticut local public agencies that was formed in 1980 by the Connecticut Conference of Municipalities for the purpose of establishing and administering an interlocal risk management program pursuant to the provisions of Section 7-479a et seq. of the Connecticut General Statutes.

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

The Town is a member of CIRMA's Workers' Compensation Pool, a risk-sharing pool. The Workers' Compensation Pool provides statutory benefits pursuant to the provisions of the Connecticut Workers' Compensation Act. The coverage is subject to an incurred loss retrospective rating plan, and losses incurred in the coverage period will be evaluated at 18, 30 and 42 months after the effective date of coverage. The premium is subject to payroll audit at the close of the coverage period. CIRMA's Workers' Compensation Pool retains \$1,000,000 per occurrence.

The Town is also member of CIRMA's Liability-Automobile-Property Pool, a risk-sharing pool. The Liability-Automobile-Property Pool provides general liability, automobile liability, employee benefit liability, law enforcement liability, public officials and property coverage. The premium is subject to these coverages, and claims and expense payments falling within the deductible amounts are the responsibility of the Town. CIRMA's Liability-Automobile-Property Pool retains \$1,000,000 per occurrence for each line of liability coverage.

NOTE 13 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

There are several legal matters pending against the Town. The outcome and eventual liability to the Town, if any, in these cases is not known at this time. The Town's management, based upon consultation with legal counsel, estimates that potential claims against the Town, not covered by insurance, resulting from such litigation would not materially affect the financial position of the Town.

The Town has received state and federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursement to the grantor agency for any expenditure disallowed under terms of the grant. Based on prior experience, Town management believes such disallowances, if any, will not be material.

Assigned fund balance in the General Fund includes encumbrances of \$394,982 for unperformed educational commitments as of June 30, 2017 and \$475,000 of fund balance assigned for use in the Town's fiscal year 2018 General Fund budget.

Fund balance in the governmental funds has been committed for the following other purposes as of June 30, 2017:

	General		Other		
		Fund	Funds		
Heat and hypertension obligations	\$	237,034	\$	-	
Storm emergency preparedness		108,407		-	
General government		-		353,991	
Public safety		-		207,052	
Conservation and health		-		10,214	
Sanitation		-		1,750,435	
Recreation		-		13,393	
Education		-		213,351	
Other purposes	\$	345,441	\$	2,548,436	

NOTE 14 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On July 6, 2017, the Town issued \$2,740,000 in bond anticipation notes to provide interim financing for improvements to be made to the Town's Middle School roof. The notes bear a coupon rate of 2.0% and mature on April 5, 2018.

NOTE 15 - IMPACT OF NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS NOT YET EFFECTIVE

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits other than Pensions. This statement establishes new accounting and financial reporting requirements for OPEB plans and replaces the requirements of GASB Statements No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, as amended, and GASB Statement No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans, for OPEB. The requirements of this statement are effective for the Town's reporting period beginning July 1, 2017. The Town has not yet determined the impact that this statement will have on its financial statements.

In March 2016, the GASB issued Statement No. 81, *Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements*. This statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for irrevocable split-interest agreements by providing recognition and measurement guidance for situations in which a government is a beneficiary of the agreement. The requirements of this statement are effective for the Town's reporting period beginning July 1, 2017. The Town does not expect this statement to have a material effect on its financial statements.

In November 2016, the GASB issued Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations. This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations. (AROs). An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset. A government that has legal obligations to perform future asset retirement activities related to its tangible capital assets should recognize a liability based on the guidance in this Statement which (1) establishes criteria for determining the timing and pattern of recognition of a liability and a corresponding deferred outflow of resources for AROs, (2) requires the measurement of an ARO to be based on the best estimate of the current value of outlays expected to be incurred, and (3) requires the current value of a government's AROs to be adjusted for the effects of general inflation or deflation at least annually. The requirements of this statement are effective for the Town's reporting period beginning July 1, 2019. The Town does not expect this statement to have a material effect on its financial statements.

In January 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities. The objective of this Statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. This Statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. The focus of the criteria generally is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. Separate criteria are included to identify fiduciary component units and postemployment benefit arrangements that are fiduciary activities. The requirements of this statement are effective for the Town's reporting period beginning July 1, 2019. The Town has not yet determined the impact that this statement might have on its financial statements.

NOTE N - RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS (Continued)

In March 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 85, *Omnibus*. The objective of this Statement is to address practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This Statement addresses a variety of topics including issues related to blending component units, goodwill, fair value measurement and application, and postemployment benefits (pensions and other postemployment benefits). The requirements of this statement are effective for the Town's reporting period beginning July 1, 2017. The Town does not expect this statement to have a material effect on its financial statements.

In May 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 86, Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve consistency in accounting and financial reporting for in-substance defeasance of debt by providing guidance for transactions in which cash and other monetary assets acquired with only existing resources—resources other than the proceeds of refunding debt—are placed in an irrevocable trust for the sole purpose of extinguishing debt. This Statement also improves accounting and financial reporting for prepaid insurance on debt that is extinguished and notes to financial statements for debt that is defeased in substance. The requirements of this statement are effective for the Town's reporting period beginning July 1, 2017. The Town does not expect this statement to have a material effect on its financial statements.

In June 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. The requirements of this statement are effective for the Town's reporting period beginning July 1, 2020. The Town has not yet determined the impact that this statement might have on its financial statements.

Required
Supplementary
Information

TOWN OF EAST WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS AND INVESTMENT RETURNS (UNAUDITED) PENSION PLAN LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS

	 2017	2016	 2015	2014
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 946,526	\$ 862,350	\$ 959,089	\$ 938,840
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	966,582	912,750	959,089	938,840
Contribution deficiency	\$ (20,056)	\$ (50,400)	\$ -	\$
Covered employee payroll	\$ 7,520,064	\$ 6,477,145	\$ 6,617,466	\$ 6,035,101
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	12.85%	14.09%	14.49%	15.56%
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	10.16%	2.50%	4.54%	16.12%

NOTES TO SCHEDULE:

The Town began to report the schedule of contributions and investment returns when it implemented GASB Statement No. 67 in fiscal year 2014.

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of July 1, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Projected Unit Credit Cost Method

Amortization method Level percent of payroll

Remaining amortization period Closed 20 years from July 1, 2009

Asset valuation method 5 year smoothed market

Inflation 2.75% Investment rate of return 6.50%

Salary increases 3.50% (includes inflation)
Retirement age Normal retirement age

Mortality RP-2000 Combined Healthy Morality with generational

projection per Scale BB

TOWN OF EAST WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY (UNAUDITED)

PENSION PLAN LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS

(Rounded to Nearest Thousand)

	 2017	 2016	 2015	2014
Total pension liability				
Service cost	\$ 801,000	\$ 778,000	\$ 668,000	\$ 667,000
Interest	1,916,000	1,817,000	1,681,000	1,602,000
Changes in benefit terms	-	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	(62,000)	561,000	-	-
Changes of assumptions	2,301,000	-	-	-
Benefit payments, including refunds	(1,258,000)	(1,126,000)	(1,159,000)	(1,007,000)
Net change in total pension liability	3,698,000	2,030,000	1,190,000	1,262,000
Total pension liability - beginning	27,192,000	25,162,000	23,972,000	22,710,000
Total pension liability - ending	30,890,000	27,192,000	25,162,000	23,972,000
Plan fiduciary net position				
Contributions - employer	967,000	913,000	959,000	939,000
Contributions - members	290,000	300,000	252,000	272,000
Net investment income	2,194,000	524,000	917,000	2,776,000
Benefit payments, including refunds	(1,258,000)	(1,126,000)	(1,042,000)	(1,007,000)
Administrative expense	(24,000)	(38,000)	(40,000)	(30,000)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	2,169,000	573,000	1,046,000	2,950,000
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	21,696,000	21,123,000	20,077,000	17,127,000
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	 23,865,000	 21,696,000	 21,123,000	 20,077,000
Town's net pension liability	\$ 7,025,000	\$ 5,496,000	\$ 4,039,000	\$ 3,895,000
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage				
of total pension liability	77.26%	79.79%	83.95%	83.75%
Covered employee payroll	\$ 7,520,064	\$ 6,477,145	\$ 6,617,466	\$ 6,035,101
Town's net pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	93.42%	84.85%	61.04%	64.54%

NOTES TO SCHEDULE:

The Town began to report the schedule of changes in net pension liability when it implemented GASB Statement No. 67 in fiscal year 2014.

Benefit changes: There have been no changes in benefit terms that have affected the measurement of the total pension liability.

Assumption Changes: In connection with the July 1, 2016 valuation, the Town lowered the discount rate from 7.0% to 6.5% and lowered the salary scale and amortization growth rate from 4.0% to 3.5%. The decrease in the assumed rates resulted in an increase in the measurement of the total pension liability by approximately \$1.9 million.

TOWN OF EAST WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT

SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (UNAUDITED) CONNECTICUT STATE TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

LAST THREE FISCAL YEARS

(Rounded to Nearest Thousand)

	2017	2016	2015
Proportion of the net pension liability attributed to the Town	0.254%	0.245%	0.245%
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability attributed with the Town Total	\$ 36,169,000 36,169,000	\$ 26,839,000 26,839,000	\$ 24,807,000 24,807,000
Town's covered payroll	\$ 10,139,000	\$ 10,181,000	\$ 9,969,000
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	59.50%	59.50%	61.51%

NOTES TO SCHEDULE:

The Town began to report this schedule when it implemented GASB Statement No. 68 in fiscal year 2015.

The total pension liability reported for each fiscal year is based on a measurement date as of the end of the prior fiscal year (i.e. the total pension liability reported for 2016 is based on a June 30, 2015 measurement date).

Benefit changes: There have been no changes in benefit terms that have affected the measurement of the total pension liability.

Assumption changes: The following assumptions were changed in connection with the most recent valuation:

- Inflation assumption was reduced from 3.00% to 2.75%.
- Real rate of return assumption was reduced from 5.50% to 5.25%, which when combined with the inflation assumption change resulted in a decrease in the investment rate of return assumption from 8.50% to 8.00%.
- The annual rate of wage increase assumption was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%.
- The payroll growth assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.
- Various demographic assumption changes utilizing the RPH-2014 mortality tables.

TOWN OF EAST WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULES OF FUNDING PROGRESS (UNAUDITED) LAST FOUR ACTUARIAL VALUATIONS

Other Post-Employment Benefits Program

				 	- 0 -				
									UAAL as a
	Actuarial		Actuarial	Unfunded					Percentage of
Actuarial	Value of		Accrued	AAL	Fun	nded	Covered		Covered
Valuation	Assets	Li	ability (AAL) -	(UAAL)	Ra	itio	Payroll		Payroll
Date	(A)	(B)		(B-A)	(A	/B)	(C)	_	((B-A)/C)
July 1, 2010	\$ -	\$	3,441,000	\$ (3,441,000)		0.0%	Not available		Not available
July 1, 2012	220,021		4,260,367	(4,040,346)		5.2%	Not available		Not available
July 1, 2014	455,111		3,472,085	(3,016,974)		13.1%	9,309,000	*	-32.4%
July 1, 2016	716,730		3,997,019	(3,280,289)		17.9%	9,603,000	*	-34.2%

^{*} Rounded to nearest thousand.

NOTES TO SCHEDULE:

Benefit changes: There have been no changes in benefit terms that have affected the measurement of the actuarial accrued liability.

Assumption Changes: The medical inflation rate was decreased between the July 1, 2012 and the July 1, 2014 actuarial valuations to reflect a decrease in estimated fees resulting from effective Affordable Care Act.

TOWN OF EAST WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS AND INVESTMENT RETURNS (UNAUDITED) OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PROGRAM JUNE 30, 2017

	 2017
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 297,826
Contributions in relation to the actuarially	
determined contribution:	
Contributions to trust	121,523
Contributions by General Fund	 229,864
	351,387
Contribution deficiency	\$ (53,561)
Covered employee payroll	\$ 10,831,000
Contributions as a percentage of covered	
employee payroll	3.24%
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net	
of investment expense	9.41%

NOTES TO SCHEDULE:

The Town began to report the schedule of contributions and investment returns when it implemented GASB Statement No. 74 in fiscal year 2017.

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of July 1, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal
Amortization method Level percent of payroll

Remaining amortization period Closed 21 years from July 1, 2016

Asset valuation method 5 year smoothed market

Inflation 2.75% Investment rate of return 6.50%

Healthcare cost trend rate 5.34% - 4.40% over 67 years

TOWN OF EAST WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY (UNAUDITED) OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PROGRAM JUNE 30, 2017

(Rounded to Nearest Thousand)

		2017
Total pension liability		
Service cost	\$	113,000
Interest		260,000
Changes in benefit terms		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		-
Changes of assumptions		-
Benefit payments, including refunds		(230,000)
Net change in total pension liability		143,000
Total pension liability - beginning		3,997,000
Total pension liability - ending		4,140,000
	<u></u>	
Plan fiduciary net position		
Contributions - employer		351,000
Contributions - members		-
Net investment income		73,000
Benefit payments, including refunds		(230,000)
Administrative expense		(4,000)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		190,000
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		717,000
Plan fiduciary net position - ending		907,000
		_
Town's net pension liability	\$	3,233,000
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage		
of total pension liability		21.91%
Covered employee payroll	\$	10,831,000
Town's net pension liability as a percentage		
of covered employee payroll		29.85%

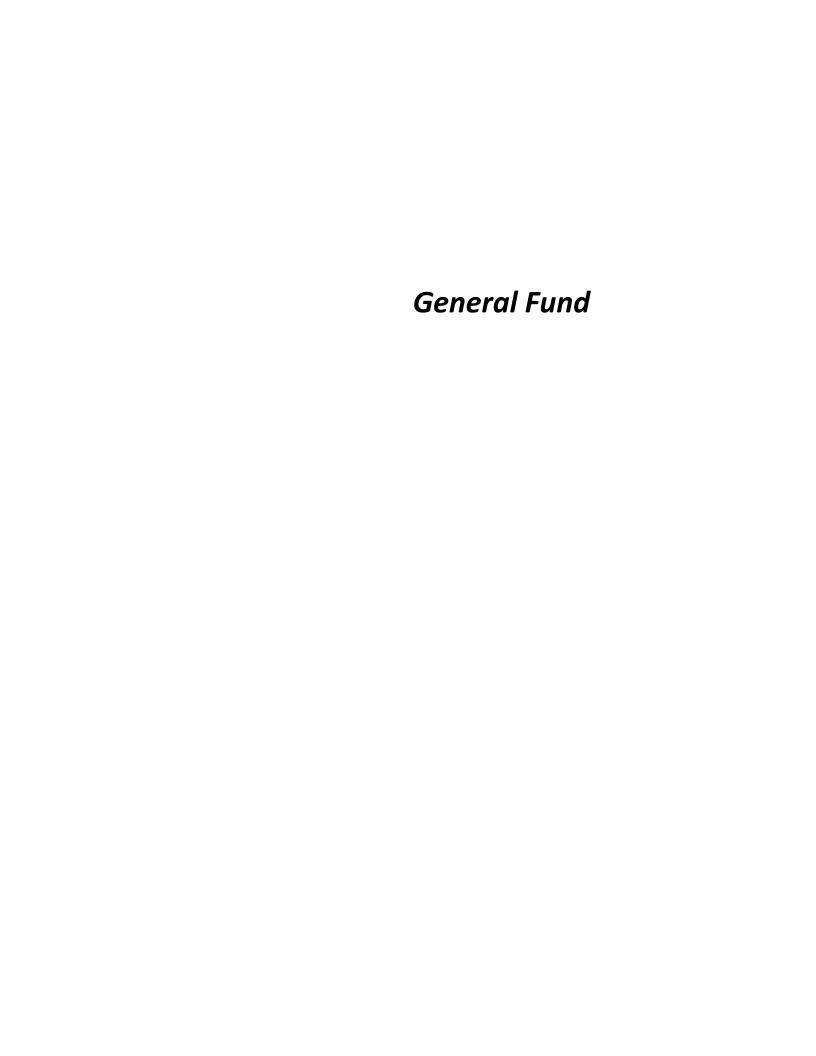
NOTES TO SCHEDULE:

The Town began to report the schedule of changes in net OPEB liability when it implemented GASB Statement No. 74 in fiscal year 2017.

Benefit changes: There have been no changes in benefit terms that have affected the measurement of the total OPEB liability.

Assumption Changes: There have been no significant changes in assumptions that have affected the measurement of the total OPEB liability.

Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules



TOWN OF EAST WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

				Variance With
		Amounts		Final Budget
20050777777	Original	Final	Actual	Over (Under)
PROPERTY TAXES	ć 20.7F2.020	ć 20.752.020	ć 20.002.c20	ć 220.000
Current and prior year levies Interest and lien fees	\$ 29,752,930	\$ 29,752,930	\$ 29,992,620	\$ 239,690
Total property taxes	225,000 29,977,930	225,000 29,977,930	255,803 30,248,423	30,803 270,493
rotal property taxes	25,577,530	25,577,550	30,240,423	270,433
NTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUES				
Education equalization	5,552,000	5,552,000	5,486,554	(65,446
Town aid road grant	267,564	267,564	267,266	(298
Tax relief - circuit breaker	90,000	90,000	73,338	(16,662
Reimbursement in lieu of taxes	57,816	57,816	57,816	-
Mashantucket Pequot grant	45,593	45,593	45,593	-
Municipal revenue sharing	232,457	232,457	232,457	_
Telephone access grant	20,000	20,000	23,059	3,059
Adult education	15,871	15,871	16,457	586
Pro-rata share of CT fines	5,000	5,000	8,255	3,255
Tax relief - veterans	7,000	7,000	6,920	(80
Tax exempt property - disability	1,800	1,800	1,754	(46
Other grants	1,000	1,000	. 1	(999
Total intergovernmental revenues	6,296,101	6,296,101	6,219,470	(76,631
CENSES, FEES AND CHARGES FOR				
GOODS AND SERVICES				
Building Department	200,000	200,000	184,779	(15,221
Town Clerk	169,700	169,700	235,074	65,374
Other	30,200	30,200	91,490	61,290
Parks and Recreation	24,500	24,500	40,222	15,722
Treasurer	20,000	20,000	24,545	4,545
Land use permits	15,200	15,200	24,144	8,944
Police Department	10,000	10,000	11,400	1,400
Greater Hartford Transit District	7,000	7,000	7,260	260
Mini-bus donations	3,000	3,000	3,665	665
Aircraft miscellaneous	2,260	2,260	3,720	1,460
Assessor	200	200	424	224
Total licenses, fees and charges				
for goods and services	482,060	482,060	626,723	144,663
EVENUES FROM THE USE OF MONEY				
Interest on deposits	11,000	11,000	68,950	57,950
Total revenues from the use of money	11,000	11,000	68,950	57,950
THER FINANCING SOURCES				
Appropriation of Fund Balance	250,000	1,156,200	-	(1,156,200
Transfers in from:				
Sewer Assessment Fund	-	-	27,791	27,791
Educational Grants Fund	-	-	125,594	125,594
Total other financing sources	250,000	1,156,200	153,385	(1,002,815
	\$ 37,017,091	\$ 37,923,291	\$ 37,316,951	\$ (606,340

TOWN OF EAST WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Budgeted	Amou	unts		ance With
	 Original	7111100	Final	Actual	er (Under)
GENERAL GOVERNMENT					
Town property	\$ 510,200	\$	502,149	\$ 463,923	\$ (38,226)
Town Counsel and legal	240,000		299,726	299,726	-
Board of Selectmen	268,186		267,275	258,134	(9,141)
Treasurer	210,531		203,481	190,933	(12,548)
Senior Center	219,097		223,467	219,459	(4,008)
Town Planner	237,529		237,529	207,982	(29,547)
Assessor	191,180		186,810	173,779	(13,031)
Building Department	195,892		191,574	181,001	(10,573)
Town Clerk	132,057		132,058	128,044	(4,014)
Tax Collector	120,306		120,306	120,046	(260)
27th payroll	115,063		114,675	112,430	(2,245)
Elections - registrar	62,914		62,914	51,400	(11,514)
Board of Finance	44,250		44,250	43,300	(950)
Economic Development Commission	4,150		4,150	2,840	(1,310)
Planning and Zoning Commission	2,950		2,950	2,485	(465)
Probate Court	2,700		2,700	2,220	(480)
Conservation Commission	1,800		1,800	1,185	(615)
Zoning Board of Appeals	1,500		1,500	730	(770)
Board of Tax Review	1,050		1,050	673	(377)
Building Committee	1,130		1,130	480	(650)
Ethics Committee	500		500	-	(500)
Elderly Commission	500		500	225	(275)
Charter revision	 1,250		1,250		 (1,250)
Total general government	 2,564,735		2,603,744	 2,460,995	 (142,749)
PUBLIC SAFETY					
Police Department	3,171,648		3,145,932	3,079,706	(66,226)
Fire protection (water)	341,000		347,902	343,818	(4,084)
Employee benefits	161,000		161,335	160,513	(822)
Broad Brook Fire Department	82,050		92,533	89,781	(2,752)
Fire Marshal	18,567		18,567	17,592	(975)
Civil preparedness	59,787		57,287	56,920	(367)
Emergency management	15,518		15,518	13,355	(2,163)
Police Commission	1,500		1,500	1,500	-
Total public safety	 3,851,070		3,840,574	3,763,185	 (77,389)

TOWN OF EAST WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS - GENERAL FUND (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

						Varia	ance With
	 Budgeted	Amou					l Budget
CONSERVATION AND USALTH	 Original		Final		Actual	Ove	r (Under)
CONSERVATION AND HEALTH					.=		(0.404)
Human services	\$ 169,297	\$	176,347	\$	173,923	\$	(2,424)
Health agencies	104,443		104,443		103,932		(511)
General assistance	14,000		14,000		12,922		(1,078)
Visiting Nurse Association	 6,747		6,747		6,747		
Total conservation and health	 294,487		301,537	-	297,524		(4,013)
HIGHWAYS							
Public works	823,521		826,823		826,248		(575)
Road improvements	450,000		450,000		450,000		-
Street lighting	143,000		144,149		143,149		(1,000)
Total highways	1,416,521		1,420,972		1,419,397		(1,575)
SANITATION AND WASTE REMOVAL							
Collection and disposal	903,230		903,230		856,119		(47,111)
Total sanitation and waste removal	903,230		903,230		856,119		(47,111)
INSURANCE AND BENEFITS							
Employee benefits	2,616,074		2,630,034		2,607,036		(22,998)
Insurance and surety bonds	338,025		212,654		204,982		(7,672)
Total insurance and surety bonds	2,954,099		2,842,688		2,812,018		(30,670)
CULTURE AND RECREATION							
Libraries	256,955		256,955		256,955		_
Parks and Recreation	226,282		221,282		194,042		(27,240)
Community activities	1,000		1,000		1,000		-
Total culture and recreation	 484,237		479,237		451,997		(27,240)
OTHER							
Data processing	185,590		185,590		170,402		(15,188)
Cemeteries	17,500		17,500		17,500		(13,100)
Domestic violence	6,000		6,000		5,989		(11)
Contingency fund	120,807		97,218		48,285		(48,933)
Total other	 329,897		306,308		242,176	-	(64,132)
Total other	 323,037		300,300	-	272,170	-	(07,132)

TOWN OF EAST WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS - GENERAL FUND (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Budgeted	Amo	unts		iance With
	 Original	711110	Final	Actual	er (Under)
EDUCATION	 				
Salaries					
Certified personnel	\$ 8,996,706	\$	9,124,282	\$ 8,967,302	\$ (156,980)
Clerical	989,673		1,002,595	1,030,758	28,163
Building administration	782,347		782,986	779,336	(3,650)
Teacher's aides	786,955		787,114	967,818	180,704
Custodial	630,432		616,628	672,860	56,232
Administration	466,613		470,953	473,820	2,867
Tutors	443,121		454,033	510,273	56,240
Nurses	250,244		255,783	271,594	15,811
Support services	190,731		193,785	194,353	568
Stipends	201,023		201,023	191,886	(9,137)
Substitutes	103,501		103,501	111,227	7,726
Summer school	88,805		72,073	90,364	18,291
Adult education/enrichment	25,201		25,201	39,146	13,945
Home bound	 28,491		19,250	 27,484	 8,234
Total salaries	 13,983,843		14,109,207	14,328,221	219,014
Employee Benefits					
Health insurance	2,088,771		2,088,771	1,609,217	(479,554)
Retirement and social security	862,889		815,316	902,878	87,562
Workmen's compensation and			5=5,5=5	00=,000	01,000
travel insurance	166,725		166,725	94,107	(72,618)
Total employee benefits	3,118,385		3,070,812	2,606,202	(464,610)
Purchased Services					
Public transportation	1,557,721		1,508,221	1,368,739	(139,482)
Tuition	1,235,765		1,186,415	1,298,965	112,550
Other professional services	935,470		932,937	919,952	(12,985)
Cleaning/repairing	205,316		205,316	179,236	(26,080)
Maintenance	87,463		87,463	255	(87,208)
Public utilities	287,905		287,905	244,826	(43,079)
Liability insurance	154,120		154,120	203,818	49,698
Pupil services	22,302		32,302	30,599	(1,703)
Travel, conferences and other	,		ŕ	,	
transportation	27,390		27,790	21,003	(6,787)
Communications	55,600		55,600	32,689	(22,911)
Printing/binding	32,001		32,001	21,453	(10,548)
Property insurance	50,158		50,158	3,438	(46,720)
Instructional program improvements	600		600	-	(600)
Total purchased services	 4,651,811		4,560,828	 4,324,973	 (235,855)

TOWN OF EAST WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS - GENERAL FUND (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Budgeted	l Amo	unts			iance With
	 Original		Final	Actual	Ov	er (Under)
EDUCATION (Continued)	 					
Supplies						
Other supplies	\$ 31,762	\$	32,762	\$ 166,662	\$	133,900
Instructional	38,095		53,287	142,419		89,132
Heat and energy	173,400		173,400	162,675		(10,725)
Custodial/maintenance	61,418		61,418	52,838		(8,580)
Textbooks	4,816		4,816	27,043		22,227
Library	13,523		11,523	22,746		11,223
Food service	 1_		1	 159,094		159,093
Total supplies	 323,015		337,207	 733,477		396,270
Capital equipment						
New equipment	20,769		19,769	50,165		30,396
Dues and fees	31,312		31,312	35,757		4,445
Total capital equipment	 52,081		51,081	85,922		34,841
Total education	 22,129,135		22,129,135	22,078,795		(50,340)
DEBT SERVICE	 1,288,680		1,228,954	 698,489		(530,465)
OTHER FINANCING USES						
Transfer out to Capital and Nonrecurring Fund	801,000		1,711,200	1,711,200		-
Transfer out to Heart & Hypertension Fund	-		104,940	104,940		-
Transfer out to Storm Emergency Fund	-		12,672	12,672		-
Transfer out to Miscellaneous Grants Fund	-		10,000	10,000		-
Transfer out to Dog Fund	-		28,100	28,099		(1)
Total other financing uses	801,000		1,866,912	1,866,911		(1)
Total expenditures and other financing uses	\$ 37,017,091	\$	37,923,291	\$ 36,947,606	\$	(975,685)

TOWN OF EAST WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAXES LEVIED, COLLECTED AND OUTSTANDING FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Grand List	Balance Uncollected	Current	Lawful Co	orrec	tions	Transfers To		Balance To Be	 Collections Interest and				_ Balance Uncollected						
Year	June 30, 2016	Levy	Additions		Deductions	 Suspense	Collected		Collected		Collected		Taxes	Lien Fees		Total		June 30, 2017	
2015	\$ -	\$ 30,114,831	\$ 147,842	\$	246,053	\$ 11,560	\$	30,005,060	\$ 29,656,630	\$	115,392	\$	29,772,022	\$	348,430				
2014	335,639	-	4,054		10,745	7,222		321,726	176,038		46,477		222,515		145,688				
2013	137,410	-	548		3,699	2,801		131,458	46,309		19,554		65,863		85,149				
2012	127,008	-	-		2,571	2,227		122,210	22,086		14,924		14,924		100,124				
2011	108,401	-	-		967	3,277		104,157	17,055		15,082		32,137		87,102				
2010	106,813	-	-		918	7,087		98,808	16,348		14,160		30,508		82,460				
2009	104,213	-	-		1,227	11,529		91,457	14,491		15,600		30,091		76,966				
2008	85,151	-	-		819	12,207		72,125	10,069		2,817		12,886		62,056				
2007	54,884	-	-		787	-		54,097	(48)		48		-		54,145				
2006	8,058	-	-		896	-		7,162	(24)		24		-		7,186				
2005	5,060	-	-		893	-		4,167	-		-		-		4,167				
2004	2,891	-	-		866	-		2,025	-		-		-		2,025				
2003	3,388	-	-		1,424	-		1,964	-		-		-		1,964				
2002	3,195	-	-		1,342	-		1,853	-		-		-		1,853				
2001	1,473	-	-		1,088	-		385	-		-		-		385				
2000	462	 -	 -			 462			-		-		-		-				
	\$ 1,084,046	\$ 30,114,831	\$ 152,444	\$	274,295	\$ 58,372	\$	31,018,654	\$ 29,958,954	\$	244,078	\$	30,180,946	\$	1,059,700				

TOWN OF EAST WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF DEBT LIMITATION CONNECTICUT GENERAL STATUTES, SECTION 7-374(b) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Total cash collections for the year ended June 30, 2017:										
Taxes	\$	29,958,954								
Interest and lien fees	*	244,078								
Taxing District (taxes, interest and liens)		574,293								
Total		30,777,325								
Reimbursement for revenue loss:										
Tax relief (CGS 12-129d)		139,828								
Base	\$	30,917,153								
		General					Ur	ban	P	ension
		Purposes		Schools	Se	ewers	Ren	iewal		Deficit
Debt limitation:										
2-1/4 times base	\$	69,563,594	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
4-1/2 times base		-	1	39,127,189		-		-		-
3-3/4 times base		-		-	11	5,939,324		-		-
3-1/4 times base		-		-		-	100	,480,747		-
3 times base		=		-		-		-		92,751,459
Total debt limitation		69,563,594	1	39,127,189	11	5,939,324	100),480,747		92,751,459
Indebtedness:										
Bonds payable		4,145,000		3,420,000		-		-		-
Note payable		-		-		3,412,458		-		-

2,740,000

6,160,000

(1,702,000) *

4,458,000

3,412,458

(173,544)

3,238,914

92,751,459

Debt limitation in excess of outstanding and authorized debt	\$ 65,418,594	\$ 134,669,189	\$ 112,700,410	\$ 100,480,747
Total capacity of borrowing (7 times base)	\$ 216,420,071	-62.12%		
Total present indebtedness	 11,841,914			
Margin for additional borrowing	\$ 204,578,157			

^{*} Includes school construction progress payments estimated to be 62.12% of eligible project costs resulting in an approximate net cost to the Town of \$1,038,000.

4,145,000

4,145,000

Authorized but not issued

Less: sewer assessments receivable

Less: grant reimbursements

Total indebtedness

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

TOWN OF EAST WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

								Nonma	jor S _l	pecial Revenu	ıe Fun	ds					
	Re	ark and creation ograms		Hot Lunch rogram	L	Dog icense Fund	C	Sewer Operating Fund	Α	Sewer ssessment Fund		Sewer Capital Fund	Foi	Drug rfeiture Fund	Sm	all Cities Fund	own Aid Road Fund
ASSETS	-																
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	40,515	\$	-	\$	1,419,786	\$	905,105	\$	165,718	\$	4,804	\$	52,170	\$ -
Receivables:																	
Assessments and user charges		-		-		-		92,040		173,544		-		-		-	-
Grants and contracts		-		49,993		-		-		-		-		-		3,738	-
Other		-		-		815		-		-		-		-		37,817	-
Due from other funds		17,683		-		-		-		1,584		-		-		-	18,192
Inventories		-		7,538		-		-		-		-					 -
Total assets	\$	17,683	\$	98,046	\$	815	\$	1,511,826	\$	1,080,233	\$	165,718	\$	4,804	\$	93,725	\$ 18,192
LIABILITIES																	
Accounts payable	\$	510	\$	_	\$	5,286	\$	22,480	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,738	\$ _
Salaries and benefits payable	·	3,780	·	_		-		11,586	·	_		-	•	_		-	_
Due to other funds		-		32,270		4,609		138,884		_		6,800		-		_	_
Unearned revenue		_		, -		-		403,090		_		-		_		_	18,192
Total liabilities		4,290		32,270		9,895		576,040		-		6,800		-		3,738	18,192
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES																	
Unavailable revenue		-		-		-		92,040		173,544		-		-		-	 -
FUND BALANCES																	
Nonspendable:																	
Inventories				7,538													
Loans receivable		-		7,336		-		-		-		-		-		37,817	-
Restricted		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		52,170	-
Committed to:		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		32,170	-
												150.010		_			
Capital purposes		- 12 202		-		-		-		-		158,918				-	-
Other purposes		13,393		58,238		- (0.000)		843,746		906,689		-		4,804		-	-
Unassigned		12 202				(9,080)		- 042.746				150.010		4 004			 -
Total fund balances		13,393		65,776		(9,080)		843,746		906,689		158,918		4,804		89,987	 -
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	¢	17,683		98,046	Ś	815	\$	1,511,826	Ś	1,080,233		165,718		4,804	_	93,725	18,192

TOWN OF EAST WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

					No	nmajor Spec	ial Rev	venue Funds					Nonn	najor P	ermanen	t Funds	;		
	Mis	cellaneous		Police		Senior		Family				Ce	emetery	Ve	eterans			To	tal Nonmajor
		Grants	Pr	ivate Duty		Center	Reso	urce Center	Casino				Trust		Trust			Go	vernmental
		Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund	 Fund		Subtotal		Fund		Fund	S	ubtotal		Funds
ASSETS																			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	232,962	\$ -	\$	2,821,060	\$	4,950	\$	-	\$	4,950	\$	2,826,010
Receivables:																			
Assessments and user charges		-		-		-		-	-		265,584		-		-		-		265,584
Grants and contracts		-		-		-		-	-		53,731		-		-		-		53,731
Other		4,063		47,808		24		-	17,651		108,178		-		-		-		108,178
Due from other funds		903,140		160,862		10,214		-	-		1,111,675		-		-		-		1,111,675
Inventories				-					 		7,538		-		-		-		7,538
Total assets	\$	907,203	\$	208,670	\$	10,238	\$	232,962	\$ 17,651	_	4,367,766	\$	4,950	\$	-	\$	4,950	\$	4,372,716
LIABILITIES																			
Accounts payable	\$	45,272	\$	-	\$	24	\$	-	\$ -	\$	77,310	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	77,310
Salaries and benefits payable		_		6,422		-		_	-		21,788		-		-		-		21,788
Due to other funds		-		-		-		77,849	17,651		278,063		-		-		-		278,063
Unearned revenue		507,940		-		-		_	-		929,222		-		-		-		929,222
Total liabilities		553,212		6,422		24		77,849	17,651		1,306,383		-		-		-		1,306,383
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES																			
Unavailable revenue									 		265,584				-		-		265,584
FUND BALANCES																			
Nonspendable:																			
Inventories		_		-		-		_	-		7,538		_		_		-		7,538
Loans receivable		_		-		-		_	-		37,817		_		-		-		37,817
Restricted		_		-		-		_	-		52,170		4,950		-		4,950		57,120
Committed to:													·				·		
Capital purposes		_		-		_		_	-		158,918		_		_		-		158,918
Other purposes		353,991		202,248		10,214		155,113	-		2,548,436		-		_		-		2,548,436
Unassigned		-		-		-		-	-		(9,080)		_		_		-		(9,080)
Total fund balances		353,991		202,248		10,214		155,113	 -		2,795,799		4,950		-		4,950		2,800,749
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of		<u> </u>							 										· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
resources and fund balances	\$	907,203	\$	208,670	\$	10,238	\$	232,962	\$ 17,651	\$	4,367,766	\$	4,950	\$	-	\$	4,950	\$	4,372,716

TOWN OF EAST WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

								 ecial Revenu							
	Red	rk and creation ograms		Hot Lunch Program	Dog License Fund	0	Sewer perating Fund	Sewer sessment Fund	Sewer Capital Fund	For	Orug feiture Fund	Sm	nall Cities Fund	R	n Aid oad und
REVENUES	-		-		 			 	 						
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	291,816	\$ -	\$	15,350	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	216,922	\$	-
Charges for goods and services		73,452		188,687	8,111		1,996,870	188,571	-		-		-		-
Interest income		1,400		184	-		6,987	4,348	833		20		236		-
Other		-		-	-		-	-	-		1,371		32,600		-
Total revenues		74,852		480,687	8,111		2,019,207	192,919	833		1,391		249,758		-
EXPENDITURES															
Current:															
General government		-		-	-		-	-	-		-		217,897		-
Public safety		-		-	40,240		-	-	-		-		-		-
Culture and recreation		73,768		-	-		-	-	-		-		-		-
Sanitation and waste removal		-		-	-		1,675,707	-	-		-		-		-
Education		-		595,418	-		-	-	-		-		-		-
Capital outlays		-		-	-		-	-	242,405		-		-		-
Total expenditures		73,768		595,418	40,240		1,675,707	-	242,405		-		217,897		-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues															
over expenditures		1,084		(114,731)	(32,129)		343,500	192,919	(241,572)		1,391		31,861		-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					-										
Transfers in		-		159,094	28,099		45,203	-	223,383		-		-		-
Transfers out		-		-			(200,000)	(51,174)	(45,203)		-		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		159,094	28,099		(154,797)	(51,174)	178,180		-		-		-
Net change in fund balances		1,084		44,363	(4,030)		188,703	141,745	(63,392)		1,391		31,861		-
Fund balances - beginning		12,309		21,413	 (5,050)		655,043	764,944	 222,310		3,413		58,126		-
Fund balances - ending	\$	13,393	\$	65,776	\$ (9,080)	\$	843,746	\$ 906,689	\$ 158,918	\$	4,804	\$	89,987	\$	-

TOWN OF EAST WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

			Nonmaior Spec	ial Revenue Funds			Noni	major Permanent I	Funds	
	Miscellaneous Grants	Police Private Duty	Senior Center	Family Resource Center	Casino		Cemetery	Veterans Trust	unus	Total Nonmajor Governmental
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Subtotal	Fund	Fund	Subtotal	Funds
REVENUES										
Intergovernmental	\$ 139,701	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 121,124	\$ -	\$ 784,913	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 784,913
Charges for goods and services	-	195,721	9,410	240,781	-	2,901,603	-	-	-	2,901,603
Interest income	-	-	-	37	-	14,045	31	12	43	14,088
Other	98,360	-	-	-	133,342	265,673	-	-	-	265,673
Total revenues	238,061	195,721	9,410	361,942	133,342	3,966,234	31	12	43	3,966,277
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
General government	142,013	-	10,093	-	133,342	503,345	-	-	-	503,345
Public safety	46,550	162,929	-	-	-	249,719	-	-	-	249,719
Culture and recreation	13,228	-	-	-	-	86,996	-	-	-	86,996
Sanitation and waste removal	-	-	-	-	-	1,675,707	-	-	-	1,675,707
Education	3,930	-	-	350,225	-	949,573	-	-	-	949,573
Capital outlays	-	-	-	-	-	242,405	-	-	-	242,405
Total expenditures	205,721	162,929	10,093	350,225	133,342	3,707,745				3,707,745
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over expenditures	32,340	32,792	(683)	11,717	-	258,489	31	12	43	258,532
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers in	16,844	-	-	-	-	472,623	-	-	-	472,623
Transfers out		(10,500)				(306,877)		(6,844)	(6,844)	(313,721)
Total other financing sources (uses)	16,844	(10,500)	-	-	-	165,746		(6,844)	(6,844)	158,902
Net change in fund balances	49,184	22,292	(683)	11,717	-	424,235	31	(6,832)	(6,801)	417,434
Fund balances - beginning	304,807	179,956	10,897	143,396		2,371,564	4,919	6,832	11,751	2,383,315
Fund balances - ending	\$ 353,991	\$ 202,248	\$ 10,214	\$ 155,113	\$ -	\$ 2,795,799	\$ 4,950	\$ -	\$ 4,950	\$ 2,800,749

Fiduciary Funds

TOWN OF EAST WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION AND OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS TRUST FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

	 Pension Trust Fund	Em	ther Post- nployment Benefits rust Fund	Total
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 727,863	\$	112,882	\$ 840,745
Investments	23,137,464		813,267	23,950,731
Receivables	20,031		-	20,031
Total assets	 23,885,358		926,149	24,811,507
LIABILITIES				
Payables	-		18,500	18,500
Total liabilities	 -		18,500	18,500
NET POSITION Restricted for pension and other				
post-employment benefits	\$ 23,885,358	\$	907,649	\$ 24,793,007

TOWN OF EAST WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION AND OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS TRUST FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	 Pension Trust Fund	Em	ther Post- aployment Benefits rust Fund	Total
ADDITIONS				
Contributions:				
Employer	\$ 966,582	\$	121,523	\$ 1,088,105
Plan members	289,571			 289,571
Total contributions	 1,256,153		121,523	1,377,676
Investment earnings:				
Interest and dividends	460,038		14,592	474,630
Net increase in the fair				
value of investments, net of fees	1,736,328		58,709	 1,795,037
Total investment earnings	2,196,366		73,301	2,269,667
Total additions	 3,452,519		194,824	 3,647,343
DEDUCTIONS				
Benefit payments	1,257,934		-	1,257,934
Administrative expenses	23,946		3,905	 27,851
Total deductions	1,281,880		3,905	1,285,785
Change in net position	2,170,639		190,919	2,361,558
Net position - beginning	 21,714,719		716,730	 22,431,449
Net position - ending	\$ 23,885,358	\$	907,649	\$ 24,793,007

TOWN OF EAST WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

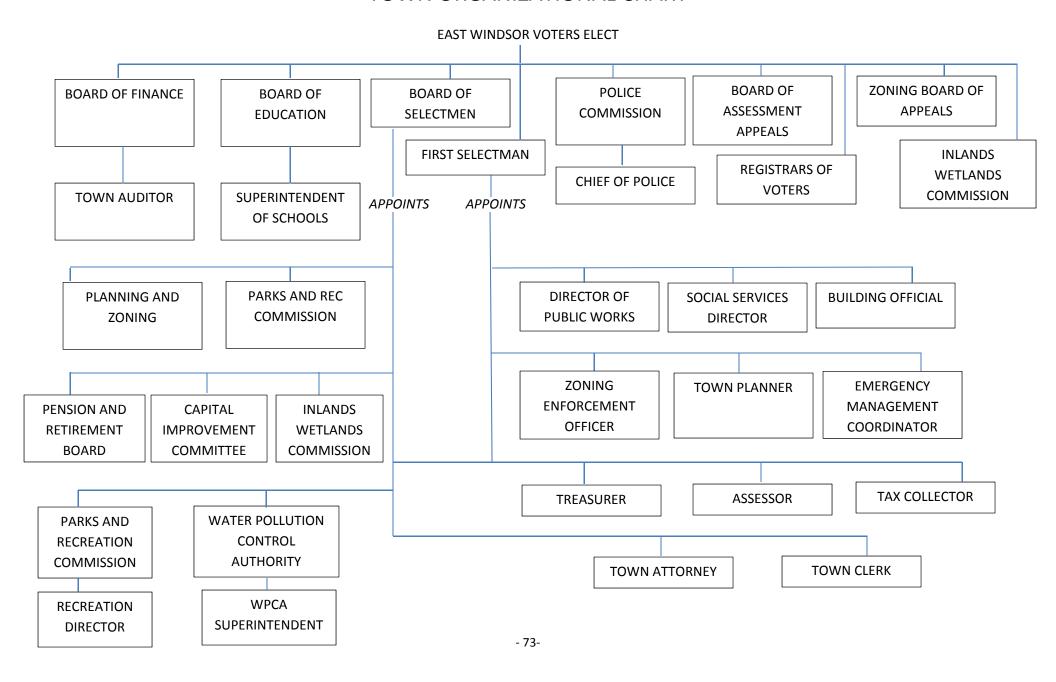
	Student Activities	Pei	rformance Bonds	 Total Agency Funds
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 121,315	\$	-	\$ 121,315
Receivables	-		348,384	348,384
Total assets	\$ 121,315	\$	348,384	\$ 469,699
LIABILITIES				
Due to student groups	\$ 121,315	\$	-	\$ 121,315
Due to others	-		348,384	348,384
Total liabilities	\$ 121,315	\$	348,384	\$ 469,699

TOWN OF EAST WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		3alance, ly 1, 2016	A	dditions	D	eletions	Balance, e 30, 2017
Student Activities Fund Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	120,717	\$	170,232	\$	169,634	\$ 121,315
Liabilities							
Due to student groups	\$	120,717	\$	170,232	\$	169,634	\$ 121,315
Performance Bonds Assets							
Receivables	\$	446,680	\$	82,616	\$	180,912	\$ 348,384
Liabilities Due to others	Ś	446,680	\$	82,616	\$	180,912	\$ 348,384
Due to others	<u> </u>	440,000	-	02,010	-	100,512	 340,304
Total All Agency Funds Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	120,717	\$	170,232	\$	169,634	\$ 121,315
Receivables		446,680		82,616		180,912	348,384
Total assets	\$	567,397	\$	252,848	\$	350,546	\$ 469,699
Liabilities							
Due to student groups	\$	120,717	\$	170,232	\$	169,634	\$ 121,315
Due to others		446,680		82,616		180,912	348,384
Total liabilities	\$	567,397	\$	252,848	\$	350,546	\$ 469,699

Other Supplementary Information

TOWN ORGANIZATIONAL CHART



TOWN OF EAST WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS - LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Unaudited)

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30	GRAND LIST OF OCTOBER 1	(1) NET TAXABLE RAND LIST	TAX RATE (IN MILLS)	TOTAL ADJUSTED TAX LEVY	% COLLECTED END OF EACH FISCAL YEAR	% UNCOLLECTED END OF EACH FISCAL YEAR	% UNCOLLECTED AS OF JUNE 30, 2017
2017	2015	\$ 962,147	30.93	\$30,016,620	98.8%	1.2%	1.2%
2016	2014	951,996	30.31	29,107,370	98.9%	1.1%	0.5%
2015	2013	952,493	29.78	28,444,386	98.6%	1.4%	0.3%
2014	2012	932,907	29.78	27,238,385	97.7%	2.3%	0.4%
2013	2011	1,091,168	24.73	27,063,848	97.9%	2.1%	0.3%
2012	2010	1,082,305	24.38	26,420,690	97.6%	2.4%	0.3%
2011	2009	1,077,999	24.00	25,804,815	97.4%	2.6%	0.3%
2010	2008	1,076,876	21.75	23,167,459	97.1%	2.9%	0.3%
2009	2007	1,062,759	20.91	22,097,869	96.5%	3.5%	0.2%
2008	2006	781,972	27.91	21,980,310	97.1%	2.9%	0.0%

(1) 000s omitted

Source: Town Officials

TOWN OF EAST WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Unaudited)

GRAND LIST DATED	RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY PERCENT	COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL REAL PROPERTY PERCENT	VACANT LAND PERCENT	PERSONAL PROPERTY PERCENT	MOTOR VEHICLE PERCENT	GROSS TAXABLE GRAND LIST	LESS EXEMPTIONS	NET TAXABLE GRAND LIST (1)	PERCENT CHANGE
10/1/2015	56.2%	25.2%	0.9%	8.6%	9.2%	996,080,360	33,933,440	962,146,920	1.07%
10/1/2014	56.8%	24.9%	1.4%	7.6%	9.3%	981,067,401	29,071,650	951,995,751	-0.05%
10/1/2013	56.7%	23.3%	1.5%	8.5%	10.0%	988,168,145	35,675,650	952,492,495	2.10%
10/1/2012	51.4%	29.2%	1.0%	8.5%	10.0%	966,738,367	33,830,985	932,907,382	-14.56%
10/1/2011	56.0%	27.7%	1.9%	6.3%	8.1%	1,115,602,190	23,686,724	1,091,915,466	0.89%
10/1/2010	56.4%	27.1%	2.0%	7.0%	7.6%	1,103,360,504	21,055,637	1,082,304,867	0.40%
10/1/2009	55.2%	27.1%	2.0%	7.8%	7.9%	1,102,391,190	24,392,108	1,077,999,082	0.10%
10/1/2008	58.6%	24.8%	1.9%	6.8%	8.0%	1,094,209,660	17,332,794	1,076,876,866	1.33%
10/1/2007	58.0%	24.0%	1.8%	7.8%	8.4%	1,082,941,546	20,182,498	1,062,759,048	35.91%
10/1/2006	54.0%	23.9%	1.6%	9.8%	10.8%	798,412,957	16,441,044	781,971,913	3.50%

⁽¹⁾ The latest revaluation was effective October 1, 2012

Source: Town Officials

TOWN OF EAST WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT RATIO OF NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT TO ASSESSED VALUE JUNE 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

0.754.4 0.557.40										
			OVE	RALL DEBT (1)						
FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30	PER	CAPITA	TO NET TAXABLE GRAND LIST	TO ESTIMATED FULL VALUE	TO NET EQUALIZED GRAND LIST	RATIO OF DEBT PER CAPITA TO PER CAPITA INCOME				
2017	\$	1,208	1.43%	1.38%	1.01%	2.75%				
-			NET D	DIRECT DEBT (2)						
FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30	PER	CAPITA	TO NET TAXABLE GRAND LIST	TO ESTIMATED FULL VALUE	TO NET EQUALIZED GRAND LIST	RATIO OF DEBT PER CAPITA TO PER CAPITA INCOME				
2017	\$	1,043	1.23%	1.19%	0.88%	2.37%				

(1) Overall Debt: \$13,717,458(2) Net Direct Debt: \$11,841,914

(3) Net Equalized Grand List: 1,352,524,745

TOWN OF EAST WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT RATIOS OF DIRECT GROSS GENERAL BONDED DEBT TO ASSESSED VALUE JUNE 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30	POPULATION*	ASSESSED VALUE		DIRECT GROSS INDEBTEDNESS		RATIO OF GROSS INDEBTEDNESS TO ASSESSED VALUE	GROSS INDEBTEDNESS PER CAPITA		
2017	11,355	\$	962,146,920	\$	13,717,458	1.43%	\$	1,208	

^{*} U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Census

TOWN OF EAST WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT COMPUTATION OF NET DIRECT DEBT JUNE 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

DESCRIPTION		DEBT JTSTANDING	PERCENTAGE APPLICABLE TO TOWN	тс	OWN SHARE OF DEBT
Current Debt:					
General purpose	\$	4,145,000	100%	\$	4,145,000
Schools		3,420,000	100%		3,420,000
Sewers		3,412,458	100%		3,412,458
Total Current Inc	lebtedness				10,977,458
Direct Bonded Indebtedness		10,977,458	100%		10,977,458
Authorized but not issued		2,740,000	100%		2,740,000
Gross direct indebtedness					13,717,458
Exclusion: School Construction Grants Re	eceivable				(1,702,000)
Exclusion: Assessment Receivable					(173,544)
Tota	I net direct indeb	tedness		\$	11,841,914

^{*} Includes school construction progress payments estimated to be 62.12% of eligible project costs resulting in an approximate net cost to the Town of \$1,038,000.

TOWN OF EAST WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT TEN LARGEST PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS 2015 GRAND LIST

(Unaudited)

NAME OF TAXPAYER	NATURE OF BUSINESS	 TAX ASSESSED (1)	% NET TAXABLE GRAND LIST (2)
Southern Auto Sales, Inc. & Related Entities	Car Dealership	\$ 23,790,010	2.20%
Wal-Mart Stores East LP	Retail	21,834,220	2.01%
The Mansions at Canyon Ridge LLC	Apartments	19,261,970	1.78%
Millpond Limited Partnership	Apartments	15,501,520	1.43%
Sustainable Building Systems USA LLC & Related Entity	Commercial Property	14,993,970	1.38%
EverSource & Related Entities	Utility	11,063,090	1.02%
Blue Dog Properties Trust	Commercial Property	10,990,100	1.01%
Balch Bridge Street Corp. & Related Entities	Commercial Property	9,135,090	0.84%
East Windsor Properties Limited Partnership	Apartments	8,776,440	0.81%
Fremont Prospect Hill Road LLC	Hospitality	8,184,460	0.76%
Totals		\$ 143,530,870	13.25%

(1) Net Taxable Grand List 10/1/2015

(2) Net Taxable Grand List 10/1/2015 Amount: \$962,147

Source: Town Officials

TOWN OF EAST WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS

(Unaudited)

FISCAL YEAR	PF	RINCIPAL	INTEREST				
ENDING	PA	YMENTS	 PAYMENTS	TOTAL PAYMENTS			
2018	\$	671,326	\$ 288,672	\$	959,998		
2019		677,875	268,045		945,920		
2020		539,466	248,644		788,110		
2021		546,101	230,466		776,567		
2022		547,782	212,135		759,917		
2023		544,508	195,799		740,307		
2024		536,282	182,750		719,032		
2025		538,104	170,937		709,041		
2026		354,977	161,146		516,123		
2027		356,902	153,374		510,276		
2028		358,878	145,539		504,417		
2029		360,911	137,636		498,547		
2030		362,999	129,666		492,665		
2031		365,144	121,627		486,771		
2032		367,348	113,302		480,650		
2033		369,612	104,619		474,231		
2034		371,939	95,715		467,654		
2035		384,330	86,476		470,806		
2036		391,786	76,837		468,623		
2037		394,311	66,906		461,217		
2038		96,904	60,414		157,318		
2039		99,568	57,433		157,001		
2040		102,306	54,360		156,666		
2041		105,120	51,191		156,311		
2042		108,011	47,926		155,937		
2043		110,981	44,560		155,541		
2044		114,033	41,090		155,123		
2045		117,169	37,513		154,682		
2046		120,391	33,826		154,217		
2047		123,702	30,025		153,727		
2048		127,104	26,106		153,210		
2049		130,599	22,067		152,666		
2050		134,191	17,903		152,094		
2051		137,881	13,610		151,491		
2052		140,298	9,185		149,483		
2053		54,973	4,637		59,610		
2054		56,485	3,125		59,610		
2055		57,161	 1,575		58,736		
Total	\$	10,977,458	\$ 3,746,837	\$	14,724,295		

TOWN OF EAST WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT CHANGES IN GENERAL FUND FUND BALANCE LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting - Unaudited)

				Fiscal	Year					
		2011-12	 2012-13	2013-14		2014-15	2015-16		2016-17	
Revenues										
Property taxes	\$	26,659,418	\$ 27,489,393	\$ 28,008,686	\$	28,868,977	\$ 29,484,942	\$	30,248,423	
Intergovernmental		8,420,974	8,842,174	8,810,002		8,983,491	8,686,073		8,696,498	
Licenses, fees, and charges for goods and services		1,006,865	487,094	538,040		536,450	618,911		626,723	
Revenue from use of money		16,936	14,550	10,765		13,387	29,854		68,950	
Other revenues		15,278	-	-		-	-		-	
Total revenues		36,119,471	36,833,211	37,367,493		38,402,305	38,819,780		39,640,594	
Expenditures										
General government		2,592,865	2,622,366	2,496,432		2,219,414	2,369,636		2,460,995	
Public safety		4,778,687	4,870,222	5,015,420		3,939,523	4,067,425		3,763,185	
Conservation and health		337,002	322,968	328,579		271,298	291,623		297,524	
Highways		1,199,838	1,410,949	1,545,390		1,019,639	1,174,958		1,424,969	
Sanitation and waste removal		820,420	812,211	814,819		844,217	828,529		856,119	
Culture and recreation		452,608	465,146	458,738		437,978	401,880		451,997	
Education		21,503,161	22,517,698	23,072,375		23,299,723	24,287,205		24,647,004	
Insurance and benefits		266,095	431,107	385,601		2,967,797	2,843,089		2,882,018	
Miscellaneous		193,223	298,099	168,961		182,802	248,018		242,176	
Capital outlays		300,088	319,441	435,575		-	-		-	
Debt service		1,610,903	 1,396,258	 1,410,318		1,062,306	 1,032,169		698,489	
Total expenditures		34,054,890	35,466,465	36,132,208		36,244,697	37,544,532		37,724,476	
Excess of revenues over	·			 						
(under) expenditures		2,064,581	1,366,746	1,235,285		2,157,608	1,275,248		1,916,118	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				(2.757.545)						
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent		-	-	(2,757,515)		-	-		-	
Proceeds from bonds, notes and capital leases		-	-	2,640,000		-	-		-	
Premium on bonds and notes		-	-	162,419		-	-		452.205	
Transfers in		- (402.004)	- (610,820)	324,447		(010 241)	29,772 (801,000)		153,385	
Transfers out		(483,884)	 	 (425,765)		(918,341)	 		(1,908,393)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(483,884)	 (610,820)	 (56,414)		(918,341)	 (771,228)		(1,755,008)	
Net change in fund balances		1,580,697	755,926	1,178,871		1,239,267	504,020		161,110	
Fund balance, beginning of year		3,935,859	 5,516,556	 6,272,482		7,451,353	 8,690,620		9,194,640	
Fund balance, end of year	\$	5,516,556	\$ 6,272,482	\$ 7,451,353	\$	8,690,620	\$ 9,194,640	\$	9,355,750	