FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

TABLE OF CONTENTS

AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Page
Independent Auditor's Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)	3
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	13
Statement of Activities	14
Fund Financial Statements:	
Governmental Fund Financial Statements	4.5
Balance Sheet	15
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position	16
Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	17
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes	17
in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	18
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -	10
Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis - General Fund	19
Fiducian Food Figure in Chateman	
Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements:	20
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	20 21
Statement of changes in Fladelary Net Fostion	21
Notes to the Financial Statements	22
Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited):	
Schedule of Changes in the Town's Net Position Liability - Pension Plan	61
Schedule of Contributions and Investment Returns - Pension Plan	62
Schedule of Town's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net Pension Liability -	
Connecticut Teachers' Retirement System	63
Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability - Other Post-employment Benefits Plan Schedule of Contributions and Investment Returns - Other Post-employment	64
Benefits Plan	65
Schedule of Town's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net Pension Liability -	03
Connecticut Teachers' Retirement System	66
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	67
Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules:	
Governmental Funds:	
General Fund:	
Combining Balance Sheet	70
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	71
Schedule of Revenues and Other Financing Sources - Budget and Actual -	72
Budgetary Basis Schodula of Expanditures and Other Financing Uses - Rudget and Actual - Rudgetary Pasis	72 72
Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses - Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis	73 75
Schedule of Education Expenditures - Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis Schedule of Property Taxes Levied, Collected and Outstanding	75 76
Schedule of Property Taxes Levieu, Collected and Outstanding Schedule of Debt Limitation	76 77
Schedule of Debt Limitation	,,

TABLE OF CONTENTS (Continued) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	<u>Page</u>
Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules (Continued):	
Governmental Funds: (Continued)	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	
Combining Balance Sheet	78
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	80
Fiduciary Funds:	
Pension and Other Post-Employment Benefits Trust Funds:	
Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	82
Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	83
Agency Funds:	
Combining Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities	84
Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities	85
Other Supplementary Information (Unaudited)	86

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Mahoney Sabol CPAs and Advisors

860.541.2000 main 860.541.2001 fax Glastonbury Essex

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Finance
Town of East Windsor, Connecticut

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of East Windsor, Connecticut (the "Town"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of East Windsor, Connecticut, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Correction of an Error in Previously Issued Financial Statements

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the Town restated amounts previously reported in its financial statements as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019 for the correction of an error. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 12 and the information on pages 61 through 69 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and other supplementary information are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules on pages 70 through 85 are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other supplementary information on pages 86 and 87 have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 29, 2021, on our consideration of the Town's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Certified Public Accountants Glastonbury, Connecticut

Mahoney Sabol + Caypany, LLP

January 29, 2021

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

The management of the Town of East Windsor, Connecticut (the "Town"), offers readers of its financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Town's governmental activities exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$50,306,967 (net position). Of this amount, \$8,042,480 is considered to be unrestricted.
- The Town's total net position increased by \$103,811 during the current fiscal year.
- The Town's total long-term debt decreased by \$777,029 or 6.9%.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$18,599,506, an increase of \$566,101 in comparison with the prior year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$10,936,403. Unassigned fund balance is sufficient to cover 3.2 months of and represents 26.5% of the Town's fiscal year 2021 General Fund budgetary expenditure appropriations.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the Town's assets, deferred outflows and inflows of resources and liabilities, with the residual of these elements reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the Town's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Government-wide Financial Statements (Continued)

Both of the government-wide financial statements display information about the Town's governmental activities which include general government, public safety, conservation and health, highways, sanitation and waste removal, culture and recreation, and education. The Town does not have any business-type activities.

The government-wide financial statements include only the Town itself because there are no legally separate organizations for which the Town is financially accountable. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 13 and 14 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Town can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the Town's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the Town's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Town maintains several individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, the Capital and Nonrecurring Fund and the Capital Projects Fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 15 through 19 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the Town government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to the Town's own programs.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 20 through 21 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 22 through 60 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also contains required supplementary information other than this management's discussion and analysis that can be found on pages 61 through 69 of this report. Individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 70 through 85 of this report and other supplementary information can be found on pages 86 and 87.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net Position

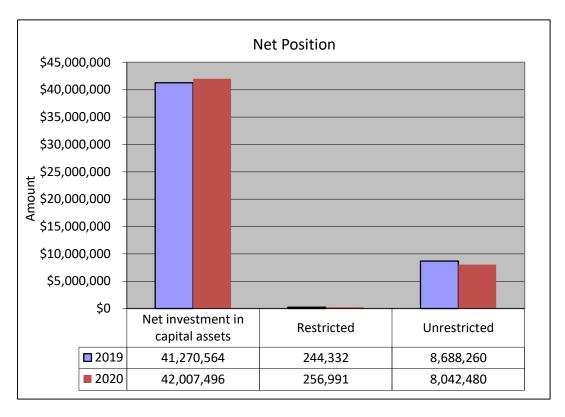
Over time, net position may serve as one measure of a government's financial position. As disclosed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the Town restated its capital asset balances reported in prior years to account for the removal of salvage values applied to buildings, building improvements and infrastructure assets. The net position of the Town totaled \$50,306,967 as of June 30, 2020 and \$50,203,156 as of June 30, 2019, as restated, and is summarized as follows.

		2019		
	2020	(As Restated)	\$ Variance	% Variance
Current and other assets	\$ 21,920,393	\$ 21,474,896	\$ 445,497	2.1%
Capital assets	52,186,309	52,266,274	(79,965)	-0.2%
Total assets	74,106,702	73,741,170	365,532	0.5%
Deferred outflows of resources	2,498,938	2,515,000	(16,062)	-0.6%
Other liabilities	2,175,760	2,006,926	168,834	8.4%
Long-term liabilities	23,330,349	22,970,924	359,425	1.6%
Total liabilities	25,506,109	24,977,850	528,259	2.1%
Deferred inflows of resources	792,564	1,075,164	(282,600)	-26.3%
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	42,007,496	41,270,564	736,932	1.8%
Restricted	256,991	244,332	12,659	5.2%
Unrestricted	8,042,480	8,688,260	(645,780)	-7.4%
Total net position	\$ 50,306,967	\$ 50,203,156	\$ 103,811	0.2%

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Continued)

Net Position (Continued)



As of June 30, 2020, the majority of the Town's net position reflects its investment in capital assets, less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Less than 1% of the Town's net position as of June 30, 2020 was subject to external restrictions on how they may be used and are therefore presented as restricted net position.

The remainder of the Town's net position is considered unrestricted.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Continued)

Changes in Net Position

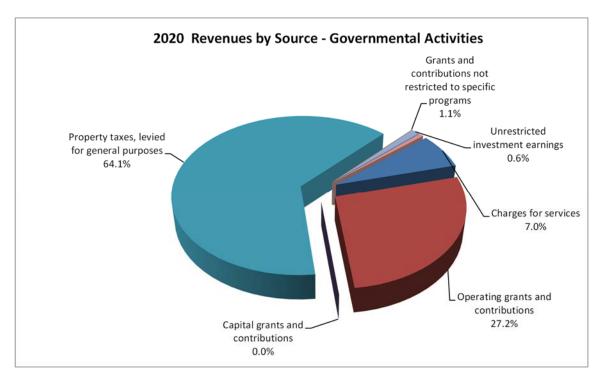
Changes in net position for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 are as follows. Certain reclassifications have been made to the amounts reported for the year ended June 30, 2019 to conform to the current year presentation. The amounts reported for the year ended June 30, 2019 have not been adjusted for the restatement, since the effects of the adjustments on the statement of changes in net position are not readily determinable.

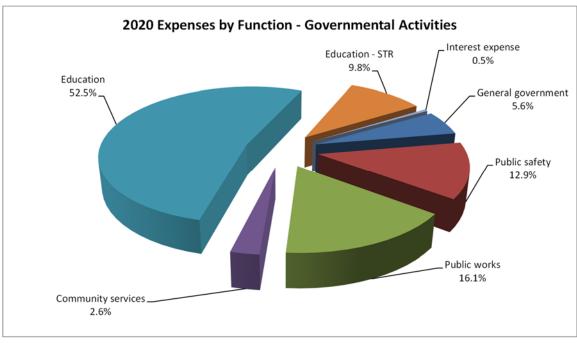
		2020 2019		\$ Variance		% Variance	
Revenues	•						
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$	3,627,639	\$	4,188,250	\$	(560,611)	-13.4%
Operating grants and contributions		13,995,858		11,156,805		2,839,053	25.4%
Capital grants and contributions		-		456,170		(456,170)	-100.0%
General revenues:							
Property taxes, levied for general purposes		32,928,003		32,423,595		504,408	1.6%
Grants and contributions not							
restricted to specific programs		588,617		581,072		7,545	1.3%
Unrestricted investment earnings		332,176		417,808		(85,632)	-20.5%
Total revenues		51,472,293		49,223,700		2,248,593	4.6%
Expenses							
General government		2,887,836		3,311,085		(423,249)	-12.8%
Public safety		6,613,324		6,168,325		444,999	7.2%
Public works		8,277,568		7,932,837		344,731	4.3%
Community services		1,344,654		1,250,646		94,008	7.5%
Education		26,987,391		27,979,697		(992,306)	-3.5%
Education - State Teachers' Retirement		5,003,237		1,586,814		3,416,423	215.3%
Interest expense		254,472		285,661		(31,189)	-10.9%
Total expenses		51,368,482		48,515,065		2,853,417	5.9%
Change in net position	\$	103,811	\$	708,635	\$	(604,824)	-85.4%

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Continued)

Changes in Net Position (Continued)





MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Continued)

Governmental Activities

The Town's net position increased by \$103,811. Total revenues increased by \$2,248,593 or 4.6% and total expenses decreased by \$2,853,417 or 5.9%. Operating grants and contributions were impacted by an increase in on-behalf pension and OPEB benefits recognized by the Town in connection with its participation in the Connecticut Teachers' Retirement System. Education expenses decreased in part due to cost reductions associated with distant learning and a shortened school year in response to the COVID-19 pandemic.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWN'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the Town's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the Town's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Town's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$18,599,506, an increase of \$566,101 in comparison with the prior year.

General Fund

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Town. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$10,936,403. Unassigned fund balance is sufficient to cover 3.2 months of and represents 26.5% of the Town's fiscal year 2021 General Fund budgetary expenditure appropriations.

Capital and Nonrecurring Fund

The fund balance in the Capital and Nonrecurring Fund decreased by \$905,247 from \$3,219,489 to \$2,314,242. Significant current year capital outlays consisted of road improvements, information technology improvements for the School District, and vehicle purchases for police and public works departments.

Capital Projects Fund

The fund balance in the Capital Projects Fund increased by \$3,149 from \$505,774 to \$508,923 with no significant capital projects occurring during the fiscal year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The original budget contemplated the use of fund balance of \$500,000. Additional appropriations of \$150,000 were authorized during the year to provide funding for the Town splash pad.

The actual change in fund balance on a budgetary basis was an increase of \$1,076,765. Revenues and other financing sources exceeded budgetary estimates by \$710,582, while expenditures and transfers out were less than budgetary estimates by \$1,016,183.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

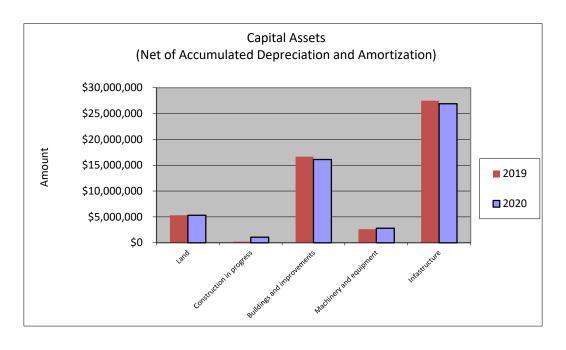
Capital Assets

The Town's capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2020 totaled \$52,186,309 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure. The carrying value of the Town's capital assets decreased by \$79,965 during the year. The following is a summary of current year significant capital events:

- construction in progress on Town roads, including improvements to Wells Road and Tromley Road,
- construction in progress on the Town's splash pad, and
- construction in progress on improvements to the Town's Abbe Road complex.

The following table is a two-year comparison of the investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:

			2019		
	 2020	(/	As Restated)	\$ Variance	% Variance
Land	\$ 5,320,884	\$	5,304,795	\$ 16,089	0.3%
Construction in progress	1,067,979		208,850	859,129	411.4%
Buildings and improvements	16,111,783		16,642,503	(530,720)	-3.2%
Machinery and equipment	2,794,762		2,617,996	176,766	6.8%
Infastructure	 26,890,901		27,492,130	(601,229)	-2.2%
Totals	\$ 52,186,309	\$	52,266,274	\$ (79,965)	-0.2%



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION (Continued)

Capital Assets (Continued)

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in Note 5 to the basic financial statements.

Debt

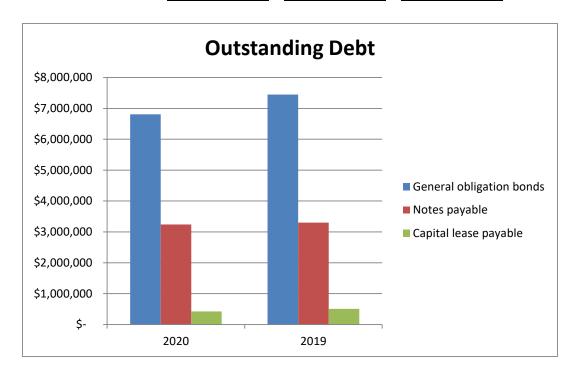
At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town had long-term bonded debt outstanding of \$6,810,000 and notes payable of \$3,238,791, all of which is backed by the full faith and credit of the government. In addition, the Town had capital leases payable of \$422,094.

The Town's total debt consisting of general obligation bonds, notes payables and capital leases decreased by \$777,029 or 6.9% during the current fiscal year. This decrease is due to schedule principal repayments.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt the Town may issue to seven times its annual receipts from taxation, as defined by the statutes. The current debt limitation for the Town is significantly in excess of the Town's outstanding general obligation debt.

The following is a two-year comparison of bonded and other debt:

	2020	2019		\$ Variance	% Variance
General obligation bonds	\$ 6,810,000	\$	7,445,000	\$ (635,000)	-8.5%
Notes payable	3,238,791		3,298,257	(59,466)	-1.8%
Capital lease payable	 422,094		504,657	 (82,563)	-16.4%
Totals	\$ 10,470,885	\$	11,247,914	\$ (777,029)	-6.9%



Additional information on the Town's long-term debt can be found in Note 8 to the basic financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

Significant estimates affecting next year's budget that are subject to change in the near term consist of the following:

- For purposes of calculating property tax revenues for fiscal year 2021, the assessor's grand list was used along with an estimated tax rate, and an estimated rate of collection, with deductions for taxes to be paid by the State on behalf of certain taxpayers.
- The Town receives intergovernmental revenues from the State of Connecticut. Connecticut's economy moves in the same general cycle as the national economy, which from time to time will affect the amount of intergovernmental revenues the Town will receive.
- The State has established a minimum budget requirement ("MBR") for budgeted education expenditures. The MBR prohibits town from budgeting less for education than it did in the previous year unless, and within limits, the Town can demonstrated a decrease in school enrollment or savings through increased efficiencies. Any increases or decreases that the Town receives in its Education Cost Sharing grant will result in a corresponding increase or decrease in the Town's MBR.
- It is unknown how the weakened economy will impact real estate activity and related revenues collected by the Town Clerk, the Building Department and the amount of conveyance taxes and interest income.
- In early March 2020, there was a global outbreak of COVID-19 that was declared a Public Health Emergency of International Concern by the World Health Organization and was subsequently declared a state of emergency by the Governor of Connecticut and a national emergency by the President of the United States. The outbreak of the virus has affected travel, commerce and financial markets globally, and is widely expected to affect economic growth worldwide. The Town has received and continues to apply for additional funding from federal and state agencies to assist in covering certain costs associated with the response to the pandemic. However, the extent to which COVID-19 will impact the Town's tax base, operations and its financial condition will ultimately depend on future developments that are uncertain and cannot be fully predicted with confidence at this time.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the Town's budget for fiscal year 2021. The Town's fiscal year 2021 budget for the General Fund authorizes expenditure appropriations of \$41,288,059, which represents a 2.75% increase over the Town's original fiscal year 2020 budget expenditure appropriations. The Town assigned \$750,000 of its General Fund fund balance for spending in the 2021 fiscal year budget.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town's finances for all those with an interest in the Town's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Treasurer, Town of East Windsor, 11 Rye Street, Broad Brook, Connecticut 06016.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AS OF JUNE 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities				
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 19,929,209				
Receivables:					
Property taxes and interest, net	1,039,667				
User charges	89,936				
Grants and contracts	567,744				
Other	138,237				
Other assets	3,461				
Assessments	152,139				
Capital assets:					
Non-depreciable	6,388,863				
Depreciable, net	45,797,446				
Total assets	74,106,702				
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Pension related	1,798,364				
OPEB related	700,574				
Total deferred outflows of resources	2,498,938				
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	1,085,692				
Accrued liabilities	365,932				
Unearned revenue	724,136				
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Due within one year	1,118,242				
Due in more than one year	22,212,107				
Total liabilities	25,506,109				
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Pension related	323,010				
OPEB related	469,554				
Total deferred inflows of resources	792,564				
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	42,007,496				
Restricted for:					
Endowments - expendable	5,213				
Housing rehabilitation loan program	39,105				
Other programs	212,673				
Unrestricted	8,042,480				
Total net position	\$ 50,306,967				

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

			Program Revenues							et (Expense) evenue and				
Functions/Programs		Expenses	(Charges for Services		=		Charges for Grants ar		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		s in Net Position - overnmental Activities
Governmental activities:														
General government	\$	2,887,836	\$	671,296	\$	149,509	\$	-	\$	(2,067,031)				
Public safety		6,613,324		189,788		29,312		-		(6,394,224)				
Public works		8,277,568		2,297,573		740,678		-		(5,239,317)				
Community services		1,344,654		161,060		49,492		-		(1,134,102)				
Education		31,990,628		307,922		13,026,867		-		(18,655,839)				
Interest expense		254,472						-		(254,472)				
Total governmental activities	\$	51,368,482	\$	3,627,639	\$	13,995,858	\$	-		(33,744,985)				
	Ger	neral revenues:												
		Property taxes, I	evied 1	for general purp	oses					32,928,003				
		Grants and conti				ecific programs	5			588,617				
	ι	Jnrestricted inve	estmer	nt earnings	•					332,176				
		Total general								33,848,796				
			Cha	nge in net posit	ion					103,811				
			Net	position - begin	ning,	as originally rep	orted			58,901,149				
			Αdjι	istment (<i>see No</i>	te 1)					(8,697,993)				
			Net	position - begin	ning,	as adjusted				50,203,156				
			Net	position - endin	g				\$	50,306,967				

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AS OF JUNE 30, 2020

	General Fund	Capital and Nonrecurring Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 12,259,107	\$ 2,897,374	\$ 511,359	\$ 4,261,369	\$ 19,929,209	
Receivables:						
Property taxes and interest, net	1,039,667	-	-	-	1,039,667	
Assessments and user charges	-	-	-	242,075	242,075	
Grants and contracts	-	-	-	567,744	567,744	
Other	21,607	-	-	116,630	138,237	
Due from other funds	1,854,619	-	-	757,414	2,612,033	
Inventories	-	-	-	3,461	3,461	
Total assets	\$ 15,175,000	\$ 2,897,374	\$ 511,359	\$ 5,948,693	\$ 24,532,426	
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$ 973,991	\$ 20,298	\$ -	\$ 91,403	\$ 1,085,692	
Salaries and benefits payable	279,112	-	-	33,500	312,612	
Due to other funds	757,414	562,834	2,436	1,289,349	2,612,033	
Unearned revenue	-	-	-,	724,136	724,136	
Total liabilities	2,010,517	583,132	2,436	2,138,388	4,734,473	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenue	956,372	_	_	242,075	1,198,447	
Total deferred inflows of resources	956,372	-		242,075	1,198,447	
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable	_	_	_	3,461	3,461	
Restricted	_	_	493,108	256,991	750,099	
Committed for:			,			
Capital purposes	_	2,314,242	15,815	163,453	2,493,510	
Other purposes	521,708	_,= .,	-	3,144,325	3,666,033	
Assigned	750,000	_	_	-	750,000	
Unassigned	10,936,403	_	_	_	10,936,403	
Total fund balances	12,208,111	2,314,242	508,923	3,568,230	18,599,506	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	12,200,111	2,32 1,242	300,323	3,333,230	10,000,000	
resources and fund balances	\$ 15,175,000	\$ 2,897,374	\$ 511,359	\$ 5,948,693	\$ 24,532,426	

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AS OF JUNE 30, 2020

Total fund balances for governmental funds		\$ 18,599,506
Total net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources		
and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		52,186,309
Some of the Town's taxes, sewer usage fees and sewer assessments will be		
collected after year end, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current		
period's expenditures and, therefore, are reported as deferred inflows of resources		
in the funds.		1,198,447
Long-term liabilities applicable to the Town's governmental activities are		
not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported		
as fund liabilities. All liabilities - both current and long-term - are reported		
in the statement of net position.		
Long-term debt:		
Bonds payable, net	\$ (6,810,000)	
Unamortized bond premiums	(201,036)	
Notes payable	(3,238,791)	
Capital leases	(422,094)	
Accrued interest payable	(53,320)	
Other long-term liabilities:		
Net pension liability	(7,581,347)	
Net OPEB liability	(3,449,894)	
Heart and hypertension obligations	(317,017)	
Compensated absences	 (1,310,170)	
		(23,383,669)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources resulting from		
changes in the components of the Town's net pension and OPEB		
liabilities are reported in the statement of net position.		1,706,374
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 50,306,967

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	General Fund	Capital and Nonrecurring Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
REVENUES						
Property taxes	\$ 33,127,827	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 33,127,827	
Intergovernmental	9,844,801	-	-	3,192,184	13,036,985	
Charges for goods and services	678,264	176,292	-	2,814,989	3,669,545	
Interest income	221,143	59,525	5,585	45,923	332,176	
Other		12,000		80,159	92,159	
Total revenues	43,872,035	247,817	5,585	6,133,255	50,258,692	
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government	2,069,778	-	-	156,407	2,226,185	
Public safety	4,040,963	-	-	249,724	4,290,687	
Public works	3,244,933	-	-	2,251,895	5,496,828	
Community services	856,284	-	-	148,603	1,004,887	
Employee benefits	3,080,431	-	-	-	3,080,431	
Education	26,544,260	-	-	3,073,939	29,618,199	
Capital outlays	-	2,645,725	2,436	248,008	2,896,169	
Debt service	1,079,205	-	-	-	1,079,205	
Total expenditures	40,915,854	2,645,725	2,436	6,128,576	49,692,591	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures	2,956,181	(2,397,908)	3,149	4,679	566,101	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	37,397	1,492,661	-	615,809	2,145,867	
Transfers out	(1,838,470)	-	-	(307,397)	(2,145,867)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,801,073)	1,492,661		308,412	-	
Net change in fund balances	1,155,108	(905,247)	3,149	313,091	566,101	
Fund balances - beginning of year	11,053,003	3,219,489	505,774	3,255,139	18,033,405	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 12,208,111	\$ 2,314,242	\$ 508,923	\$ 3,568,230	\$ 18,599,506	

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 566,101
Total change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The amount by which depreciation expense exceeded capital outlays in the current period is as follows:	
Expenditures for capital assets \$ 2,765,507 Depreciation and amortization expense (2,828,089) Net adjustment	(62,582)
The statement of activities reports losses arising from the disposal of existing capital assets. Conversely, governmental funds do not report any gain or loss on a disposal of capital assets.	(17,383)
Certain revenues reported in the statement of activities do not provide current financial resources and therefore are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds.	(297,243)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of principal on long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items is as follows:	
Principal repayments: Bonds payable 635,000 Notes payable 59,466 Obligations under capital lease 82,563 Amortization of bond premiums 39,868	
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. However, in the statement of activities, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. In addition, interest on long-term debt is not recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting until due, rather than as it accrues. The net effect of such items is as follows:	816,897
Compensated absences(169,892)Accrued interest7,836Heart and hypertension obligations(82,377)Net pension liability(994,505)Net OPEB liability70,421	(4.460.547)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources resulting from changes in the components of the net pension and OPEB liabilities are amortized as a component of pension and OPEB expense in the statement of activities.	(1,168,517) 266,538
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 103,811

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts				Variance With Final Budget		
		Original	 Final		Actual	O۱	er (Under)
REVENUES							
Property taxes	\$	32,677,581	\$ 32,677,581	\$	33,127,827	\$	450,246
Intergovernmental		6,278,896	6,278,896		6,352,408		73,512
Local revenues		578,420	578,420		656,704		78,284
Revenues from use of money		150,000	 150,000		221,143		71,143
Total revenues		39,684,897	39,684,897		40,358,082		673,185
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government		2,158,123	2,170,829		2,055,492		(115,337)
Public safety		4,126,293	4,249,454		4,040,963		(208,491)
Public works		3,360,622	3,264,825		3,244,933		(19,892)
Community services		930,648	923,044		856,284		(66,760)
Employee benefits		3,601,562	3,120,436		3,035,431		(85,005)
Contingency		51,000	-		-		-
Capital improvement		997,221	1,517,327		1,517,327		-
Debt service		1,040,428	988,103		984,538		(3,565)
Total Town		16,265,897	16,234,018		15,734,968		(499,050)
Current:							
Education		23,919,000	23,919,000		23,401,867		(517,133)
Total expenditures		40,184,897	40,153,018		39,136,835		(1,016,183)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
expenditures		(500,000)	(468,121)		1,221,247		1,689,368
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Appropriation of fund balance		500,000	650,000		-		(650,000)
Transfers in		-	-		37,397		37,397
Transfers out		-	(181,879)		(181,879)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		500,000	468,121		(144,482)		(612,603)
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$ 	\$	1,076,765	\$	1,076,765

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS AS OF JUNE 30, 2020

	Pension Trust Funds			Private Purpose rust Fund	Agency Funds		
ASSETS		_	'	_		_	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,230,512	\$	79,798	\$	137,596	
Investments:							
Mutual funds		28,023,526		302,581		-	
Fixed income securities		1,852,067		-		-	
Certificates of deposit		-		64,967		-	
Receivables		45,000		-		348,959	
Total assets		31,151,105		447,346	\$	486,555	
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable		31,722		-	\$	-	
Due to student groups		-		-		137,596	
Due to others	-			-		348,959	
Total liabilities		31,722		-	\$	486,555	
NET POSITION							
Restricted for pension and other benefits	\$	31,119,383	\$	447,346			

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Pe	nsion Trust Funds	Private Purpose Trust Fund		
ADDITIONS					
Contributions:					
Employer	\$	1,469,567	\$	-	
Plan members		301,760		-	
Private donations		-		1,500	
Total contributions		1,771,327	1,500		
Investment earnings:					
Interest and dividends		552,006		11,086	
Net change in the fair					
value of investments, net of fees		1,259,867		(11,596)	
Net investment earnings		1,811,873		(510)	
Total additions		3,583,200		990	
DEDUCTIONS					
Benefit payments		1,590,834		-	
Awards expense		-		20,500	
Administrative expenses		58,264		2,357	
Total deductions		1,649,098		22,857	
Change in net position		1,934,102		(21,867)	
Net position - beginning		29,185,281		469,213	
Net position - ending	\$	31,119,383	\$	447,346	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Town of East Windsor, Connecticut (the "Town"), conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as applicable to governmental organizations. The following is a summary of significant accounting policies:

Financial Reporting Entity

The Town of East Windsor, Connecticut was incorporated in 1768 and operates in accordance with the provisions of its charter, which was revised effective November 2020. The Town operates under a Board of Selectmen, Town Meeting and Board of Finance form of government and provides the following services: public safety, community maintenance, conservation and health, highway, sanitation and waste removal, culture and recreation, education and general government.

The legislative power of the Town is vested with the Board of Selectmen and Town Meeting. The Board of Selectmen may enact, amend or repeal ordinances and resolutions. The Board of Finance is responsible for financial and taxation matters as prescribed by Connecticut General Statutes, and is responsible for presenting fiscal operating budgets for Town Meeting approval.

The Town is the administrator of a single-employer defined benefit pension plan (the "Plan"). The Plan does not issue stand-alone financial statements and is part of the Town's financial reporting entity. As such, balances of the Plan are accounted for in the fiduciary fund financial statements as a pension trust fund.

The Town is the administrator of an Other Post-Employment Benefits Program (the "OPEB Plan"), which is a single-employer defined benefit other post-employment benefits plan. The OPEB Plan does not issue stand-alone financial statements and is a part of the Town's financial reporting entity. As such, balances of the OPEB Plan are accounted for in the fiduciary fund financial statements as an other post-employment benefits trust fund.

The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only the funds of the Town as no component units exist based on operational or financial relationships with the Town.

Related Organizations

The Warehouse Point Fire District (the "District") is responsible for the operations of the fire department within the boundaries of the District, which is located within Town. The District is governed by an independent Board of Commissioners. The District is considered an overlapping government as the geographic area serviced by the District is within the boundaries of the Town.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Town and include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. The statements are intended to distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed, in whole or in part, by fees charged to external parties. The Town has no business-type activities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Government-wide Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category - governmental and fiduciary - are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This fund is the Town's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those accounted for in another fund.

Capital and Nonrecurring Fund - This fund accounts for financial revenues used for the financing of the planning, construction, reconstruction or acquisition of any specific capital improvement or the acquisition of specific equipment and capital additions.

Capital Projects Fund - This fund is used to account for appropriations related to major capital purchases and projects.

In addition, the Town reports the following fiduciary fund types:

Pension and Other Post-Employment Benefits Trust Funds - These funds are used to account for resources held in trust for the members and beneficiaries of the Town's defined benefit pension plan and other post-employment benefit plan.

Private Purpose Trust Fund - This fund type is used to account for trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit individuals. There is no requirement that any portion of the resources be preserved as capital. The Town utilizes a private purpose trust fund to account for activities of student scholarships.

Agency Funds - These funds are used to account for resources held by the Town in a purely custodial capacity. The Town utilizes these funds to account for assets of the student activities funds and the performance bonds fund. The student activities funds account for monies generated by student activities in the Town's school system for use by students and for student awards. The performance bonds fund accounts for monies received to ensure that driveways are installed to correct specifications for new construction.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measureable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital lease are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues in the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received or is available to be received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the cash is received.

The pension and other post-employment benefits trust funds and private purpose trust fund are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Agency funds have no measurement focus, but utilizes the accrual basis of accounting for reporting assets and liabilities.

<u>Implementation of Accounting Standards</u>

In May 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 95, *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance*. The primary objective of this statement was to provide temporary relief to governments and other stakeholders in light of the COVID-19 pandemic. That objective was accomplished by postponing the effective dates of certain provisions in statements and implementation guides that first became effective or are scheduled to become effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018, and later. As such, no new accounting standards were implemented by the Town for the year ended June 30, 2020.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Adjustments to Amounts Reported in Previously Issued Financial Statements

The Town has reported the following adjustment to the beginning net position as of July 1, 2019:

	Go 	overnmental Activities
Net position - beginning, as originally reported	\$	58,901,149
Adjustment to restate beginning balances		
of capital assets		(8,697,993)
Net position - beginning, as adjusted	\$	50,203,156

The Town restated its capital asset balances reported in prior years to account for the removal of salvage values applied to buildings, building improvements and infrastructure assets. The effect of the above adjustment on the prior year change in net position are not readily determinable.

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Town's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments

Investments are measured by the Town at fair value (generally based on quoted market prices), except for investments in certain external investment pools as described below.

Investments in certain external investment pools consist of money market mutual funds and the Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF), which is managed by the State of Connecticut Treasurer's Office. Investments in these types of funds, which are permitted to measure their investment holdings at amortized costs, are measured by the Town at the net asset value per share as determined by the pool/fund.

Inventories

Inventories are reported at cost using the first-in first-out (FIFO) method, except for USDA donated commodities, which are recorded at market value. Inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are assessed as of October 1. Taxes are billed in July and due in two installments, July 1 and January 1. Personal property and motor vehicle taxes are billed in July and due in one installment, July 1. Taxes not paid within 30 days of the due date are subject to an interest charge of 1.5% per month. Liens are effective on the assessment date and are continued by filing before the end of the year following the due date. Based on historical collection experience and other factors, the Town has established an allowance for uncollectible taxes and interest of \$128,000 as of June 30, 2020.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

Sewer Assessment and Usage Charges

Upon completion of projects, sewer assessments are levied and assessed to the users. Usage charges are billed in advance. Assessments and user charges are due and payable within thirty days and delinquent amounts are subject to interest at prevailing rates. Liens are filed on all properties until the assessment is paid in full.

Loans Receivable

The Town administers a Rehabilitation Loan Program. The loans bear an interest rate of 0.0%. Repayment of the loans is deferred, but the loans become due and payable upon sale or transfer of the property, the owner's demise, or when the subject property is no longer the applicant's principal place of residence. The loans may be paid in full or in part by the borrower at any time without penalty. Loans receivable under this program totaled \$37,817 as of June 30, 2020.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Town as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$7,000 for machinery and equipment, \$20,000 for building improvements and \$100,000 for infrastructure and an estimated useful life in excess of 3 years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost, or estimated historical cost, if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of a capital asset or materially extend capital asset lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Capital assets of the Town are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	40
Building improvements	25
Machinery and equipment	5
Computer equipment	3
Infrastructure	20 - 60

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue represents resources that have been received, but not yet earned.

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources represent an acquisition or consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as outflows or inflows of resources until that time.

The Town reports unavailable revenue in the governmental funds balance sheet. Unavailable revenue is recognized as inflows of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

The Town reports deferred charges on pension and OPEB expenses in the government-wide statement of net positon. Deferred charges on pension and OPEB expenses resulted from changes in the components of the Town's net pension and OPEB liabilities and are being amortized as a component of pension and OPEB expense on a systematic and rational basis.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

Compensated Absences

Vacation time earned may be accumulated by employees until termination of their employment, at which time they are paid for this accumulated time. Vacation leave is valued using current salary costs, as well as any salary-related payments that are directly or incrementally connected with leave payments to employees. Sick leave is accrued and is contingent upon absences being caused by employee future illness or retirements. The sick leave calculation is also based on current salary costs as well as salary related payments.

All compensated absences are accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. Expenditures for compensated absences are recognized in the governmental fund financial statements in the current year to the extent they are paid during the year, or when the vested amount is expected to be paid with available resources.

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed when incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Net Position and Fund Balance

The government-wide statement of net position presents the Town's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows and inflows of resources and liabilities, with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

Net investment in capital assets - This category consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization and reduced by outstanding balances for bonds, notes and other debt that are attributed to the acquisition, construction or improvement of capital assets.

Restricted - This category of net position consists of amounts whose use is restricted either through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, and the like, or through restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted - This category consists of net position which does not meet the definition of the two preceding categories.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

Net Position and Fund Balance (Continued)

The Town's governmental funds report the following fund balance categories:

Nonspendable - Amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted - Constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through enabling legislation.

Committed - Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Town (the highest level of decision making authority of the Town) and cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Town removes or changes the specified use by taking the same formal action.

Assigned - Amounts are constrained by the Town's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are not restricted or committed. Amounts may be constrained to be used for a specific purpose by a governing board or body or official that has been delegated authority to assign amounts by the Town Charter.

Unassigned - Residual classification for the General Fund or amounts necessary in other governmental funds to eliminate otherwise negative fund balance amounts in the other four categories.

The Town does not have a formal policy over the use of fund balance. In accordance with the applicable accounting guidance, the Town uses restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as needed. Unrestricted resources are used in the following order: committed; assigned; then unassigned. It is the Town's policy to maintain a fund balance in the General Fund between 10% and 20% of operating expenditures. A gradual increase of 1% per year is required under this policy to restore the General Fund unassigned balance should it fall below the minimum level.

Interfund Activities

Interfund activities are reported as follows:

Interfund Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds".

Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers represent flows of assets without equivalent flows of assets in return and without a requirement for repayment. In governmental funds, transfers are reported as other financing uses in the funds making transfers and other financing sources in the funds receiving transfers.

Interfund Reimbursements

Interfund reimbursements represent repayments from the funds responsible for particular expenditures or expenses to the funds that initially paid for them.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 - BUDGETARY INFORMATION

The Town adheres to the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data included in the General Fund financial statements.

- O The Board of Finance prepares the budget from information furnished by various Town departments and Board of Selectmen recommendations. The operating budgets include proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- O The budget is presented at a public hearing before being formally voted on at a Town Referendum.
- The legal level of budgetary control, the level at which expenditures may not exceed appropriations, is established at the department, office, board or commission level.
- Additional appropriations may be made during the year based upon recommendations of the Board of Finance and subject to Town meeting approval.
- Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year.
- The Board of Education, which is not a separate legal entity but a function of the Town, is authorized under state law to make any transfers within their budget at their discretion. Any additional appropriations must have Board of Education, Board of Finance and, if necessary, Town Meeting approval.
- The budget is prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. "On-behalf" payments made by the State of Connecticut into the State Teacher's Retirement System are not recorded for budgetary purposes.
- O Encumbrances are recognized as a valid and proper charge against a budget appropriation in the year in which the purchase order, contract or other commitment is issued and, accordingly, encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported in budgetary reports as expenditures of the current year.
- Generally, all unexpended appropriations lapse at year-end, except those for the Capital Projects Funds. Appropriations for capital projects are continued until completion of applicable projects, even when projects extend more than one fiscal year.

As described above, accounting principles applied for purposes of developing data on a budgetary basis differ from those used to present financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP basis").

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 2 - BUDGETARY INFORMATION (Continued)

A reconciliation of General Fund amounts presented on the budgetary basis to amounts presented on the GAAP basis is as follows for the year ended June 30, 2020:

							N	let Change
		Total		Total	Oth	er Financing		In Fund
	Revenues		Expenditures		Uses, net		Balance	
Budgetary basis	\$	40,358,082	\$	39,136,835	\$	(144,482)	\$	1,076,765
"On-behalf" payments -								
State Teachers' Retirement								
Fund		3,492,393		3,492,393		-		-
Transfers recorded as an expenditure								
for bugetary purposes		-		(1,727,660)		(1,727,660)		-
Budgetary perspective differences -								
funds combined for GAAP financial								
reporting purposes:								
Heart & Hypertension Fund		-		-		37,642		37,642
Storm Emergency Fund		-		-		33,427		33,427
Warehouse Point Fire Fund		21,560		14,286		-		7,274
GAAP basis	\$	43,872,035	\$	40,915,854	\$	(1,801,073)	\$	1,155,108

NOTE 3 - CASH DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Cash Deposits

A reconciliation of the Town's cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2020 is as follows:

Government-wide statement of net position:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 19,929,209
Less: cash equivalents considered investments for	
disclosure purposes	(11,015,032)
	8,914,177
Statement of fiduciary net position:	
Cash and cash equivalents	1,447,906
Add: investments considered cash deposits	
for disclosure purposes	64,967
Less: cash equivalents considered investments for	
disclosure purposes	 (1,230,512)
	282,361
	\$ 9,196,538

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 3 - CASH DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Cash Deposits (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Town will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Town does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2020, \$9,373,421 of the Town's bank balance of \$10,123,421 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and uncollateralized	\$ 8,436,079
Uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging	
bank's trust department or agent but not in the Town's name	937,342
	\$ 9,373,421

All of the Town's deposits were in qualified public institutions as defined by Connecticut General Statutes. Under Connecticut General Statutes, any bank holding public deposits must at all times maintain, segregated from its other assets, eligible collateral in an amount equal to a certain percentage of its public deposits. The applicable percentage is determined based on the bank's risk-based capital ratio. The amount of public deposits is determined based on either the public deposits reported on the most recent quarterly call report, or the average of the public deposits reported on the four most recent quarterly call reports, whichever is greater. The collateral is kept in the custody of the trust department of either the pledging bank or another bank in the name of the pledging bank.

Investments

A reconciliation of the Town's investments as of June 30, 2020 is as follows:

Government-wide statement of net position: Investments Add: cash equivalents considered investments	\$	-
for disclosure purposes		11,015,032
		11,015,032
Statement of fiduciary net position:		_
Investments		30,243,141
Less: investments considered cash equivalents		
for disclosure purposes		(64,967)
Add: cash equivalents considered investments		
for disclosure purposes		1,230,512
		31,408,686
	\$	42,423,718
	-	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 3 - CASH DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

As of June 30, 2020, the Town's investments consisted of the following:

				Investmen (In Y	t Maturities 'ears)			
	Valuation			Less				
Investment type	Basis	 Value		Than 1		1 to 5		
Debt Securities:								
Governmental Activities:								
Short Term Investment Fund (STIF)	Net asset value	\$ 11,015,032	\$	11,015,032	\$	-		
Fiduciary Funds:								
Money market mutual funds	Net asset value	1,230,512		1,230,512		-		
Fixed income securities	Fair value	1,852,067		1,432,434		419,633		
		14,097,611	\$	13,677,978	\$	419,633		
Other investments:			-					
Fiduciary Funds:								
Mutual funds	Fair value	28,326,107						
		\$ 42,423,718						

Because the STIF and money market mutual funds have weighted average maturities of less than 90 days, they have been presented as investments with maturities less than one year.

Interest Rate Risk

The Town's pension investment policy limits the type of fixed income securities to minimize the level of interest rate risk. All fixed income securities must have readily ascertainable market value and must be readily marketable. The investment policy emphasizes long-term rather than short-term performance.

Credit Risk

The Town has does not have an investment policy that would further limit its investment choices beyond those limited by Connecticut state statutes for its non-fiduciary investments. Connecticut state statutes permit the Town to invest in obligations of the United States, including its instrumentalities and agencies; in obligations of any state or of any political subdivision, authority or agency thereof, provided such obligations are rated within one of the top two rating categories of any recognized rating service; or in obligations of the State of Connecticut or of any political subdivision thereof, provided such obligations are rated within one of the top three rating categories of any recognized rating service. Other provisions of the statutes cover specific municipal funds with particular investment authority. The provisions of the statutes regarding the investment of municipal pension funds does not specify permitted investments. Therefore, the investment of such funds is generally controlled by the laws applicable to fiduciaries and the provisions of the applicable plan. The Town's pension investment policy limits fixed income securities to those backed by the full faith and credit of the United States Government and other bonds, not guaranteed by the United States Government, provided they are at least a "BBB" or equivalent rating by a national rating agency.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 3 - CASH DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

Credit Risk (Continued)

The Town's investment in debt securities were rated by Standard & Poor's as follows at June 30, 2020:

Investment type	Value	AAA	 A BBB			Unrated		
Debt Securities:	 _	 	 _		_			
STIF	\$ 11,015,032	\$ 11,015,032	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	
Money market mutual funds	1,230,512	-	-		-		1,230,512	
Fixed income securities	1,852,067	 -	 563,552		1,288,515		-	
	\$ 14,097,611	\$ 11,015,032	\$ 563,552	\$	1,288,515	\$	1,230,512	

Custodial Credit Risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a counterparty, the Town will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Town does not have a policy for custodial credit risk. The Town's investments are not exposed to custodial credit risk because they are either not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form or they are held by a reputable custodian in the name of the Town.

Concentrations of Credit Risk

The Town places no limit on the amount of investment in any one issuer. As of June 30, 2020, 100% of the Town's investments within its governmental activities were invested in the Short-term Investment Fund. As of June 30, 2020, more than 10% of the Town's investments within its fiduciary funds were invested certain mutual funds. Disclosure of concentrations in mutual funds are not required as these investments are considered diversified by nature.

NOTE 4 - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants, as of the measurement date. Authoritative guidance establishes a hierarchy of valuation techniques based upon whether the inputs to those valuation techniques reflect assumptions other market participants would use based upon market data obtained from independent sources (also referred to as observable inputs). The Town classifies its assets and liabilities measured at fair value into Level 1 (securities valued using quoted prices from active markets for identical assets), Level 2 (securities not traded on an active market for which market inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly), and Level 3 (securities valued based on unobservable inputs). Investments are classified in their entirety based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 4 - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

The Town's financial assets that are accounted for at fair value on a recurring basis as of June 30, 2020, by level within the fair value hierarchy are presented in the table below.

Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value		Prices in Active Market (Level 1)	ignificant Other bservable Inputs (Level 2)	Unob In	nificant servable aputs evel 3)	Total
Mutual funds	\$	28,326,107	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 28,326,107
Fixed income securities		-	1,852,067		-	1,852,067
	\$	28,326,107	\$ 1,852,067	\$	-	30,178,174
			 Investment	s measu	red at NAV	12,245,544
						\$ 42,423,718

Mutual funds classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Fixed income securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2020 consisted of the following. As disclosed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the Town restated its capital asset balances reported in prior years to account for the removal of salvage values applied to buildings, building improvements and infrastructure assets.

	Beginning				
	Balance (As Restated)	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 5,304,795	\$ 16,089	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,320,884
Construction in progress	208,850	1,309,786		(450,657)	1,067,979
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	5,513,645	1,325,875	-	(450,657)	6,388,863
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings and improvements	38,517,745	132,294	-	-	38,650,039
Machinery and equipment	9,779,756	483,358	(37,250)	329,434	10,555,298
Infrastructure	50,847,346	823,980	-	121,223	51,792,549
Total capital assets, being depreciated	99,144,847	1,439,632	(37,250)	450,657	100,997,886
Less accumulated depreciation:					
Buildings and improvements	21,875,242	663,014	-	-	22,538,256
Machinery and equipment	7,161,760	618,643	(19,867)	-	7,760,536
Infrastructure	23,355,216	1,546,432			24,901,648
Total accumulated depreciation	52,392,218	2,828,089	(19,867)		55,200,440
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	46,752,629	(1,388,457)	(17,383)	450,657	45,797,446
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 52,266,274	\$ (62,582)	\$ (17,383)	\$ -	\$ 52,186,309

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to functions of the Town as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
Public safety	\$ 242,116
Public works	1,697,529
Culture and recreation	29,402
Education	 859,042
Total depreciation and amortization expense	\$ 2,828,089

NOTE 6 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2020 are as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	_	Amount
Governmental Funds			
General Fund	Capital and Nonrecurring Fund	\$	562,834
	Capital Projects Fund		2,436
	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		1,289,349
			1,854,619
			_
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	General Fund		757,414
		\$	2,612,033

The above balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

NOTE 7 - INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2020 consisted of the following:

Transfers In	Transfers Out	 Amount
Governmental Funds		
General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$ 37,397
Capital and Nonrecurring Fund	General Fund	1,422,661
	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	 70,000 1,492,661
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	General Fund	415,809
	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	 200,000
		 615,809
		\$ 2,145,867

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 7 - INTERFUND TRANSFERS (Continued)

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM DEBT

The applicable accounting standards define debt as a liability that arises from a contractual obligation to pay cash, or other assets that may be used in lieu of cash, in one or more payments to settle an amount that is fixed at the date the contractual obligation is established. For disclosure purposes, debt does not include accounts payable or leases, except for contracts reported as financed purchase of the underlying asset.

Changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2020 are as follows:

	Beginning					Ending	 ie Within
	 Balance	Inc	reases	<u> </u>	ecreases	 Balance	 ne Year
Governmental Activities							
Bonds payable:							
General obligation bonds	\$ 7,445,000	\$	-	\$	(635,000)	\$ 6,810,000	\$ 645,000
Unamortized premium	240,904		-		(39,868)	 201,036	 -
Total bonds payable	7,685,904		-		(674,868)	7,011,036	 645,000
Capital leases from direct borrowings	504,657		-		(82,563)	422,094	84,641
Notes payable from direct borrowings	3,298,257		-		(59,466)	 3,238,791	 61,101
	\$ 11,488,818	\$	-	\$	(816,897)	\$ 10,671,921	\$ 790,742

The Town issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are secured by the full faith and credit of the Town but are substantially liquidated by the General Fund via taxes collected from the levy on all taxable properties located within the Town. The remaining liabilities above typically have been liquidated in the General Fund and other governmental funds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

General Obligation Bonds and Notes Payable from Direct Borrowings

A summary of general obligation bonds and note payable outstanding at June 30, 2020 is as follows:

	Fiscal			Fiscal		
	Date of	Original	Interest	Maturity		Amount
Purpose of Bonds	Issue	Issue	Rates	Date	0	utstanding
Governmental Activities						
General Obligation Refunding Bonds	2014	\$ 2,640,000	2.0% - 4.0%	2025	\$	965,000
General Obligation Bonds	2016	5,740,000	2.0% - 3.0%	2037		4,885,000
General Obligation Bonds	2019	1,115,000	5.00%	2026		960,000
					\$	6,810,000
Notes payable						
Rural Development Loan	2012	2,180,000	2.375%	2052	\$	1,910,225
Rural Development Loan	2015	1,435,000	2.75%	2055		1,328,566
					\$	3,238,791

Annual debt service requirements to maturity on general obligation bonds and the note payables from direct borrowings are as follows as of June 30, 2020:

Cavaramantal Astivitias

Year ending	Bonds	Payable	Notes F	Payable	Tot	tal
 June 30:	June 30: Principal		Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2021	\$ 645,000	\$ 179,045	\$ 61,101	\$ 89,067	\$ 706,101	\$ 268,112
2022	645,000	154,495	62,781	87,387	707,781	241,882
2023	640,000	131,995	64,508	85,660	704,508	217,655
2024	630,000	112,839	66,282	83,886	696,282	196,725
2025	630,000	94,976	68,105	82,063	698,105	177,039
2026-2030	1,585,000	306,975	369,668	381,172	1,954,668	688,147
2031-2035	1,435,000	151,943	423,371	327,469	1,858,371	479,412
2036-2040	600,000	14,325	484,876	265,964	1,084,876	280,289
2041-2045	-	-	555,315	195,525	555,315	195,525
2046-2050	=	-	635,988	114,852	635,988	114,852
2051-2055				30,117	446,796	30,117
\$ 6,810,000 \$ 1,146,593		\$ 3,238,791	\$ 1,743,162	\$ 10,048,791	\$ 2,889,755	

Statutory Debt Limitations

Connecticut General Statutes Section 7-374(b) provides that authorized debt of the Town shall not exceed seven times base receipts, as defined in the Statute. Further, the Statute limits the amount of debt that may be authorized by the Town for general purposes, schools, sewers, urban renewal and pension deficit. The Town did not exceed any of the statutory debt limitations at June 30, 2020.

Authorized, Unissued Debt

As of June 30, 2020, the Town had no authorized, unissued debt.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Capital Leases from Direct Borrowings

Capital leases from direct borrowings include non-appropriation clauses and provide the obligor with a security interest in the underlying equipment in the event of default.

A summary of assets acquired through capital lease is as follows as of June 30, 2020:

	Gove	ernmental
	A	ctivites
Machinery and equipment	\$	837,924
Less: accumulated depreciation	<u> </u>	250,481
	\$	587,443

Amortization expense relative to leased equipment under the capital lease totaled \$49,131 for the year ended June 30, 2020. Such amounts are included in depreciation and amortization expense disclosed in Note 5. Future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of the minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2020 is as follows:

Covernmental

	GOV	ernmentai
Year ending June 30:		ctivites
2021	\$	94,668
2022		94,668
2023		94,668
2024		94,668
Thereafter		71,718
Total minimum lease payments		450,390
Less: amount representing interest		28,296
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$	422,094

NOTE 9 - OTHER LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Changes in other long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2020 are as follows:

	Beginning Balance		Increases		Decreases		Ending Balance		Due Within One Year	
Governmental Activities										
Compensated absences	\$	1,140,278	\$	169,892	\$	-	\$	1,310,170	\$	327,500
Heart and hypertension obligations		234,671		82,346		-		317,017		-
Net pension liability (see Note 10)		6,586,842		994,505		-		7,581,347		-
Net OPEB liability (see Note 11)		3,520,315		-		(70,421)		3,449,894		=
	\$	11,482,106	\$	1,246,743	\$	(70,421)	\$	12,658,428	\$	327,500

Other long-term liabilities are generally funded by the General Fund. The Town has established a reserve for heart and hypertension obligations. Amounts held in reserve for such obligations totaled \$350,727 as of June 30, 2020.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 9 - OTHER LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

Heart and Hypertension Obligations

The Town's estimated liability for heart and hypertension obligations as of June 30, 2020 totaled \$317,017. Heart and hypertension obligations are based upon estimates of either the ultimate cost of claims to be incurred by eligible beneficiaries or the actual amount of settlements reached and unpaid as of year end. Because estimated future claim costs depend on a number of estimates, including inflation, life expectancy and expected claims frequency, it is reasonably possible that the Town's liability for heart and hypertension obligations as of June 30, 2020 will change in the near term.

NOTE 10 - PENSION PLANS

Defined Benefit Plan

The Town is the administrator of a single-employer Public Employee Retirement System (PERS) established and administered by the Town to provide pension benefits for its employees. The Plan does not issue stand-alone financial statements and is part of the Town's financial reporting entity. As such, balances of the Plan as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020 are accounted for in the fiduciary fund financial statements as a pension trust fund.

Plan Description

The Plan covers all full-time employees of the Town except certified employees of the Board of Education, who are covered by a plan administered by the Connecticut State Teacher's Retirement Board. Employees become eligible to participate in the Plan on the eligibility date coinciding with, or next following, a specified date of hire and completion of 1,000 hours of service. Employees are generally 100% vested after five years of continuous service, except for police personnel hired after July 1, 2007, which are 100% vested after seven years of service. Benefits and contributions are established and may be amended by the Town.

Plan Membership

Membership of the Plan consisted of the following as of July 1, 2018, the date of the most recent actuarial valuation:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	90
Vested terminated employees	127
Active employees	175
	392

Contributions

The contribution requirements of plan members are established and may be amended by the Town Pension and Retirement Board. The Town's funding policy provides for periodic employer contributions at rates that, when expressed as a percentage of annual covered payroll, are designed to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. The contribution rates for normal costs of the Plan was determined using the projected unit credit method.

Required employee contribution rates under the Plan range from 2.0% to 7.0% of covered payroll based on the applicable bargaining unit.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 10 - PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Defined Benefit Plan (Continued)

Benefit Provisions

Retirement benefits range from 1.25% to 2.25% of the participant's average annual compensation for the applicable service period multiplied by years of credited service.

Normal retirement age for public works and WPCA employees is the later of age 60 or 15 years of service; for sworn police personnel it is the later of age 50 or 25 years of service; for dispatchers it is the later of age 60 and 25 years of service; and for all other employees it is the later of age 65 and 5 years of service. Early retirement age is the later of age 55 and the completion of at least ten years of credited service.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Plan is accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions to the Plan are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the Plan.

Investments - Investments are measured at fair value, except for investments money market mutual funds which are permitted to be measured at net asset value. Securities traded on national exchanges are valued at the last reported sales price. Investment income is recognized when earned and gains and losses on sales or exchanges are recognized on the transaction date. The Plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the Town. It is the policy of the Town to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. The Plan's investment policy discourages the use of cash equivalents, except for liquidity purposes, and aims to refrain from dramatically shifting asset class allocations over shirt time spans.

Rate of return - For the year ended June 30, 2020 the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expenses, was 6.29%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Administrative costs of the Plan are generally financed through investment earnings.

Concentrations

As of June 30, 2020, more than 10% of the Plan's investments were invested certain mutual funds. Disclosure of concentrations in mutual funds are not required as these investments are considered diversified by nature.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 10 - PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Defined Benefit Plan (Continued)

Net Pension Liability

The components of the net pension liability of the Town at June 30, 2020, were as follows:

Total pension liability	\$ 37,308,631
Plan fiduciary net position	(29,727,284)
Town's net pension liability	\$ 7,581,347

Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability 79.68%

The components of the change in the net pension liability of the Town Plan for the year ended June 30, 2020 were as follows:

			Incre	ase (Decrease)			
	Total Pension Liability (a)			an Fiduciary et Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)		
Balance as of June 30, 2019	\$	34,550,722	\$	27,963,880	\$	6,586,842	
Changes for the year:							
Service cost		1,048,580		-		1,048,580	
Interest		2,288,728		-		2,288,728	
Actuarial (gains) losses		1,011,435		-		1,011,435	
Contributions - employer		-		1,344,995		(1,344,995)	
Contributions - employee		-		301,760		(301,760)	
Net investment income		-		1,739,034		(1,739,034)	
Benefit payments, including refunds		(1,590,834)		(1,590,834)		-	
Administrative expense				(31,551)		31,551	
Net changes		2,757,909		1,763,404		994,505	
Balance as of June 30, 2020	\$	37,308,631	\$	29,727,284	\$	7,581,347	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 10 - PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Defined Benefit Plan (Continued)

Net Pension Liability (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions - The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.75 percent

Salary increases 3.50 percent, average, including inflation

Investment rate of return 6.375 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Mortality Table with generational projection per the MP Ultimate Scale.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2020 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Equities	60.00%	5.03%
Fixed Income	40.00%	7.48%

Discount rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that the Town's contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate - The following presents the net pension liability of the Town, calculated using the discount rate of 6.375%, as well as what the Town's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.375%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.375%) than the current rate:

				Current			
	1	1% Decrease		Discount	1% Increase		
Net remains liability.	¢	12 142 576	ć	7 504 247	¢	2 700 407	
Net pension liability	\$	12,143,576	\$	7,581,347	>	3,709,487	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 10 - PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Defined Benefit Plan (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

At June 30, 2020, the Town reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows Resources	Outfl	et Deferred lows (Inflows) Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual	\$ 360,000 1,438,364	\$ (40,753) -	\$	319,247 1,438,364
earnings on pension plan investments Total	\$ - 1,798,364	\$ (282,257) (323,010)	\$	(282,257) 1,475,354

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources will be recognized as a component of pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30,		
2021	9	\$ 549,247
2022		375,943
2023		300,616
2024		210,853
2025		38,695
	9	\$ 1,475,354

Payable to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2020, the Town did not report a payable for any contributions outstanding to the pension plan.

Connecticut Teachers' Retirement System

Plan Description

The Connecticut Teachers' Retirement System ("TRS" or the "Plan") is the public pension plan offered by the State of Connecticut (the "State") to provide retirement, disability, survivorship and health insurance benefits for Connecticut public school teachers and their beneficiaries. The Plan is governed by Connecticut Statute Title 10, Chapter 167a of the Connecticut General Statutes. TRS is a multiemployer pension plan administered by the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement Board ("TRB"). The State Treasurer is responsible for investing TRS funds for the exclusive benefit of TRS members.

Teachers, principals, superintendents or supervisors engaged in the service of public schools are provided with pensions through the Connecticut Teachers' Retirement System - a cost sharing multi-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the TRB. Chapter 167a of the State Statutes grants authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the TRB. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ct.gov.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 10 - PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Connecticut Teachers' Retirement System (Continued)

Benefit Provisions

The Plan provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Employees are eligible to retire at age 60 with 20 years of credited service in Connecticut, or 35 years of credited service including at least 25 years of service in Connecticut.

Normal Retirement: Retirement benefits for the employees are calculated as 2.0% of the average annual salary times the years of credited service (maximum benefit is 75.0% of average annual salary during the 3 years of highest salary). In addition, amounts derived from the accumulation of the 6.0% contributions made prior to July 1, 1989 and voluntary contributions are payable.

Early Retirement: Employees are eligible after 25 years of credited service with a minimum of 20 years of Connecticut service, or age 55 with 20 years of credited service with a minimum of 15 years of Connecticut service. Benefit amounts are reduced by 6.0% per year for the first 5 years preceding normal retirement age and 4.0% per year for the next 5 years preceding normal retirement age. Effective July 1, 1999, the reduction for individuals with 30 or more years of service is 3% per year by which retirement precedes normal retirement date.

Minimum Benefit: Effective January 1, 1999, Public Act 98-251 provides a minimum monthly benefit of \$1,200 to teachers who retire under the normal retirement provisions and who have completed at least 25 years of full time Connecticut service at retirement.

Disability Retirement: Employees are eligible for service-related disability benefits regardless of length of service. Five years of credited service is required to be eligible for non-service related disability. Disability benefits are calculated as 2.0% per year of service times the average of the highest three years of pensionable salary, but not less than 15.0%, nor more than 50.0%. In addition, disability benefits under this Plan (without regard to cost-of-living adjustments) plus any initial award of Social Security benefits and workers' compensation cannot exceed 75.0% of average annual salary. A plan member who leaves service and has attained 10 years of service will be entitled to 100.0% of the accrued benefit as of the date of termination of covered employment. Benefits are payable at age 60, and early retirement reductions are based on the number of years of service the member would have had if they had continued work until age 60.

Pre-Retirement Death Benefit: The plan also offers a lump-sum return of contributions with interest or surviving spouse benefit depending on length of service.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 10 - PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Connecticut Teachers' Retirement System (Continued)

Contributions

State of Connecticut - Per Connecticut General Statutes Section 10-183z (which reflects Public Act 79-436 as amended), contribution requirements of active employees and the State are amended and certified by the TRB and appropriated by the General Assembly. The contributions are actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions and investment earnings, is expected to finance the costs of the benefits earned by employees during the year, with any additional amounts to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Employers - School District employers are not required to make contributions to the Plan, as contributions are required only from employees and the State.

Employees - Effective July 1, 1992, each teacher was required to contribute 6.0% of pensionable salary for the pension benefit. Effective January 1, 2018, the required contribution increased to 7.0% of pensionable salary.

Administrative Expenses

Administrative costs of the plan are to be paid by the General Assembly per Section 10-183r of the Connecticut General Statutes.

Basis of Presentation

The components associated with pension expense and deferred outflows and inflows of resources have been determined based on fiduciary net position as audited by the State of Connecticut Auditors of Public Accounts as part of the State of Connecticut Comprehensive Annual Financial Report as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019. The net pension liability at June 30, 2019 has been calculated using the audited amounts. TRS is included in the State of Connecticut audit as a pension trust fund. The State of Connecticut's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report can be obtained at www.ct.gov.

The accounting standards require participating employers to recognize their proportional share of the collective net pension liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources and pension expense. Contributions remitted by the State are recognized when legally due, based upon statutory requirements.

Allocation Methodology

The allocations for participating employers are based on the expected contribution effort as measured June 30, 2018, the date of the latest biennial valuation. The liabilities of the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation were rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2019. The employer allocations were then applied to the net pension liability and pension expense to determine the amount applicable to each employer. Based upon the employee contributions made by the employees of each employer, as compared to the total employee contributions, an employer allocation percentage is calculated to six decimal places and is used to allocate the elements noted above. The employer allocation applied to Town totaled 0.263% as of the most recent measurement date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 10 - PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Connecticut Teachers' Retirement System (Continued)

Collective Net Pension Liability

The following summarizes the collective net pension liability of the State for the TRS as of June 30, 2019, the measurement date, in addition to the Town's and State's proportionate shares of the collective net pension liability that is attributed to the Town:

Collective Net Pension Liability of the State for the TRS		\$ 1	17,072,720,000
	Proportion	Propo	rtionate Share
Town's proportionate share of the		_	
Collective Net Pension Liability	0.000%	\$	-
State's proportionate share of the			
Collective Net Pension Liability attributed to the Town	0.263%	\$	44,910,000

Collective Pension Expense

The Town's expected contribution effort for allocation purposes totaled \$3,399,482 or 0.263% of the total expected contribution effort. The Town has recognized this amount as an on-behalf payment into the TRS as intergovernmental revenues and related education expenditures in the General Fund for the year ended June 30, 2020.

The collective pension expense includes certain current period changes in the collective net pension liability, projected earnings on pension plan investments and the amortization of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources for the current period. The portion of the collective pension expense attributed to the Town totaled \$5,515,769 or 0.263% of the total collective pension expense and has been recognized as an operating contribution and related education expenses in the statement of activities for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, and a measurement date of June 30, 2019, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	3.25% - 6.50%, including inflation
Investment rate of return	6.90%, net of pension plan investment
	expense, including inflation
Administrative expenses	\$0 assumption as expenses are paid for
	by the General Assembly

Mortality rates were based on the RPH-2014 White Collar table with employee and annuitant rates blended from ages 50 to 80, projected to the year 2020 using the BB improvement scale.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 10 - PENSION PLANS (Continued)

<u>Connecticut Teachers' Retirement System (Continued)</u>

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Future cost-of-living increases for teachers who retired prior to September 1, 1992, are made in accordance with increases in the Consumer Price Index, with a minimum of 3% and a maximum of 5.0% per annum. For teachers who were members of the Teachers' Retirement System before July 1, 2007, and retire on or after September 1, 1992, pension benefit adjustments are made that are consistent with those provided for Social Security benefits on January 1 of the year granted, with a maximum of 6.0% per annum. If the return on assets in the previous year was less than 8.5%, the maximum increase is 1.5%. For teachers who were members of the Teachers' Retirement System after July 1, 2007, pension benefit adjustments are made that are consistent with those provided for Social Security benefits on January 1 of the year granted, with a maximum of 5.0% per annum. If the return on assets in the previous year was less than 11.5%, the maximum increase is 3.0%, and if the return on the assets in the previous year was less than 8.5%, the maximum increase is 1.0%.

Long-Term Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The current capital market assumptions and the target asset allocation as provided by the Treasurer's Office are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Expected	Standard
Asset Class	Allocation	Return	Deviation
Public Equity - US Equity	20.0%	8.1%	17.0%
Public Equity - International Developed Equity	11.0%	8.5%	19.0%
Public Equity - Emerging Markets Equity	9.0%	10.4%	24.0%
Fixed Income - Core Fixed Income	16.0%	4.6%	7.0%
Fixed Income - Inflation Linked Bonds	5.0%	3.6%	7.0%
Fixed Income - High Yield	6.0%	6.5%	11.0%
Fixed Income - Emerging Market Debt	5.0%	5.2%	11.0%
Private Equity	10.0%	9.8%	23.0%
Real Estate	10.0%	7.0%	15.0%
Alternative Investments - Real Assets	4.0%	8.2%	17.0%
Alternative Investments - Hedge Funds	3.0%	5.4%	7.0%
Liquidity Fund	1.0%	2.9%	1.0%
	100%		

The geometric rates of expected return shown in the table above are nominal returns net of investment expenses.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 10 - PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Connecticut Teachers' Retirement System (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that the State contributions will be made at the actuarially determined rates in future years. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTE 11 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

Town and Board of Education Plan

Plan Description

The Town, in accordance with various collective bargaining agreements, is committed to providing medical benefits to certain eligible retirees and their spouses. The Post-Retirement Medical Program (the "Plan"), is accounted for as a single-employer defined benefit plan. The Plan provides healthcare insurance benefits for eligible retirees and their spouses through the Town's group health insurance plan, which covers both active and retired members. Benefit provisions are established by the Town and the General Statutes of the State of Connecticut. The Plan is considered to be part of the Town's financial reporting entity. The Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report and is not included in the financial statements of another entity.

Plan Provisions

Teachers and administrators: Teachers or administrators retiring under the Connecticut State Teachers Retirement System are eligible to receive health benefits for self and spouse with 100% contribution of premiums.

Police and dispatchers: Police and dispatchers who retire with at least 20 years of service are eligible for coverage. Police and dispatchers contribute 50% of premiums with 20 to 24 years of experience and 25% of premiums with 25 years of service or over.

Town hall, public works, Board of Education non-certified and unaffiliated personnel: Eligible to health receive benefits with 100% contribution of premiums.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 11 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

Town and Board of Education Plan (Continued)

Plan Membership

Membership of the Plan consisted of the following as of July 1, 2018, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	23
Active employees	321
	344

Funding Policy

Contribution requirements of the plan members and the Town are established under the provisions of various collective bargaining agreements and in accordance with the General Statutes of the State of Connecticut. The Town began funding the benefits in a trust fund during the year ended June 30, 2012. Town contributions totaled \$444,902 for the year ended June 30, 2020 and included \$124,572 contributed directly into the Trust.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The OPEB Plan is accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Employer contributions to the OPEB Plan are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the OPEB Plan.

Investments - Investments are measured at fair value, except for investments money market mutual funds which are permitted to be measured at net asset value. Securities traded on national exchanges are valued at the last reported sales price. Investment income is recognized when earned and gains and losses on sales or exchanges are recognized on the transaction date. The OPEB Plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the Town. It is the policy of the Town to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. The OPEB Plan's investment policy discourages the use of cash equivalents, except for liquidity purposes, and aims to refrain from dramatically shifting asset class allocations over shirt time spans.

Rate of return - For the year ended June 30, 2020 the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expenses, was 5.72%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Administrative costs of the Plan are generally financed through investment earnings.

Concentrations

As of June 30, 2020, more than 10% of the OPEB Plan's investments were invested certain mutual funds. Disclosure of concentrations in mutual funds are not required as these investments are considered diversified by nature.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 11 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

Town and Board of Education Plan (Continued)

Net OPEB Liability

The components of the Town's net OPEB liability related to its OPEB Plan as of June 30, 2020, was as follows:

Total OPEB liability	\$ 4,841,993
Plan fiduciary net position	 (1,392,099)
Town's net OPEB liability	\$ 3,449,894
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage	
of the total OPEB liability	28.75%

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the Town and plan members) and include the types of benefits in force at the valuation date and the pattern of sharing benefit costs between the Town and the plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations on the pattern of cost sharing between the Town and plan members in the future. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective and employ methods and assumptions that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation date as of July 1, 2019, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.75 percent
Investment rate of return	6.50 percent, net of plan investment expense, including inflation
Healthcare cost trend rate	5.85% - 4.40% over 65 years

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Table and the RP-2000 Mortality Table for Males and Females, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale BB.

The long-term expected rate of returns on OPEB Plan investments were determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the OPEB Plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2020 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-term
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Expected Real Rate of Return
Equities	60.00%	5.03%
Fixed Income	40.00%	7.48%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 11 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

Town and Board of Education Plan (Continued)

Changes in Total OPEB Liability

			Incre	ase (Decrease)		
	Total OPEB Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net OPEB Liability (a) - (b)	
Balance as of June 30, 2019	\$	4,741,716	\$	1,221,401	\$	3,520,315
Changes for the year:	-					
Service cost		114,108		-		114,108
Interest		306,499		-		306,499
Actuarial (gains) losses		-		-		-
Contributions - employer		-		444,902		(444,902)
Net investment income		-		72,839		(72,839)
Benefit payments, including refunds		(320,330)		(320,330)		-
Administrative expense		-		(26,713)		26,713
Net changes	-	100,277		170,698		(70,421)
Balance as of June 30, 2020	\$	4,841,993	\$	1,392,099	\$	3,449,894

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate - The following presents the Town's net OPEB liability for the OPEB Plan, calculated using the discount rate disclosed above, as well as what the Town's net OPEB liability would be for the OPEB Plan if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	19	% Decrease (5.5%)	Discount (6.5%)	1% Increase (7.5%)	
Net OPEB liability	\$	3,876,501	\$ 3,449,894	\$	3,060,928

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates - The following presents the Town's net OPEB liability for the OPEB Plan, calculated using the discount rate disclosed above, as well as what the Town's net OPEB liability would be for the OPEB Plan if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	Current					
	1%	6 Decrease		Discount	1	% Increase
Net OPEB liability	\$	2,921,545	\$	3,449,894	\$	4,058,665

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 11 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Town recognized OPEB expense of \$428,017. As of June 30, 2020, the Town reported deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following source:

	0	Deferred Lutflows Resources	Deferred Inflows Resources	Outflo	t Deferred ows (Inflows) Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	696,117	\$ - (469,554)	\$	696,117
Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual		-	(409,554)		(469,554)
earnings on pension plan investments		4,457	_		4,457
Total	\$	700,574	\$ (469,554)	\$	231,020

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as a component of OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30,	
2021	\$ 70,342
2022	70,344
2023	73,753
2024	 16,581
	\$ 231,020

Connecticut Teachers' Retirement System

Plan Description

The Connecticut Teachers' Retirement System ("TRS" or the "Plan") is the public pension plan offered by the State of Connecticut (the State) to provide retirement, disability, survivorship and health insurance benefits for Connecticut public school teachers and their beneficiaries. The Plan is governed by Connecticut Statute Title 10, Chapter 167a of the Connecticut General Statutes. TRS is a multiemployer pension plan administered by the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement Board ("TRB"). The State Treasurer is responsible for investing TRS funds for the exclusive benefit of TRS members.

Teachers, principals, superintendents or supervisors engaged in service of public schools are provided with benefits, including retiree health insurance, through the Connecticut Teachers' Retirement System - a cost sharing multi employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the TRB. Chapter 167a of the State Statutes grants authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the TRB. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ct.gov.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 11 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

Connecticut Teachers' Retirement System (Continued)

Benefit Provisions

The Plan covers retired teachers and administrators of public schools in the State who are receiving benefits from the Plan. The Plan provides healthcare insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. Any member that is currently receiving a retirement or disability benefit through the Plan is eligible to participate in the healthcare portion of the Plan. Subsidized Local School District Coverage provides a subsidy paid to members still receiving coverage through their former employer and the TRB Sponsored Medicare Supplemental Plans provide coverage for those participating in Medicare, but not receiving Subsidized Local School District Coverage.

Any member that is not currently participating in Medicare Parts A & B is eligible to continue health care coverage with their former employer. A subsidy of up to \$110 per month for a retired member plus an additional \$110 per month for a spouse enrolled in a local school district plan is provided to the school district to first offset the retiree's share of the cost of coverage, any remaining portion is used to offset the district's cost. The subsidy amount is set by statute, and has not increased since July of 1996. A subsidy amount of \$220 per month may be paid for a retired member, spouse or the surviving spouse of a member who has attained the normal retirement age to participate in Medicare, is not eligible for Part A of Medicare without cost, and contributes at least \$220 per month towards coverage under a local school district plan.

Any member that is currently participating in Medicare Parts A & B is eligible to either continue health care coverage with their former employer, if offered, or enroll in the plan sponsored by the System. If they elect to remain in the Plan with their former employer, the same subsidies as above will be paid to offset the cost of coverage. If a member participating in Medicare Parts A & B so elects, they may enroll in one of the CTRB Sponsored Medicare Supplemental Plans. Active members, retirees, and the State pay equally toward the cost of the basic coverage (medical and prescription drug benefits).

Employees are eligible to retire at age 60 with 20 years of credited service in Connecticut, or 35 years of credited service including at least 25 years of service in Connecticut.

Contributions

State of Connecticut - Per Connecticut General Statutes Section 10-183z (which reflects Public Act 79-436 as amended), contribution requirements of active employees and the State of Connecticut are amended and certified by the TRB and appropriated by the General Assembly. The State pays for one third of plan costs through an annual appropriation in the General Fund.

Employers - School District employers are not required to make contributions to the Plan.

Employees/Retirees - The cost of providing plan benefits is financed on a pay-as-you-go basis as follows: active teachers' pay for one third of the Plan costs through a contribution of 1.25% of their pensionable salaries, and retired teachers pay for one third of the Plan costs through monthly premiums, which helps reduce the cost of health insurance for eligible retired members and dependents.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 11 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

Connecticut Teachers' Retirement System (Continued)

Administrative Expenses

Administrative costs of the Plan are to be paid by the General Assembly per Section 10-183r of the Connecticut General Statutes.

Basis of Presentation

The components associated with the other postemployment benefits (OPEB) expense and deferred inflows and outflows of resources have been determined using the unrecognized portions of each year's experience and assumption changes as audited by the State of Connecticut Auditors of Public Accounts as part of the State of Connecticut Comprehensive Annual Financial Report as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019. The net OPEB liability at June 30, 2019 has been calculated using the audited amounts. The OPEB trust fund is included in the TRS, and the TRS is included in the State of Connecticut audit as a pension trust fund. The State of Connecticut's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report can be obtained at www.ct.gov.

The accounting standards require participating employers to recognize their proportional share of the collective net OPEB liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources and OPEB expense. Contributions remitted by the State are recognized when legally due, based upon statutory requirements.

Allocation Methodology

The allocations for participating employers are based on the expected contribution effort as measured June 30, 2018, the date of the latest biennial valuation. The allocations for participating employers are based on the expected contribution effort as measured June 30, 2018, the date of the latest biennial valuation. The liabilities of the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation were rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2019. The employer allocations were then applied to the net OPEB liability and OPEB expense to determine the amount applicable to each employer. Based upon the employee contributions made by the employees of each employer, as compared to the total employee contributions, an employer allocation percentage is calculated to six decimal places and is used to allocate the elements noted above. The employer allocation applied to Town totaled 0.263% as of the most recent measurement date.

Collective Net OPEB Liability

Collective Net OPER Liability of the State for the TRS

The following summarizes the collective net OPEB liability of the State for the TRS as of June 30, 2019, the measurement date, in addition to the Town's and State's proportionate shares of the collective net OPEB liability that is attributed to the Town:

Ċ

2 662 587 000

Collective Net Or Eb Liability of the State for the 113		3	2,002,387,000
	Proportion	Propo	rtionate Share
Town's proportionate share of the Collective Net OPEB Liability	0.000%	\$	-
State's proportionate share of the Collective Net OPEB Liability attributed to the Town	0.263%	\$	7,004,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 11 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

Connecticut Teachers' Retirement System (Continued)

Collective OPEB Expense

The Town's expected contribution effort for allocation purposes totaled \$92,911 or 0.263% of the total expected contribution effort. The Town has recognized this amount as an on-behalf payment into the TRS as intergovernmental revenues and related education expenditures in the General Fund for the year ended June 30, 2020.

The collective OPEB expense includes certain current period changes in the collective net OPEB liability, projected earnings on OPEB plan investments and the amortization of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources for the current period. The portion of the collective OPEB expense attributed to the Town totaled a negative \$(512,532) or 0.263% of the total collective OPEB expense and has been recognized as a reduction in operating contributions and related education expenses in the statement of activities for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50%
Real Wage Growth	0.75%
Wage Inflation	3.25%

Salary increases 3.25% - 6.50%, including inflation Investment rate of return 3.00%, net of OPEB plan investment

expense, including inflation

Healthcare cost trend rates:

Pre-Medicare 5.95% for 2018 decreasing to

an ultimate rate of 4.75% by 2025

Medicare 5.00% for 2018 decreasing to

an ultimate rate of 4.75% by 2028

Mortality rates were based on the RPH-2014 White Collar table with employee and annuitant rates blended from ages 50 to 80, projected to the year 2020 using the BB improvement scale.

Long-Term Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial valuation process. Several factors are considered in evaluation the long-term rate of return assumption, including the Plan's current asset allocations and a log-normal distribution analysis using the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class.

The long-term expected rate of return was determined by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The assumption is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 11 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

Connecticut Teachers' Retirement System (Continued)

Long-Term Rate of Return (Continued)

The target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Expected 10-Year							
	Target	Geometric Real	Standard						
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return	Deviation						
U.S. Treasuries (Cash Equivalents)	100.0%	0.41%	2.31%						

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with the applicable standards. The projection's basis was an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2018.

In addition to the actuarial methods and assumptions of the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation, the following actuarial methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Total payroll for the initial projection year consists of the payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date. In subsequent projection years, total payroll was assumed to increase annual at a rate of 3.25%.
- Employee contributions were assumed to be made at the current member contribution rate.
 Employee contributions for future plan members were used to reduce the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members.
- o No future employer contributions were assumed to be made.

Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be depleted in 2019 and, as a result, the Municipal Bond Index Rate of 3.87% was used in the determination of the single equivalent rate.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 12 - FUND BALANCE

The various components of fund balance as of June 30, 2020 are as follows:

	_	eneral Fund	apital and Inrecurring Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Other Funds
Nonspendable - inventories	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,461
Restricted for:					
Small Cities grant program		-	-	-	39,105
Town programs - contributions		-	-	-	212,673
Maintenance of cemeteries		-	-	-	5,213
Roads and dams			 	 493,108	
Total restricted		-	-	493,108	256,991
Committed for:					
Capital purposes		-	2,314,242	15,815	163,453
Heart & hypertension claims		350,727	-	-	-
Storm emergencies		170,981	-	-	-
Parks and recreation programs		-	-	-	193,185
Police		-	-	-	158,827
Sewer operations		-	-	-	1,570,617
Assessments - debt service		-	-	-	956,171
Family resource center		-	-	-	34,834
School cafeteria operations		-	-	-	159,822
Youth services		-	-	-	25,547
Other purposes		-	-	-	45,322
Total committed		521,708	2,314,242	15,815	3,307,778
Assigned to:					
Use in fiscal year 2021 budget		750,000	-	-	-
Unassigned	-	10,936,403	-	-	-
	\$ 1	12,208,111	\$ 2,314,242	\$ 508,923	\$ 3,568,230

NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees or acts of God. The Town purchases commercial insurance for all risks of loss except workers' compensation and liability-automobile-property insurance for which it participates in risk sharing pools. During the year ended June 30, 2020 deductibles paid by the Town were insignificant. Neither the Town nor its insurers have settled any claims which exceeded the Town's insurance coverage during the past three years. In addition, there have been no significant reductions in pooled or insured liability coverage from coverage in the prior year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

The Town is a member of the Connecticut Interlocal Risk Management Agency (CIRMA), an unincorporated association of Connecticut local public agencies that was formed in 1980 by the Connecticut Conference of Municipalities for the purpose of establishing and administering an interlocal risk management program.

Workers' Compensation Pool

The Town is a member of CIRMA's Workers' Compensation Pool, a risk-sharing pool. The Workers' Compensation Pool provides statutory benefits pursuant to the provisions of the Connecticut Workers' Compensation Act. The coverage is subject to an incurred loss retrospective rating plan, and losses incurred in the coverage period will be evaluated at 18, 30 and 42 months after the effective date of coverage. The premium is subject to payroll audit at the close of the coverage period. CIRMA's Workers' Compensation Pool retains \$1,000,000 per occurrence.

Liability-Automobile-Property Pool

The Town is a member of CIRMA's Liability-Automobile-Property Pool, a risk-sharing pool. The Liability-Automobile-Property Pool provides general liability, automobile liability, employee benefit liability, law enforcement liability, public officials and property coverage. The premium is subject to these coverages, and claims and expense payments falling within the deductible amounts are the responsibility of the Town. CIRMA's Liability-Automobile-Property Pool retains \$1,000,000 per occurrence for each line of liability coverage.

NOTE 14 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

There are several legal matters pending against the Town. The outcome and eventual liability to the Town, if any, in these cases is not known at this time. The Town's management, based upon consultation with legal counsel, estimates that potential claims against the Town, not covered by insurance, resulting from such litigation would not materially affect the financial position of the Town.

The Town has received state and federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursement to the grantor agency for any expenditure disallowed under terms of the grant. Based on prior experience, Town management believes such disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

In early March 2020, there was a global outbreak of COVID-19 that was declared a Public Health Emergency of International Concern by the World Health Organization and was subsequently declared a state of emergency by the Governor of Connecticut and a national emergency by the President of the United States. The outbreak of the virus has affected travel, commerce and financial markets globally, and is widely expected to affect economic growth worldwide. The Town has received and continues to apply for additional funding from federal and state agencies to assist in covering certain costs associated with the response to the pandemic. However, the extent to which COVID-19 will affect the Town's tax base, operations and its financial condition will ultimately depend on future developments that are uncertain and cannot be fully predicted with confidence at this time.

NOTE 15 - RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

In January 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. The objective of this statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. The requirements of this statement are effective for the Town's reporting period beginning July 1, 2020, which reflects the one year postponement pursuant to GASB Statement No. 95 issued in May 2020. The Town is currently evaluating the potential impact of adopting this Statement on its financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 15 - RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS (Continued)

In June 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. The requirements of this statement are effective for the Town's reporting period beginning July 1, 2021, which reflects the eighteen month postponement pursuant to GASB Statement No. 95 issued in May 2020. The Town is currently evaluating the potential impact of adopting this Statement on its financial statements.

In June 2018, the GASB issued Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period. The objective of this Statement are (a) to enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and (b) to simplify accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. The requirements of this Statement should be applied prospectively and are effective for the Town's reporting period beginning July 1, 2021, which reflects the one year postponement pursuant to GASB Statement No. 95 issued in May 2020. The Town does not expect this statement to have a material effect on its financial statements.

In August 2018, the GASB issued Statement No. 90, *Majority Equity Interests - An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61*, The objectives of this statement are to improve the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and to improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. The requirements of this statement are effective for the Town's reporting period beginning July 1, 2020, which reflects the one year postponement pursuant to GASB Statement No. 95 issued in May 2020. The Town does not expect this statement to have a material effect on its financial statements.

In May 2019, the GASB issued Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*. The objectives of this statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. The requirements of this statement are effective for the Town's reporting period beginning July 1, 2022, which reflects the one year postponement pursuant to GASB Statement No. 95 issued in May 2020. The Town does not expect this statement to have a material effect on its financial statements.

In January 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*. The objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This Statement addresses a variety of topics and the requirements of this statement are effective for the Town's reporting period beginning July 1, 2021, which reflects the one year postponement pursuant to GASB Statement No. 95 issued in May 2020. The Town does not expect this statement to have a material effect on its financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 15 - RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS (Continued)

In March 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates. Some governments have entered into agreements in which variable payments made or received depend on an interbank offered rate (IBOR)—most notably, the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR). As a result of global reference rate reform, LIBOR is expected to cease to exist in its current form at the end of 2021, prompting governments to amend or replace financial instruments for the purpose of replacing LIBOR with other reference rates, by either changing the reference rate or adding or changing fallback provisions related to the reference rate. The objective of this Statement is to address those and other accounting and financial reporting implications that result from the replacement of an IBOR. The requirements of this statement are effective for the Town's reporting period beginning July 1, 2020. The Town does not expect this statement to have a material effect on its financial statements.

In March 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs). The requirements of this statement are effective for the Town's reporting period beginning July 1, 2022. The Town does not expect this statement to have a material effect on its financial statements.

In May 2020, the GASB issued Statement 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). The requirements of this statement are effective for the Town's reporting period beginning July 1, 2022. The Town does not expect this statement to have a material effect on its financial statements.

In June 2020, the GASB issued Statement 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans – An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 14 and No. 84, and a Supersession of GASB Statement No. 32. The primary objectives of this Statement are to (1) increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; (2) mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and (3) enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans (Section 457 plans) that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. The requirements of this statement are effective for the Town's reporting period beginning July 1, 2021. The Town is currently evaluating the potential impact of adopting this Statement on its financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY PENSION PLAN (UNAUDITED) LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS* (Rounded to Nearest Thousand)

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total pension liability							
Service cost	\$ 1,049,000	\$ 875,000	\$ 901,000	\$ 801,000	\$ 778,000	\$ 668,000	\$ 667,000
Interest	2,289,000	2,112,000	2,019,000	1,916,000	1,817,000	1,681,000	1,602,000
Changes in benefit terms	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	(31,000)	319,000	270,000	(62,000)	561,000	-	-
Changes of assumptions	1,042,000	-	-	2,301,000	-	-	-
Benefit payments, including refunds	 (1,591,000)	 (1,498,000)	 (1,337,000)	 (1,258,000)	 (1,126,000)	 (1,159,000)	(1,007,000)
Net change in total pension liability	 2,758,000	1,808,000	1,853,000	3,698,000	2,030,000	1,190,000	1,262,000
Total pension liability - beginning	 34,551,000	 32,743,000	30,890,000	27,192,000	25,162,000	 23,972,000	22,710,000
Total pension liability - ending	37,309,000	34,551,000	32,743,000	30,890,000	27,192,000	25,162,000	23,972,000
Dian fiduciam, not nocition				_			
Plan fiduciary net position	1 245 000	1 207 000	1 220 000	067.000	913,000	050.000	939,000
Contributions - employer Contributions - members	1,345,000	1,307,000	1,229,000	967,000	,	959,000	,
	302,000	298,000	295,000	290,000	300,000	252,000	272,000
Net investment income	1,739,000	1,572,000	2,281,000	2,194,000	524,000	917,000	2,776,000
Benefit payments, including refunds	(1,591,000)	(1,498,000)	(1,337,000)	(1,258,000)	(1,126,000)	(1,042,000)	(1,007,000)
Administrative expense	 (31,000)	 (22,000)	 (26,000)	 (24,000)	(38,000)	 (40,000)	 (30,000)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	1,764,000	1,657,000	2,442,000	2,169,000	573,000	1,046,000	2,950,000
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	 27,964,000	 26,307,000	 23,865,000	 21,696,000	21,123,000	 20,077,000	 17,127,000
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	 29,728,000	 27,964,000	 26,307,000	 23,865,000	 21,696,000	 21,123,000	 20,077,000
Town's net pension liability	\$ 7,581,000	\$ 6,587,000	\$ 6,436,000	\$ 7,025,000	\$ 5,496,000	\$ 4,039,000	\$ 3,895,000
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage							
of total pension liability	79.68%	80.94%	80.34%	77.26%	79.79%	83.95%	83.75%
Covered payroll	\$ 8,330,913	\$ 8,385,439	\$ 7,839,918	\$ 7,520,064	\$ 6,477,145	\$ 6,617,466	\$ 6,035,101
Town's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	91.00%	78.55%	82.09%	93.42%	84.85%	61.04%	64.54%

^{*} This schedule is intended to show information for ten years and additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS AND INVESTMENT RETURNS PENSION PLAN (UNAUDITED) LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS*

	2020	2019	2018		2017		2016		2015		2014
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 1,344,995	\$ 1,306,989	\$	1,228,568	\$	946,526	\$	862,350	\$	959,089	\$ 938,840
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	 1,344,995	1,306,989		1,228,568		966,582		912,750		959,089	938,840
Contribution deficiency	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	(20,056)	\$	(50,400)	\$	-	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$ 8,330,913	\$ 8,385,439	\$	7,839,918	\$	7,520,064	\$	6,477,145	\$	6,617,466	\$ 6,035,101
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	16.14%	15.59%		15.67%		12.85%		14.09%		14.49%	15.56%
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	6.29%	6.05%		9.68%		10.16%		2.50%		4.54%	16.12%

^{*} This schedule is intended to show information for ten years and additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE COLLECTIVE NET PENSION LIABILITY CONNECTICUT TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (UNAUDITED)

LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS*

(Rounded to nearest thousand)

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Town's proportion of the collective net pension liability	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Town's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
State's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability attributed to the Town Total	44,910,000 \$ 44,910,000	34,629,000 \$ 34,629,000	34,283,000 \$ 34,283,000	36,169,000 \$ 36,169,000	26,839,000 \$ 26,839,000	24,807,000 \$ 24,807,000
Town's covered payroll	\$ 11,547,000	\$ 11,368,000	\$ 10,871,000	\$ 10,478,000	\$ 9,992,000	\$ 9,631,000
Town's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total collective pension liability	52.00%	57.69%	55.93%	52.26%	59.50%	61.51%

^{*} This schedule is intended to show information for ten years and additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN (UNAUDITED)

LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS*

(Rounded to Nearest Thousand)

		2020	2019	2018	2017
Total OPEB liability					
Service cost	\$	114,000	\$ 159,000	\$ 121,000	\$ 113,000
Interest		306,000	276,000	268,000	260,000
Changes in benefit terms		-	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience		-	1,131,000	-	-
Changes of assumptions		-	(763,000)	-	-
Benefit payments, including refunds		(320,000)	 (306,000)	(284,000)	 (230,000)
Net change in total OPEB liability	'	100,000	497,000	 105,000	 143,000
Total OPEB liability - beginning		4,742,000	 4,245,000	4,140,000	 3,997,000
Total OPEB liability - ending		4,842,000	4,742,000	4,245,000	4,140,000
Plan fiduciary net position					
Contributions		445,000	436,000	349,000	351,000
Net investment income		73,000	69,000	78,000	73,000
Benefit payments, including refunds		(320,000)	(306,000)	(284,000)	(230,000)
Administrative expense		(27,000)	(5,000)	(23,000)	(4,000)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	1	171,000	194,000	 120,000	190,000
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		1,221,000	1,027,000	907,000	717,000
Plan fiduciary net position - ending		1,392,000	1,221,000	1,027,000	907,000
Town's net OPEB liability	\$	3,450,000	\$ 3,521,000	\$ 3,218,000	\$ 3,233,000
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage					
of total OPEB liability		28.75%	25.75%	24.19%	21.91%
Covered employee payroll	\$	19,526,175	\$ 19,526,175	\$ 19,046,175	\$ 19,046,175
Town's net pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll		17.67%	18.03%	16.90%	16.97%

^{*} This schedule is intended to show information for ten years and additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS AND INVESTMENT RETURNS OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN (UNAUDITED) LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS*

	2020	2019	2018	2017		
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 399,903	\$ 350,117	\$ 337,621	\$	297,826	
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution:	444,902	436,469	348,860		351,387	
Contribution deficiency	\$ (44,999)	\$ (86,352)	\$ (11,239)	\$	(53,561)	
Covered employee payroll	\$ 19,526,175	\$ 19,526,175	\$ 19,046,175	\$	19,046,175	
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	2.28%	2.24%	1.83%		1.84%	
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	5.72%	6.65%	8.55%		9.41%	

^{*} This schedule is intended to show information for ten years and additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE COLLECTIVE NET OPEB LIABILITY CONNECTICUT TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (UNAUDITED)

LAST THREE FISCAL YEARS*

(Rounded to Nearest Thousand)

		2020		2019	2018
Town's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability		0.00%		0.00%	0.00%
Town's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
State's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability					
attributed to the Town	_	7,004,039	_	6,922,000	 8,824,000
Total	<u> </u>	7,004,039	\$	6,922,000	\$ 8,824,000
Town's covered employee payroll	\$	11,547,000	\$	11,368,000	\$ 10,871,000
Town's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability					
as a percentage of its covered employee payroll		0.00%		0.00%	0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the					
total collective OPEB liability		2.08%		1.49%	1.79%

^{*} This schedule is intended to show information for ten years and additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY - TOWN EMPLOYEE PENSION PLAN

The Town began to report the schedule of net pension liability when it implemented GASB Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans - An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 25, in fiscal year 2014. GASB Statement No. 67 requires the information within this schedule to be presented for the ten most recent fiscal years.

Actuarial valuations are prepared every two years with the most recent available actuarial valuation performed as of July 1, 2018.

Benefit Changes - There have been no changes in benefit terms that have had a significant effect on the measurement of the total pension liability.

Assumption Changes - There have been no changes in assumptions that have had a significant effect on the measurement of the total pension liability.

NOTE 2 - SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS AND INVESTMENT RETURNS - TOWN EMPLOYEE PENSION PLAN

The Town began to report the schedule of net pension liability when it implemented GASB Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans - An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 25, in fiscal year 2014. GASB Statement No. 67 requires the information within this schedule to be presented for the ten most recent fiscal years.

Actuarial determined contribution rates are calculated as of July 1, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates for 2020 are as follows:

Actuarial cost method: Projected Unit Credit
Amortization method: Level percent of payroll

Remaining amortization period: Closed 20 years
Asset valuation method: Market value

Investment rate of return: 6.5% Salary increases: 3.50%

Mortality RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality with generational projection per Scale BB.

NOTE 3 - SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE COLLECTIVE NET PENSION LIABILITY - CONNECTICUT TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

The Town began to report this schedule when it implemented GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, in fiscal year 2015. GASB Statement No. 68 requires the information within this schedule to be presented for the ten most recent fiscal years.

Actuarial valuations are prepared every two years with the most recent available actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2018. This information is utilized by the Town for reporting as of June 30, 2019.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 3 - SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - CONNECTICUT TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued)

Benefit changes - Beginning January 1, 2018, member contributions increased from 6.0% to 7.0% of salary.

Assumption changes - The following significant assumptions had a significant effect on the measurement of the total pension liability reported as of June 30, 2020.

- o the inflation assumption was reduced from 2.75% to 2.50%;
- the real rate of return assumption was reduced from 5.25% to 4.40%, which when combined with the inflation assumption change, resulted in a decrease in the investment rate of return assumption from 8.00% to 6.90%; and
- o the annual rate of wage increase assumption was increased from 0.50% to 0.75%; and
- o phase in to a level dollar amortization method for the June 30, 2024 valuation.

NOTE 4 - SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENFEITS PLAN

The Town began to report this schedule when it implemented GASB Statement No. 74, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension*, in fiscal year 2017. GASB Statement No. 74 requires the information within this schedule to be presented for the ten most recent fiscal years.

Actuarial valuations are prepared every two years with the most recent available actuarial valuation performed as of July 1, 2018.

Benefit Changes - There have been no benefit term changes that have had a significant effect on the measurement of the Town's total OPEB liability.

Assumption Changes - There have been no assumption changes that have had a significant effect on the measurement of the Town's total OPEB liability.

NOTE 5 - SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS AND INVESTMENT RETURNS - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN

The Town began to report this schedule when it implemented GASB Statement No. 74, *Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans*, in fiscal year 2017. GASB Statement No. 74 requires the information within this schedule to be presented for the ten most recent fiscal years.

Actuarially determined contributions rates are calculated as of July 1, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 5 - SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS AND INVESTMENT RETURNS - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN (Continued)

The following methods and assumptions were utilized to determine the contribution rates for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Actuarial cost method: Entry Age Normal

Amortization method: Level Percentage of Payroll

Remaining amortization period: 21 years, closed Asset valuation method: Market value

Actuarial assumptions:

Investment rate of return 6.50%

Discount rate 6.50%

Inflation rate 2.75%

Healthcare cost trend rate: Initial 5.34%

Ultimate 4.40%

NOTE 6 - SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS LIABILITY - CONNECTICUT TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

The Town began to report this schedule when it implemented GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension, in fiscal year 2018. GASB Statement No. 75 requires the information within this schedule to be presented for the ten most recent fiscal years.

Actuarial valuations are prepared every two years with the most recent available actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2018. This information was utilized by the Town for reporting as of June 30, 2020.

Benefit Changes - Effective July 1, 2018, the Plan changed the "base plan" to the Medicare Advantage Plan for the purposes of determining retiree health care plan subsidies and/or cost sharing amount(s), and introduced a two year waiting period for re-enrollment in a system-sponsored health care plan for those who cancel their coverage or choose not to enroll in a health care coverage option on or after the effective date.

Assumption Changes - The following assumption changes collectively had a significant effect on the measurement of the net OPEB liability reported as of June 30, 2020:

- o the expected rate of return on Plan assets was changed from 4.25% to 3.00% to better reflect the anticipated returns on cash and other high quality short-term fixed income investments;
- the discount rate used to measure Plan obligations and amortize supplemental costs was updated to match the expected rate of return on assets selected as of June 30, 2018;
- long-term health care cost trend rates were updated to better reflect the anticipated impact of changes in medical inflation, utilization, leverage in the plan design, improvements in technology, and fees and charges on expected claims and retiree contributions in future periods; and
- o the percentage of retired members who are not currently participating in the Plan, but are expected to elect coverage for themselves and their spouses under a system-sponsored health care plan option in the future was updated to better reflect anticipated plan experience.



GENERAL FUND

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - GENERAL FUND AS OF JUNE 30, 2020

	General Fund	Heart & Hypertension Fund		Storm nergency Fund	rehouse pint Fire Fund	Eli	minations	Combined eneral Fund
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 12,259,107	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 12,259,107
Receivables:								
Property taxes and interest, net	1,039,667		-	-	-		-	1,039,667
Grants and contracts	-		-	-	-		-	-
Other	21,140		-	-	467		-	21,607
Due from other funds	1,854,619		350,727	 170,981	 -		(521,708)	 1,854,619
Total assets	\$ 15,174,533	\$	350,727	\$ 170,981	\$ 467	\$	(521,708)	\$ 15,175,000
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$ 973,991	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 973,991
Salaries and benefits payable	279,112		-	-	-		-	279,112
Due to other funds	1,275,781		-	-	3,341		(521,708)	757,414
Total liabilities	2,528,884		-	-	3,341		(521,708)	2,010,517
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable revenue	956,372		-	 -	 	_	-	956,372
FUND BALANCES								
Committed	-		350,727	170,981	-		-	521,708
Assigned	750,000		-	_	-		-	750,000
Unassigned	10,939,277		-	_	(2,874)		-	10,936,403
Total fund balances	11,689,277		350,727	 170,981	 (2,874)		-	12,208,111
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of				 	, , ,			
resources, and fund balances	\$ 15,174,533	\$	350,727	\$ 170,981	\$ 467	\$	(521,708)	\$ 15,175,000

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GENERAL FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	General Fund	Heart & pertension Fund	Storm Emergency Fund	arehouse oint Fire Fund	Elii	minations	Combined eneral Fund
REVENUES							
Property taxes	\$ 33,127,827	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 33,127,827
Intergovernmental	9,844,801	-	-	-		-	9,844,801
Charges for services	656,704	-	-	21,560		-	678,264
Interest income	 221,143	 		 			 221,143
Total revenues	 43,850,475	 		 21,560		-	 43,872,035
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government	2,055,492	-	-	14,286		-	2,069,778
Public safety	4,040,963	-	-	-		-	4,040,963
Public works	3,244,933	-	-	-		-	3,244,933
Community services	856,284	-	-	-		-	856,284
Employee benefits	3,080,431	-	-	-		-	3,080,431
Education	26,544,260	-	-	-		-	26,544,260
Debt service	 1,079,205	-		 -		-	 1,079,205
Total expenditures	 40,901,568	 		 14,286			 40,915,854
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over expenditures	2,948,907	-	-	7,274		-	2,956,181
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in	37,397	37,642	33,427	-		(71,069)	37,397
Transfers out	(1,909,539)	-	-	-		71,069	(1,838,470)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,872,142)	37,642	33,427	 			 (1,801,073)
Net change in fund balances	1,076,765	37,642	33,427	7,274		-	1,155,108
Fund balances - beginning	 10,612,512	 313,085	137,554	 (10,148)			 11,053,003
Fund balances - ending	\$ 11,689,277	\$ 350,727	\$ 170,981	\$ (2,874)	\$		\$ 12,208,111

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Budgete	ed Amounts		Variance With Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Over (Under)
PROPERTY TAXES				
Current and prior year levies	\$ 32,577,581	\$ 32,577,581	\$ 32,886,235	\$ 308,654
Interest and lien fees	100,000	100,000	241,592	141,592
Total property taxes	32,677,581	32,677,581	33,127,827	450,246
INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUES				
Educational cost sharing grant	5,404,187	5,404,187	5,476,479	72,292
Town aid road grant	267,358	267,358	267,488	130
Payment in lieu of taxes on State owned property	548,433	548,433	548,433	-
Mashantucket Pequot and Mohegan Fund grant	15,432	15,432	15,432	-
Telephone access grant	15,000	15,000	17,052	2,052
Adult education	15,986	15,986	15,847	(139)
Tax relief - veterans	5,850	5,850	5,738	(112)
Pro-rata share of CT fines	5,000	5,000	4,276	(724)
Tax exempt property - totally disabled persons	1,650	1,650	1,663	13
Total intergovernmental revenues	6,278,896	6,278,896	6,352,408	73,512
LOCAL REVENUES				
Building Department	250,000	250,000	254,788	4,788
Town Clerk	220,100	220,100	215,207	(4,893)
Treasurer	35,100	35,100	114,197	79,097
Land use permits	13,800	13,800	17,582	3,782
Parks and Recreation	32,500	32,500	28,383	(4,117)
Police Department	10,500	10,500	10,079	(421)
Greater Hartford Transit District	7,000	7,000	7,432	432
Aircraft miscellaneous	3,500	3,500	4,330	830
Dial-A-Ride	3,000	3,000	2,250	(750)
Public Works	2,500	2,500	2,332	(168)
Assessor	300	300	124	(176)
Other	120	120		(120)
Total licenses, fees and charges				
for goods and services	578,420	578,420	656,704	78,284
REVENUES FROM THE USE OF MONEY				
Interest on deposits	150,000	150,000	221,143	71,143
Total revenues from the use of money	150,000	150,000	221,143	71,143
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Appropriation of Fund Balance	500,000	650,000	-	(650,000)
Transfers in from:		•		, ,
Casino Impact Fund	-	-	37,397	37,397
Total other financing sources	500,000	650,000	37,397	(612,603)
Total revenues and other financing sources	\$ 40,184,897	\$ 40,334,897	\$ 40,395,479	\$ 60,582

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		Budgeted	l Amo	unts				iance With al Budget
		Original		Final		Actual	Ove	er (Under)
GENERAL GOVERNMENT								
Selectmen	\$	264,899	\$	263,257	\$	234,004	\$	(29,253)
Charter Revision		-		1,625		1,625		-
Ethic's Commission		510		500		-		(500)
Board of Finance		45,263		44,875		43,550		(1,325)
Assessor		194,809		203,845		197,239		(6,606)
Board of Assessment Appeals		1,581		1,550		608		(942)
Tax Collector		128,133		144,716		132,252		(12,464)
Treasurer		241,946		245,638		237,703		(7,935)
Capital Improvement Commission		765		750		625		(125)
Legal		265,200		303,245		287,549		(15,696)
Activity Fees & Associations		142,859		140,896		138,132		(2,764)
Information Technology		200,530		242,863		241,475		(1,388)
Town Clerk		138,073		143,531		137,833		(5,698)
Registrar of Voters		65,204		56,850		48,241		(8,609)
Planning		246,729		208,888		194,568		(14,320)
Planning & Zoning Commission		3,315		3,250		2,871		(379)
Zoning Appeals Board		1,428		1,400		250		(1,150)
Property Insurance		208,566		155,000		153,912		(1,088)
Inlands/Wetlands		1,836		1,800		1,630		(170)
Veterans Commission		1,224		1,200		1,050		(150)
Agriculture Commission		510		500		-		(500)
Conservation Commission		510		500		-		(500)
Economic Development Commission		4,233		4,150		375		(3,775)
Total General Government		2,158,123		2,170,829		2,055,492		(115,337)
PUBLIC SAFETY								
Police Department		3,416,035		3,484,049		3,352,589		(131,460)
Police Commission		1,530		1,500		1,250		(250)
Broad Brook Fire Department		440,640		464,000		450,919		(13,081)
Emergency management		18,229		68,206		17,851		(50,355)
Building Department		177,112		162,464		153,014		(9,450)
Fire Marshall		18,428		20,067		16,661		(3,406)
Communications		54,319		49,168		48,679		(489)
Total Public Safety		4,126,293		4,249,454		4,040,963	-	(208,491)
,		.,,		.,,, ., .		.,		(===):==
PUBLIC WORKS Public Works		915,633		890,967		890,967		
Town properties				1,027,990				- (17,470)
• •		1,061,512				1,010,520		
Road improvements Building Committee		433,500		398,518		398,517		(1) (1,200)
Sanitation		1,224		1,200		944,929		(1,200)
Total Public Works		948,753 3,360,622		946,150				
Total Public Works		3,300,022		3,264,825		3,244,933		(19,892)
COMMUNITY SERVICES								
Senior Services		238,481		234,707		209,501		(25,206)
Elderly Commission		510		500		75		(425)
Social Services		125,925		114,920		102,749		(12,171)
Libraries		278,460		283,360		283,360		-
Park and Recreation		286,762		289,057		260,599		(28,458)
Historical Commission		510		500		<u> </u>		(500)
Total Community Services		930,648		923,044		856,284		(66,760)
	· <u> </u>	_	_	_	_	_	(0	Continued)

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS - GENERAL FUND (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Budgeted	Amo	unts			ariance With inal Budget
	Original		Final	Actual	0	ver (Under)
EDUCATION	\$ 23,919,000	\$	23,919,000	\$ 23,401,867	\$	(517,133)
DEBT SERVICE	1,040,428		988,103	984,538		(3,565)
CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT	997,221		1,517,327	 1,517,327		-
EMPLOYEE BENEFITS	3,601,562		3,120,436	 3,035,431		(85,005)
CONTINGENCY	 51,000		-	 -		-
Total expenditures	 40,184,897		40,153,018	 39,136,835		(1,016,183)
OTHER FINANCING USES						
Transfers out:						
Dog Fund	-		35,973	35,973		-
Youth Service Bureau Fund	-		29,836	29,836		-
OPEB Fund	-		45,000	45,000		-
Heart & Hypertension Fund	-		37,642	37,642		-
Storm Emergency Fund	-		33,428	33,428		-
Total other financing uses	-		181,879	181,879		-
Total expenditures and other financing uses	\$ 40,184,897	\$	40,334,897	\$ 39,318,714	\$	(1,016,183) (Concluded)

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES

BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS - EDUCATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final								
	Original	Final	Actual	Over (Under)					
EDUCATION									
Salaries									
Administration	\$ 454,344	\$ 487,694	\$ 487,694	\$ -					
Building administration	838,726	807,747	807,748	1					
Certified personnel	9,533,586	9,667,301	9,854,083	186,782					
Substitutes	46,503	46,503	48,022	1,519					
Home bound	23,554	23,554	12,496	(11,058)					
Tutors	374,349	361,097	366,516	5,419					
Stipends	127,842	127,842	123,697	(4,145)					
Summer school	113,519	133,805	133,965	160					
Adult education/enrichment	39,146	37,244	37,244	-					
Clerical	1,054,621	998,638	993,452	(5,186)					
Teacher's aides	770,612	911,970	1,315,908	403,938					
Nurses	282,729	282,729	279,667	(3,062)					
Custodial	730,103	684,103	695,738	11,635					
Support services	284,299	244,277	240,733	(3,544)					
Total salaries	14,673,933	14,814,504	15,396,963	582,459					
Employee Benefits									
Retirement and social security	1,214,667	1,214,667	1,136,824	(77,843)					
Health insurance	2,138,554	2,261,604	2,017,093	(244,511)					
Workmen's compensation and									
travel insurance	150,392	180,452	168,341	(12,111)					
Total employee benefits	3,503,613	3,656,723	3,322,258	(334,465)					
Purchased Services									
Public transportation	1,750,959	1,673,671	1,459,990	(213,681)					
Tuition	1,965,529	1,940,529	1,022,905	(917,624)					
Other professional services									
Public utilities	798,459	712,859	746,861	34,002					
	165,760	165,760	213,697	47,937					
Cleaning/repairing/maintenance	315,160	231,230	167,712	(63,518)					
Liability insurance	53,572	53,572	3,438	(50,134)					
Property insurance	133,576	133,576	120,049	(13,527)					
Travel, conferences and other	10.010	20.240	16710	(0.570)					
transportation	19,319	20,319	16,749	(3,570)					
Communications	59,492	43,434	37,009	(6,425)					
Printing/binding	18,821	18,821	12,303	(6,518)					
Dues and fees	44,146	38,741	41,213	2,472					
Total purchased services	5,324,793	5,032,512	3,841,926	(1,190,586)					
Supplies									
Instructional	95,324	95,719	145,888	50,169					
Custodial/maintenance	52,418	52,418	81,584	29,166					
Heat and energy	138,886	138,886	183,106	44,220					
Equipment	33,372	31,372	26,483	(4,889)					
Other supplies	31,661	31,866	32,149	283					
Textbooks	<u> </u>		12,155	12,155					
Total supplies	351,661	350,261	481,365	131,104					
Other									
COVID related	-	-	54,355	54,355					
Food service	65,000	65,000	305,000	240,000					
Total other	65,000	65,000	359,355	294,355					
Total education	\$ 23,919,000	\$ 23,919,000	\$ 23,401,867	\$ (517,133)					
		=							

SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAXES LEVIED, COLLECTED AND OUTSTANDING FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Grand	Balance		C	ifiil o	- •		Transfers To						Balance Uncollected				
List	Uncollected		Current	 Lawful Co						То Ве			erest and			_	
Year	June 30, 2019	<u> </u>	Levy	 dditions	D	eductions	S	uspense		Collected	 Taxes	Li	en Fees		Total	Jun	e 30, 2020
2018	\$ -	Ş	\$ 33,062,845	\$ 121,327	\$	143,096	\$	10,376	\$	33,030,700	\$ 32,636,360	\$	137,750	\$	32,774,110	\$	394,340
2017	393,535	5	-	18,148		23,894		7,212		380,577	253,440		69,345		322,785		127,137
2016	121,008	3	-	8,760		9,323		3,761		116,684	51,860		23,145		75,005		64,824
2015	66,158	3	-	-		7,209		3,650		55,299	14,094		10,509		24,603		41,205
2014	39,258	3	-	-		7,136		945		31,177	7,564		6,651		14,215		23,613
2013	55,946	5	-	-		17,113		2,098		36,735	16,378		15,825		32,203		20,357
2012	72,893	3	-	-		17,036		1,365		54,492	16,362		18,849		35,211		38,130
2011	69,021	L	-	-		26,914		1,741		40,366	25,183		32,089		57,272		15,183
2010	66,881	L	-	291		26,532		2,470		38,170	24,984		35,911		60,895		13,186
2009	60,688	3	-	-		26,158		9,885		24,645	23,591		38,426		62,017		1,054
2008	45,570)	-	-		23,673		-		21,897	21,315		38,599		59,914		582
2007	43,275	5	-	-		22,764		-		20,511	20,496		40,673		61,169		15
	\$ 1,034,233	3 \$	33,062,845	\$ 148,526	\$	350,848	\$	43,503	\$	33,851,253	\$ 33,111,627	\$	467,772	\$	33,579,399	\$	739,626

SCHEDULE OF DEBT LIMITATION CONNECTICUT GENERAL STATUTES, SECTION 7-374(b) AS OF JUNE 30, 2020

Total cash collections for the year ended June 30, 2020:					
Taxes	\$ 33,111,627				
Interest and lien fees	467,772				
Wharehouse Point Fire District					
(taxes, interest and liens)	658,437				
Total	34,237,836				
Reimbursement for revenue loss:					
Tax relief (CGS 12-129d)	7,401				
Base	\$ 34,245,237				
	General Purposes	Schools	Sewers	Urban Renewal	Pension Deficit
Debt limitation:	T di poses	36110013	<u>Jewers</u>	Kenewai	Dentit
2-1/4 times base	\$ 77,051,783	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
4-1/2 times base	-	154,103,567	-	-	-
3-3/4 times base	_	-	128,419,639	-	_
3-1/4 times base	_	-		111,297,020	_
3 times base	-	-	-	,,	102,735,711
	77.054.702	154 102 567	120 410 620	111 207 020	
Total debt limitation	77,051,783	154,103,567	128,419,639	111,297,020	102,735,711
Indebtedness:					
Bonds payable	2,788,550	4,021,450	-	-	-
Notes payable	=	-	3,238,791	-	-
Authorized but not issued	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			
	2,788,550	4,021,450	3,238,791	-	-
Less: sewer assessments receivable	-	-	(152,139)	-	-
Less: grant reimbursements		(816,395) *			
Total indebtedness	2,788,550	3,205,055	3,086,652		
Debt limitation in excess of outstanding					
and authorized debt	\$ 74,263,233	\$ 150,898,512	\$ 125,332,987	\$ 111,297,020	\$ 102,735,711
Total capacity of borrowing (7 times base)	\$ 239,716,659				
Total present indebtedness	9,080,257				
Margin for additional borrowing	\$ 230,636,402				

^{*} Includes State of Connecticut school construction progress payments estimated to be 57.86% of eligible project costs.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AS OF JUNE 30, 2020

								Nonmaj	or S	pecial Reven	ue F	unds						
	P	ark and		Police				Sewer		Sewer		Sewer		Drug				
	Re	ecreation	Pr	ivate Duty		Dog		Operating	A	ssessment		Capital	F	orfeiture	Sn	nall Cities	Yout	h Services
	P	rograms		Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund
ASSETS																		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,516,431	\$	956,171	\$	163,453	\$	76,948	\$	1,288	\$	-
Receivables:																		
Assessments and user charges		-		-		-		89,936		152,139		-		-		-		-
Grants and contracts		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Other		-		35,305		-		-		-		-		-		37,817		-
Due from other funds		194,460		78,394		3,434		-		-		-		-		-		36,732
Inventories		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total assets	\$	194,460	\$	113,699	\$	3,434	\$	2,606,367	\$	1,108,310	\$	163,453	\$	76,948	\$	39,105	\$	36,732
LIABILITIES																		
Accounts payable	\$	1,275	\$	-	\$	78	\$	78,479	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Salaries and benefits payable		-		1,249		764		20,302		-		-		-		-		11,185
Due to other funds		-		-		-		730,376		-		-		28,554		-		-
Unearned revenue		-		1,042		-		116,657		-		-		-		-		-
Total liabilities		1,275		2,291		842		945,814		-		-		28,554		-		11,185
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES																		
Unavailable revenue		-		-		-		89,936		152,139		-		-		-		-
FUND BALANCES																		
Nonspendable:																		
Inventories		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_
Restricted		_		_		_		-		_		_		_		39,105		_
Committed to:																,		
Capital purposes		_		_		_		_		-		163,453		_		_		_
Other purposes		193,185		111,408		2,592		1,570,617		956,171		-		48,394		_		25,547
Unassigned		-		-		-,		-		-		_		-		_		
Total fund balances		193,185		111,408		2,592		1,570,617		956,171		163,453		48,394		39,105		25,547
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of		,		, , , , ,		,		,,		,		,		-,		,		-,-
resources and fund balances	Ś	194,460	\$	113,699	\$	3,434	Ś	2,606,367	\$	1,108,310	Ś	163,453	\$	76,948	Ś	39,105	\$	36,732
		,	<u> </u>		_	-,		,,		,,_	<u> </u>			,0	_	,		22,.32

(Continued)

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Concluded) AS OF JUNE 30, 2020

							8.1		.l.B	F d							Per	onmajor manent		
		cellaneous onations Fund	Mi	Miscellaneous Grants Fund		Senior Center Fund	Non	major Specia Casino Impact Fund	Ed	venue Funds lucational Grants Fund		School Cafeteria Fund	R	Family esource nter Fund		Subtotal	Ce	Fund emetery Trust Fund		otal Nonmajor overnmental Funds
ASSETS																				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	472,274	\$	69,591	\$	4,256,156	\$	5,213	\$	4,261,369
Receivables:					-				-		-	,		·			•	·	-	
Assessments and user charges		-		-		-		-		-		_		-		242,075		-		242,075
Grants and contracts		-		120,495		-		-		401,894		45,355		-		567,744		-		567,744
Other		-		-		-		43,508		-		_		-		116,630		-		116,630
Due from other funds		217,123		213,351		13,920		-		-		-		-		757,414		-		757,414
Inventories		-		-		-		-		-		3,461		-		3,461		-		3,461
Total assets	\$	217,123	\$	333,846	\$	13,920	\$	43,508	\$	401,894	\$	521,090	\$	69,591	_	5,943,480	\$	5,213	\$	5,948,693
LIABILITIES																				
Accounts payable	Ś	4,450	\$		Ś		Ś		\$		Ś		Ś	7,121	\$	91,403	\$		\$	01 402
Salaries and benefits payable	Ş	4,430	Ş	-	Ş	-	Ş	-	Ş	-	Ş	-	Ş	7,121	Ş	•	Ş	-	Ş	91,403
Due to other funds		-		-		-		42 500		101 469		257 907				33,500		-		33,500
Unearned revenue		-		306,011		-		43,508 -		101,468 300,426		357,807		27,636 -		1,289,349 724,136		-		1,289,349 724,136
Total liabilities		4,450								401,894								-		
Total liabilities		4,450		306,011				43,508		401,894		357,807		34,757	_	2,138,388				2,138,388
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES																				
Unavailable revenue		-				-		-		-				-		242,075				242,075
FUND BALANCES																				
Nonspendable:																				
Inventories		_		_		_		_		_		3,461		_		3,461		_		3,461
Restricted		212,673		_		_		_		_		5,401		_		251,778		5,213		256,991
Committed to:		212,073														231,770		3,213		230,331
Capital purposes		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		163,453		_		163,453
Other purposes		_		27,835		13,920		_		_		159,822		34,834		3,144,325		_		3,144,325
Unassigned		_		-				_		_		-		-		-		_		-
Total fund balances		212,673		27,835		13,920				_		163,283		34,834		3,563,017		5,213		3,568,230
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of				27,000		10,520						103,203		3 1,034		5,505,017		3,213		3,303,230
resources and fund balances	Ś	217,123	Ś	333,846	Ś	13,920	Ś	43,508	Ś	401,894	Ś	521,090	\$	69,591	Ś	5,943,480	\$	5,213	\$	5,948,693
resources and rand balances				333,070		10,020		15,550		101,007		321,030		03,331		5,5 15, 150	_	3,213	<u> </u>	(Concluded)

(Concluded)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Park and Police Sewer Sewer Drug															
	Re	ark and ecreation rograms	Pr	Police ivate Duty Fund	Dog Fund			Sewer perating Fund	As	Sewer sessment Fund		Sewer Capital Fund		Drug orfeiture Fund	all Cities Fund	 th Services Fund
REVENUES																
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 11,757
Charges for goods and services		117,219		172,747		6,962		2,047,305		157,058		-		-	-	-
Interest income		-		-		-		31,823		11,858		1,309		840	14	-
Other		121		-		1,033		5		-		-		-	-	 -
Total revenues		117,340		172,747		7,995		2,079,133		168,916		1,309		840	 14	 11,757
EXPENDITURES																
Current:																
General government		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	-	-
Public safety		-		158,425		43,477		-		-		-		23,819	-	-
Public works		-		-		-		1,778,705		-		-		-	-	-
Community services		93,364		-		-		-		-		-		-	-	26,824
Education		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	-	-
Capital outlays		-		-		-		248,008		-		-		-	-	-
Total expenditures		93,364		158,425		43,477		2,026,713		-		-		23,819	 	26,824
Excess (deficiency) of revenues																
over expenditures		23,976		14,322		(35,482)		52,420		168,916		1,309		(22,979)	14	(15,067)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)																
Transfers in		-		-		35,973		200,000		-		-		-	-	29,836
Transfers out		-		(70,000)		-		-		(200,000)		-		-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		(70,000)		35,973		200,000		(200,000)		-		-	-	 29,836
Net change in fund balances		23,976		(55,678)		491		252,420		(31,084)		1,309		(22,979)	14	14,769
Fund balances - beginning		169,209		167,086		2,101		1,318,197		987,255		162,144		71,373	 39,091	10,778
Fund balances - ending	\$	193,185	\$	111,408	\$	2,592	\$	1,570,617	\$	956,171	\$	163,453	\$	48,394	\$ 39,105	\$ 25,547

(Continued)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Concluded) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

									Nonmajor Permanent	
					al Revenue Fund				Fund	
		Miscellaneous	Senior	Casino	Educational	School	Family		Cemetery	Total Nonmajor
	Donations	Grants	Center	Impact -	Grants	Cafeteria	Resource		Trust	Governmental
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Center Fund	Subtotal	Fund	Funds
REVENUES		4			4 0000000	4 050 005	4 .000			
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ 649,123	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,070,879	\$ 358,895	\$ 101,530	\$ 3,192,184	\$ -	\$ 3,192,184
Charges for goods and services	-	-	5,776	-	-	122,631	185,291	2,814,989	-	2,814,989
Interest income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	45,844	79	45,923
Other	34,922		570	43,508		. <u> </u>		80,159		80,159
Total revenues	34,922	649,123	6,346	43,508	2,070,879	481,526	286,821	6,133,176	79	6,133,255
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
General government	10,145	140,151	-	6,111	-	-	-	156,407	-	156,407
Public safety	1,261	22,742	-	-	-	-	-	249,724	-	249,724
Public works	-	473,190	-	-	-	-	-	2,251,895	-	2,251,895
Community services	10,950	10,870	6,595	-	-	-	-	148,603	-	148,603
Education	-	-	-	-	2,070,879	665,948	337,112	3,073,939	-	3,073,939
Capital outlays	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	248,008	-	248,008
Total expenditures	22,356	646,953	6,595	6,111	2,070,879	665,948	337,112	6,128,576	-	6,128,576
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over expenditures	12,566	2,170	(249)	37,397	-	(184,422)	(50,291)	4,600	79	4,679
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	-	350,000	-	615,809	-	615,809
Transfers out			-	(37,397)				(307,397)		(307,397)
Total other financing sources (uses)			-	(37,397)		350,000		308,412		308,412
Net change in fund balances	12,566	2,170	(249)	-	-	165,578	(50,291)	313,012	79	313,091
Fund balances - beginning	200,107	25,665	14,169			(2,295)	85,125	3,250,005	5,134	3,255,139
Fund balances - ending	\$ 212,673	\$ 27,835	\$ 13,920	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 163,283	\$ 34,834	\$ 3,563,017	\$ 5,213	\$ 3,568,230

(Concluded)

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION AND OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS TRUST FUNDS AS OF JUNE 30, 2020

	Pensior Trust Fund		Other Post- Employment Benefits Trust Fund		Total
ASSETS	<u>-</u>				
Cash and cash equivalents Investments:	\$	1,193,507	\$	37,005	\$ 1,230,512
Mutual funds		26,708,740		1,314,786	28,023,526
Fixed income securities		1,852,067		-	1,852,067
Receivables		-		45,000	45,000
Total assets		29,754,314		1,396,791	31,151,105
LIABILITIES					
Payables		27,030		4,692	 31,722
Total liabilities		27,030		4,692	31,722
NET POSITION					
Restricted for pension and other post-employment benefits	\$	29,727,284	\$	1,392,099	\$ 31,119,383

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION AND OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS TRUST FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Pension Trust Fund		Trust		Trust Benefits		nployment Benefits	Total		
ADDITIONS	-					_				
Contributions:										
Employer	\$	1,344,995	\$	124,572	\$	1,469,567				
Plan members		301,760		-		301,760				
Total contributions		1,646,755		124,572		1,771,327				
Investment earnings:										
Interest and dividends		525,599		26,407		552,006				
Net increase in the fair										
value of investments, net of fees		1,213,435		46,432		1,259,867				
Total investment earnings		1,739,034		72,839		1,811,873				
Total additions		3,385,789		197,411		3,583,200				
DEDUCTIONS										
Benefit payments		1,590,834		-		1,590,834				
Administrative expenses		31,551		26,713		58,264				
Total deductions		1,622,385		26,713		1,649,098				
Change in net position		1,763,404		170,698		1,934,102				
Net position - beginning		27,963,880		1,221,401		29,185,281				
Net position - ending	\$	29,727,284	\$	1,392,099	\$	31,119,383				

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS AS OF JUNE 30, 2020

	Student Activities Fund	Performance Bonds Fund		Total Agency Funds	
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 137,596	\$	-	\$	137,596
Receivables	-		348,959		348,959
Total assets	\$ 137,596	\$	348,959	\$	486,555
LIABILITIES					
Due to student groups	\$ 137,596	\$	-	\$	137,596
Due to others	-		348,959		348,959
Total liabilities	\$ 137,596	\$	348,959	\$	486,555

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		Balance, ly 1, 2019	A	dditions	D	eletions		Balance, e 30, 2020
Student Activities Fund								
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	111,606	\$	152,809	\$	126,819	\$	137,596
Liabilities								
Due to student groups	\$	111,606	\$	152,809	\$	126,819	\$	137,596
Performance Bonds Fund								
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	162,050	\$	-	\$	162,050	\$	_
Receivables		396,659		16,800		64,500		348,959
Total assets	\$	558,709	\$	16,800	\$	226,550	\$	348,959
Liabilities								
Due to others	\$	558,709	\$	16,800	\$	226,550	\$	348,959
Tatal All Assum Funds								
Total All Agency Funds Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	273,656	\$	152,809	\$	288,869	\$	137,596
Receivables	٦	396,659	Ą	16,800	ڔ	64,500	ڔ	348,959
Total assets	\$	670,315	\$	169,609	\$	353,369	\$	486,555
Liabilities								
Due to student groups	\$	111,606	\$	152,809	\$	126,819	\$	137,596
Due to others		558,709		16,800		226,550		348,959
Total liabilities	\$	670,315	\$	169,609	\$	353,369	\$	486,555

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)
JUNE 30, 2020

I. Amounts of the gross and the net taxable Grand List (October 1, 2019):

Gross Taxable Grand List
 Net Taxable Grand List
 967,311,443

II. Ten largest taxpayers on the October 1, 2019 Grand List, with taxable valuation:

		% of Net Taxable		
	Net Assessment	Grand List		
1 Eversource	\$ 22,627,330	2.3%		
2 The Mansions at Canyon Ridge	21,793,330	2.3%		
3 Walmart Stores East, LP	18,066,180	1.9%		
4 Southern Auto Sales, Inc.	15,361,650	1.6%		
5 Millpond Limited Partnership	14,224,040	1.5%		
6 East Windsor Properties Ltd Partnership	9,772,210	1.0%		
7 Wynwood Apartments Connecticut Led Ptnr	8,640,270	0.9%		
8 Connecticut Water Company	7,503,160	0.8%		
9 EQC Industrial Properties, LLC	7,000,000	0.7%		
10 Prospect Hill Properties Ltd Partnership	5,311,400	0.5%		
	\$ 130,299,570	11.1%		

III. Percentage of the annual property tax levy uncollected as of the close of the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020:

	,	Adjusted	Uncol	lected Taxes	% Uncollected Taxes	
		Levy		e 30, 2020	June 30, 2020	
October 1, 2018 Grand List	\$	33,030,700	\$	394,340	1.2%	

IV. Calculation of debt as of the close of the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020:

Long-Term Debt:	
General obligation bonds payable	\$ 6,810,000
Notes payable	 3,238,793
Total Direct Debt	 10,048,793
Less:	
Special assessments receivable (sewers)	 (152,139)
Net Direct Debt	9,896,654
Overlapping and Underlying Debt	 _
Total Overall Net Debt	\$ 9,896,654

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED) (Concluded) JUNE 30, 2020

V. Debt per Capita

Population Estimate (as of July 1, 2019):*	11,668
Total Direct Debt Per Capita	\$ 1,042
Total Net Direct Debt Per Capita	991
Total Overall Net Debt Per Capita	991

^{* -} Population estimate obtained from State of Connecticut Department of Public Health website.

VI. Ratio of Debt to Net Taxable Grand List

Net Taxable Grand List	\$ 967,311,443
Total Direct Debt to Net Taxable Grand List	1.26%
Total Overall Net Debt to Net Taxable Grand List	1.19%